AL ADWAA
Gem







Theme 1 I discover myself

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Revision on language

زمن المضارع البسيط The Present Simple Tense

We use the present simple to talk about habits, routines, and things we do every day. نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتحدث عن العادات والروتين والأشياء التي نقوم بها كل يوم.

Affirmative sentence:

الحملة المثبتة:

... مصدر الفعل (inf.) + اسم جمع ,T, We, You, They

. ... + s/es/ies + (inf.) + s/es/ies



They play football on Fridays.

هم يلعبون كرة القدم أيام الجمع.



He buys food at the supermarket.

هو يشتري الطعام من السوير ماركت.







معظم الأقعال يضاف لها (s): معظم الأقعال يضاف لها (s): She drinks milk in the morning.





الأفعال المنتهية بـ (ss , sh, ch, o, x) يضاف لها (es): My mom washes the dishes every day.

، أمى تغسل الأطباق كل يوم.





الأفعال المنتهية بحرف (٤) يسبقه حرف ساكن, يتم حذف الـ (٤) ويضاف للفعـل (ies):

🥶 He studies English in the evening.

هو يذاكر اللغة الإنجليزية في المساء.

الجملة المنفية: :Negative sentence

(I, We, You, They, اسم جمع + don't + (inf.) اسم جمع المعالى ا

مصدر الفعل (He, She, It, اسم مفرد + doesn't + (inf.)



I don't like ice cream.

أنا لا أحب الآيس كريم.

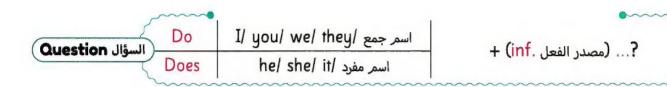


She doesn't play basketball.

هي لا تلعب كرة السلة،

Yes/No question:

السؤال بـ (هل):





A: Do the farmers grow the food?

هل يزرع المزارعون الطعام؟

B: Yes, they do.

عمر ،



Wh- question: السؤال باستخدام كلمة الاستفهام:

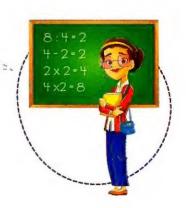
			••••
{ Question word	do	اسم جمع /I/ you/ we/ they	(inf) 3
كلمة الاستفهام	does	he/ she/ it/ اسم مفرد	+ (inf. مصدر الفعل ? (مصدر الفعل)

A: What does she do?

ماذا تعمل؟

B: She is a teacher. She teaches math.

هي معلمة، هي تدرس رياضيات،

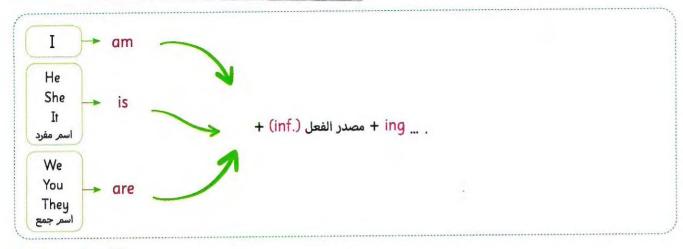


زمن المضارع المستمر The Present Continuous Tense

We use the present continuous tense to express an action which is happening right now:

نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن فعل يحدث الآن:

Affirmative sentence: الجملة المثبتة:



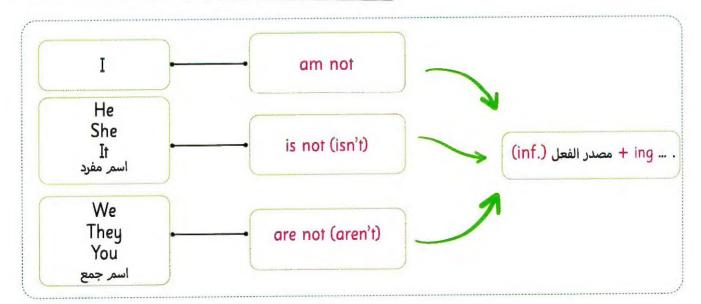


I'm listening to music.

أنا أستمع إلى الموسيقي.

Negative sentence:

الحملة المنفية:





I am not playing football.

أنا لا ألعب كرة القدم.

Yes/No question:

السؤال بـ (هل):

السؤال Question	اسم مفرد /he/ she/ it
Are	you/ we/ they/ اسم جمع



subject (الفاعل)

is / are. isn't / aren't.

A: Is she singing?

B: Yes, she is.

هل هي تغني؟



Wh- question: السؤال باستخدام كلمة الاستفهام:

Question word كلمة الاستفهام

am/ is/ are

subject (الفاعل)

+ (inf. مصدر الفعل + ing) ...?

A: What are you doing?

B: I'm drawing a cat.

ماذا تفعلين؟

أنا أرسم قطة.



The Past Simple Tense الماضى اليسط

We use the past simple tense to express actions that started and ended in the past.

يستخدم زمن الماضى البسيط للتعبير عن الأحداث التي بدأت وانتهت في الماضي.

الجملة المثبتة: : Affirmative sentence

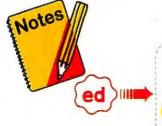
1. Regular Verbs:

الأفعال المنتظمة:



I visited my grandma yesterday.

زرت جدتي بالأمس.



· We add "ed" at the end of most regular verbs.

- يضاف "ed" في نهاية معظم الأفعال المنتظمة.





help helped

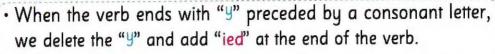
· When the verb ends with "e", we add only "d" at the end of the verb.

- عندما ينتهي الفعل بـ "e" نضيف فقط "d" في نهاية الفعل.



👊 die











2. Irregular Verbs:

الأفعال غير المنتظمة:

. ... التصريف الثاني للفعل + (الفاعل) Subject

Pre	sent	Past	Prese	nt	Past
come	يأتي	came	eat	يأكل	ate
go	يذهب	went	know	يعرف	knew
meet	يقابل	met	see	یری	saw
take	يأخذ	took	tell	يخبر	told
set	يعد/ يجهز	set	put	يضع	put

Negative sentence:

الحملة المنفية:

Subject + didn't + (inf.) مصدر الفعل

🚑 I didn't go to the park yesterday. ،أنا لم أذهب للحديقة بالأمس



Yes/No question:

السؤال بـ (هل):

A: Did + subject + (inf. مصدر الفعل) ...?

B: Yes,

B: No.

subject

did.

didn't.



A: Did you travel all over Egypt? إمان مصر؟ هل سافرت في جميع أنحاء مصر؟

B: Yes, I did.



A: Did you eat vegetables yesterday? إمل أكلت خضراوات أمس؟

B: No, I didn't.

Wh- question: السؤال باستخدام كلمة الاستفهام:

A: Question word

did

subject

?... (مصدر الفعل .inf.)

.... التصريف الثاني للفعل + (الفاعل) B: Subject



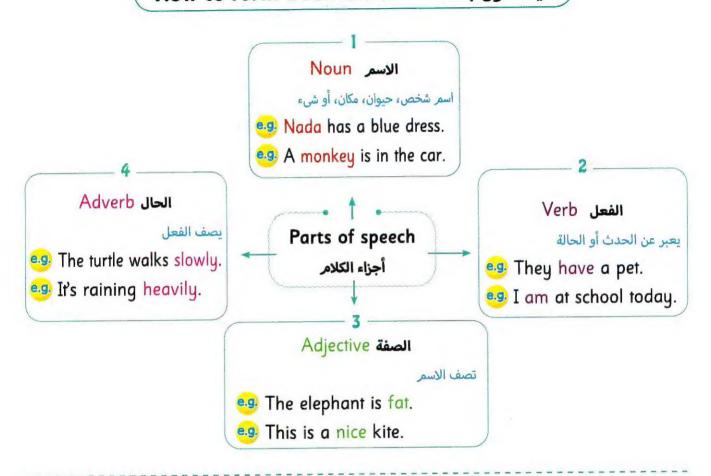
A: When did it rain?

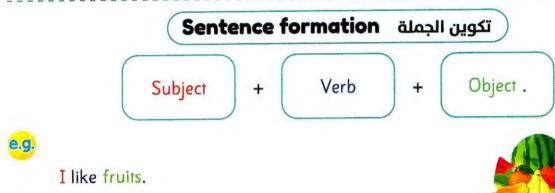
B: It rained yesterday.

متى أمطرت؟ أمطرت أمس،

How to form a sentence

كيف تكون جملة





The children read funny stories.

Mona is watching TV.

We went home at 2 o'clock.



Wh- questions



ما / ماذا (للسؤال عن غير العاقل) ?... What

- A: What is your favorite color?
- B: Red is my favorite color.



أين (للسؤال عن المكان) ?... Where

- A: Where do you live?
- B: I live in Cairo.



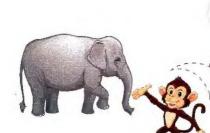
متى (للسؤال عن الوقت) ?... When

- A: When do you go to school?
- B: I go to school at 7 am.



لماذا (للسؤال عن السبب) ?...

- A: Why do you exercise?
- B: Because I want to be fit.



أى (للتخيير) ?... Which

- A: Which animal is the biggest?
- B: The elephant is the biggest animal.



من (للسؤال عن الأشخاص) ?... Who

A: Who gives you a present?

B: My mom gives me a present.



كيف (للسؤال عن الحال ووسيلة المواصلات) ?...

A: How do you go to school?

B: I go to school by bus.



كم المدة (للسؤال عن المدة) ?... How long

A: How long do you study English?

B: I study English for two hours every day.



كم العمر (للسؤال عن العمر) ?... How old

A: How old are you?

B: I'm ten years old.



للسؤال عن السعر (كم السعر) ?... How much

A: How much is this dress?

B: It's 100 pounds.

Punctuation marks



في بداية الجملة (الخبرية/ الأمرية)/ السؤال / أيام الأسبوع / الشهور / الضمير (١) في أي مكان

بالحملة / اللعبات / الحبسبات / أسماء الأشخاص / البليدان / الأماكين الشهيرة.

- 1. Ahmed is from Egypt.
- 2. I am Egyptian and I speak Arabic.
- 3. Today is Monday.
- 4. I visited the Egyptian Museum in August.



🥶 I eat breakfast every day.

في بهاية الحيلة،



علامة الاستفهام

🚧 What is your name?

في نهاله السوال.



نضع علامة التعجب (١) في نهاية العبارات او الجمل التي تعبر عن الترحيب او التعجب او الشعور الفوي.

😅 Hello! / Look! / Listen! / I'm excited!



Apostrophe الفاصلة العليا

💖 1. Kareem's bag is blue.

توضع قبل ١ السلامة،

2. I'm a girl.

توضع في الاختصارات.



Comma الفاصلة السفلي جدم القاصية سياما كيت قالما بالأساء أرا بجارات

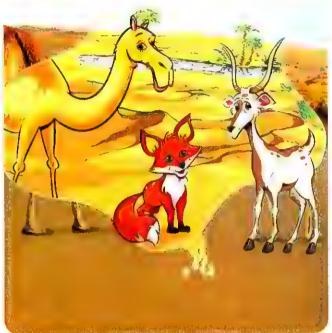
🚭 I like chicken, pizza, and burger.



l discover myself أنا أكتشف نذسي













Unit Overview

Student's Book Exercises



Al-Azhar



Answers 100%



By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:

• بنهاية هذه الوحدة، سيكون التلميذ قادرًا على أن:

· listen, read, research, and write about foods and how to keep healthy.

يستمع، يقرأ، يبحث، ويكتب عن الطعام وكيفية البقاء بصحة جيدة.

- practice making sentences with "and" or "but".
- بتدرب على استخدام «و» و «لكن».

· read and listen to a Chinese fable.

- يقرأ ويستمع إلى قصة أسطورية صينية.

distinguish long and short vowels.

- يميز بين أصوات الحروف المتحركة الممدودة والقصيرة.

talk about a place in Egypt.

- يتحدث عن مكان في مصر.

research and make a presentation.

- يبحث ويقوم بعمل عرص تقديمي،

Did you know?

In Japan, you can buy a watermelon that looks like a pyramid, but you can't find it in Egypt.

I can find it out!

 People grow many different fruits in Egypt, like bananas, watermelons, dates, figs, and pomegranates.



Lessen 1 Food and Drink



Main vocabulary



Let's say it right!

- ا لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (chicken) ينطقان /1∫/ (تش) كما في (chicken).
- لاحظ أن حرف الـ (c) ينطق /5/ (س) إذا أتى بعده (e i y) كما في (rice).
 - العصط أن حرفي الــ (SU) ينطقان U/ (شو) كما في (sugarcane).

Extra vocabulary

ready (adj.)	جاهز	special (adj.)	خاص/مميز	country	دولة
farmers	مزارعون	meal	وجبة	breakfast	وجبة الفطار
lunch	وجبة الغداء	dinner	وجبة العشاء	healthier (adj.)	أكثر صحة
vegetables	خضراوات				

تصريف الأمعال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
look	يبدو	looked	raise	يربي (للماشية)	raised
produce	بنتج	produced		, ,	
	Irregular verbs	·	1	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
make	يصنع/يعمل	made	come	يأتى	came
grow	يزرع/ينمو	grew	eat	ِ يأكل	ate

Expressions and Phrases

It looks delicious!	يبدو شهيًّا!	That's right.	هذا صحيح.	What else?	ماذا أيضًا؟
Let's eat!	هيا نأكل!	Yum!	لذيذ/شهي!	have a meal	يتناول وجبة

Vocabulary check

"Raising" is for animals such as chickens, goats, and cows. "Growing" is for plants such as rice, tomatoes, and onions.



I can find it out!

Farmers in Egypt raise other animals like goats, sheep, cows, and donkeys.

المزارعون في مصر يربون حيوانات أخرى مثل الماعز والأغنام والأبقار والحمير.



Check point

Choose the correct answer:

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

- 1 Farmers (grow raise make produce) chickens in Egypt.
- We (raise grow think look) rice in Egypt.
- 3 I like fruits. I like (mangoes rice onions potatoes).
- 4 I eat chicken and rice for (dinner breakfast lunch snack).



Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Lunch is ready. I made some special food for us.

الغداء جاهز، قمت بإعداد بعض الطعام الخاص لنا.

Mom, it looks delicious!

أمي، إنه يبدو شهيًّا!





Which food comes from our country, do you think?

أي طعام يأتي من بلادنا في اعتقادك؟

I think we grow rice in Egypt.

أعتقد أننا نزرع الأرز في مصر.





Mom Yes, that's right. What else?

نعم، هذا صحيح، وماذا أيضًا؟

Hmmm, I think we raise chickens in Egypt.

ممممر، أعتقد أننا نربي الدجاج في مصر،





Mom Yes, and tomatoes and onions. Egyptian farmers produce many things you see on this table. Let's eat!

> نعمر، وطماطم وبصلًا. المزارعون المصريون ينتجون الكثير من الطعام الموجود على تلك الطاولة، هيا نأكل!



Yum!

لذيذ!





Lesson 1



• Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

	Listen and write (True) or (False):		استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):	4
	1 Hana and her mom made dinner.		()
	2 They cooked some special food.		()
	3 They cooked rice, potatoes, and chickens.		(.)
	4 They had tea and cookies after lunch.	ŧ	()
	Read and complete the text with the worlaws:	rds ir ت المسا	ا the box: اقرأ وأكمل النص باستخدام الكلماد	3
	raise — chickens — donke	ey – g	row	
	Egyptian farmers are very important to us. The	ey pro	oduce many things for us.	They
	can(1)rice, potatoes, onions, and sugarce	ane. F	armers in Egypt also2)
	many animals such as; goats, sheep, cows and	chick	ens. We can get meat and	l eggs
	from(3)	uits a	re very delicious.	
	Read and match (A) with (B):	;	اقرأ وصل العمود (أ) <mark>بالعمود (ب):</mark>	4
	A 1 We raise	a. () many foods in Egypt.	
	2 Egyptian farmers produce	b. () some special food for	us.
9	3 A: Which food comes from our	c. () chickens in Egypt.	
	country?	d. () Yes, that's right.	
	4 Í made	e. () B: We grow rice in Eg	ypt.

Read the text and	answer the	questions





Many foods come from Egypt. Egypt is famous for growing rice. We produce vegetables like onions, potatoes, and tomatoes. Egypt produces fruits like mangoes, bananas, and watermelons. Farmers are very important. They grow many things we eat every day. Egyptian food is delicious. Egyptian farmers can also raise animals on their farms. They raise chickens, goats, sheep, and cows. We can get eggs and meat from chickens.

Choose the	correct word	from a, b,	c, or d
------------	--------------	------------	---------

- - a) potatoes
 - b) mangoes c) onions
- d) rice
- 2 The pronoun "They" refers to
 - a) Egyptian doctors

- b) Egyptian engineers
- c) Egyptian farmers
- d) Egyptian vets

Answer the following questions:

- 3 What kinds of fruit does Egypt produce?
- 4 What animals do Egyptian farmers raise?

Reorder the words to make correct sentences: اعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكون جملًا صحيحة:



- 1 things produces Egypt many.
- 2 chickens Egypt We in raise.

3 food – comes – our – country – Which – from?

Punctuate the following:

ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:



i made special food for us



Lesson 2





I am Healthy



Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

Main vocabulary

healthy (adj.)	صحى	unhealthy (adj.)	غير صحى
cola	مياه غازية	candy	حلوی

Extra vocabulary

different (adj.)	مختلف	awesome (adj.)	رائع	milkshake	ميلك شيك (مشروب لبن مخفوق)
busy (adj.)	مشغول	wheelchair	كرسى متحرك	desert	صحراء
scientist	عالم	salads	سلاطات		

Conjugation of verbs الأضعال

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمية	· ·
Present), p 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Past	Present		Past
walk	یمشی '	walked	practice	يتدرب	practiced
play	يلعب	played			
	Irregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
eat	يأكل	ate	make	يصنع	made
drink	يشرب	drank	go	يذهب	went

Expressions and Phrases

do sports	يلعب رياضة	go walking	يتمشى
look at	ينظر إلى	one a week	مرة في الأسبوع

Listening script page 6 58



Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Interviewer

Do you think you're healthy, Judy?

هل تعتقدين أنك بصحة جيدة يا جودي؟



Judy

Yes, I do. I do a lot of sports at school. On the weekend, I walk to my grandma's house with my family. I really like walking because I can talk to my mom and dad. We can see the different houses and shops. I don't eat candy, but I like fruit. My favorite fruits are bananas and watermelon. My mom makes an awesome banana milkshake!

نعم أنا كذلك. أمارس الكثير من الرياضة في المدرسة، في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع، أمشى إلى منزل جدني مع عائلتي. أحب المشي حقًّا لأنني أستطيع التحدث إلى أمي وأبي. يمكننا أن نرى المنازل والمحلات التجاريـة المختلفـة. أنـا لا آكل الحلـوي، لكنـي أحـب الفاكهـة. فاكهتـي المفضلـة هـي المـوز والبطيخ. أمي تصنع ميلك شيك موز رائعًا!



Interviewer

Do you think you're healthy, Adam?

هل تعتقد أنك بصحة حيدة يا آدم؟



Yes, I'm in a wheelchair basketball team at school. We practice three times every week. I drink cola, but I want to drink more water. I don't play video games because I'm very busy. I play basketball in the park.

نعم، أنا عضو في فريق كرة السلة على كرسي متحرك في المدرسة. نتدرب ثلاث مرات كل أسبوع. أنا أشرب الكولا، لكني أريد أن أشرب المزيد من الماء. أنا لا ألعب ألعاب الفيديو لأنني مشغول للغاية. ألعب كرة السلة في الحديقة.



Interviewer

Do you think you're healthy, Dareen?

هل تعتقدين أنك بصحة جيدة يا دارين؟



Dareen

Yes, I think I'm healthy. My mom and I go walking in the desert with my dad. Dad is a scientist and he likes looking at animals and plants. We go with him every weekend. It's very interesting, but it's very hot sometimes! I only drink water because I don't like cola. I love burgers, but I only eat one a week. My mom makes yummy salads.

نعم، أعتقد أنني بصحة جيدة. أنا وأمي نسير في الصحراء مع والـدي. أبي عالـم ويحب النظر إلى الحيوانات والنباتات، نذهب معه في عطلة كل أسبوع. الأمر ممتع للغاية، لكن الطقس حار جدًّا في بعض الأحيان! أنا أشرب الماء فقط لأنني لا أحب الكولا. أنا أُحب البرجر، لكني آكله مرة واحدة فقط في الأسبوع. أمي تصنع سلطات لذيذة،



الروابط Conjunctions

تستخدم الروابط لريط الكلمات والجمل ببعض،

and

We use "and" to join two similar ideas together.

نستخدم «و» للربط بين فكرتين متشابهتين.



I eat vegetables and I exercise.

أنا آكل الخضراوات وأتدرب.

but

We use "but" to join two contrasting ideas.

ل نستخدم «لكن» للربط بين فكرتين متناقضتين.



I want to play football, but my leg hurts.

أريد أن ألعب كرة القدم، لكن ساقى تؤلمني.

We use "so" to join two sentences to show a result.

نستخدم «لذلك» لنربط بين جملتين لتوضيح النتيجة.

e.g. She feels tired (a situation), so she goes to bed (a result).

We use the comma "," before (but) to connect two sentences.

نستخدم الفاصلة «, » قبل (but) لربط جملتين.

eg I drink cola, but I want to drink more water.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

- 1 It's a very interesting place, (but and so because) it's very hot sometimes. SB
- 2 I love playing video games, (but and so to) I only play them on Saturday. SB
- 3 I love healthy food. I like fruits (so and but in) vegetables.
- 4 He likes sports, he practices basketball, (and so but that) he walks home every day.



I play basketball in the park.

Lesson 2



■ Remembering ■ Understanding ■ Applying ■ Analyzing ■ Evaluating ■ Creating

)	Li	sten and writ	te (True) or (Fal	se):	(صح) أو (خطأ) <mark>:</mark>	استمع واكتب	4
		ī	Amr doesn't	like sports.			()
		2	He walks to	his grandma's h	nouse every weekend	•	()
		3	Amr likes to	eat candy.			()
		4	His favorite	fruits are apples	s and bananas.		()
6	3	C	hoose the cor	rect answer fro	m a, b, c, or d:	صحيحة:	اختر الإجابة ال	4
1		1	I like playing	j tennis,	I can't play it	well.		
•			a) because	b) but	c) so	d) to		
		2	Nada loves	fruits and vegete	ables. She is	, «>4		
			a) healthy	b) scary	c) tired	d) unheal	thy	
1)	3	I eat healthy	food,	I exercise.		(Mid-year Ex	ams)
			a) but	b) and	c) because	d) so		
1		4	I think I'm h	ealthy. I like to .	baskett	pall.		
			a) play	b) eat	c) drink	d) go		
6)	R	ead and com	plete the text	with the words in t	:he box: ص باستخدام الكل	اقرأ وأكمل الن	3
				busy – bu	it – basketball – differe	ent		
		Μį	y name is Ali. :	I think I'm health	ny. I'm in a wheelchai	r(1)	. team at sch	ool.
	,	We	e practice three	e times every we	eek. I drink cola,	(2) I wa	nt to drink n	nore
		wa	nter. I don't ea	t candy. I don't	play video games be	cause I'm ver	y(3)	

Read and match (A) with (B):	اقرأ وصل العمود (أ) بالعمود (ب):
A 1 I drink water 2 I'm healthy. 3 My favorite fruits are 4 I'm in a wheelchair basketball team at school.	 a. () I do a lot of sports. b. () We practice three times every week. c. () and I exercise. d. () eating candy. e. () bananas and watermelon.
Reorder the words to make correct sentence $ 1 \text{vegetables} - \text{and} - \underline{I} - \text{exercise} - \text{eat} - \underline{I}. $	أعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكون جملًا صحيحة: 6
2 basketball – at – plays – <u>Adam</u> – park –	the.
3 think — you — <u>Do</u> — healthy, — you're — So	alma?
Punctuate the following:	ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى:

I like playing tennis but I can't play it well



Lesson 3







Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

		Main Voca	bulary		
folktale	قصة شعبية	emperor	إمبراطوز	palace	قصر
competition	مسابقة	gardener	جنايني	honest (adj.)	صادق/ أمين

		Extra voca	ibulary		
empty (adj.)	فارغ	pot	وعاء	China	الصين
important (adj.)	هام	the next	القادم	dead (adj.)	میٹ

العريـف الأفعـال Regular verbs الفعــال منتظمـة Regular verbs الفعــال منتظمـة Present Past Present

Present Past Present Past Iive الاحداد الاحدا

give يعطى grow يعطى grew say يفوز said win يفوز won

emperor is someone who is like a king

emperor is someone who is like a king هو شخص مثل الملك palace is where an emperor lives المكان الذي يعيش به الإمبراطور is someone who doesn't lie هو شخص لا يكذب is someone who doesn't lie عندما يحاول شخص ما أن يفوز

		Expression	s and Phi	rases	
long ago	منذ زمن بعيد	one day	ذات يوم	look after	یعتنی بــ

The Empty Pot: A folktale from China



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

The beginning

Cheng lived long ago in China. The most important man in China was the emperor. He lived in a beautiful palace.

The middle

One day the emperor said, "There will be a competition. I will give a seed to each gardener. The one who can grow the most beautiful plant from the seed will be the next⁽¹⁾ emperor." "Take the pot and the seed. Plant it," says the emperor. "Make it grow into a beautiful plant. Then bring⁽²⁾ the plant back to me." Cheng was very good at growing things and looking after his garden. He put the seed in the sun and gave it water. But nothing happened. Cheng tried for weeks but no plant grew. The other gardeners had plants that grew.

	U
(1)	القادم
(2)	يحضر

The end

At the palace, all the gardeners have beautiful plants. "Where (3) is your plant?" the emperor asks Cheng. "I worked very hard. I watered it every day," says Cheng. "But it didn't grow." "Then you win!" says the emperor. "The seeds I gave everyone were dead. The seeds cannot grow. Only you are good and honest. So you will be the next emperor!"



(3)

The moral of the story

Honesty is more important than winning.

الأمانة (الصدق) أكثر أهمية من الفوز.

Check point

Where did Cheng live?

2 Why did Cheng win the competition?

عاش تشنغ منذ فترة طويلة في الصين، كان أهم رجل في الصين هو الإمبراطور. كان يعيش في قصر جميل.
 دات يوم قال الإمبراطور: «ستكون هناك منافسة. سأعطى بذرة لكل بستان، الشخص الذي يمكنه زراعة أحمل نبات من البذرة سيكون هو الإمبراطور القادم.» «خذ القدر والبذرة وازرعها»، «يقول الإمبراطور: «اجعله ينمو نباتًا جميلًا، ثم أحضر النبات لي». كان تشنغ جيدًا جدًّا في زراعة الأشياء والعناية بحديقته. وضع البذرة في الشمس وأعطاها الماء. ولكن لم يحدث شيء، حاول تشنغ بأسبابيع ولكن لم ينمر أي نبات. كان الستانيون الاحرون لديهم نباتات هميلًا، «أين نبتتك؟» سأل الإمبراطور تشنغ، «لقد عملت بجد». يقول تشينج: «كنت أسقيها كل يوم». «لكنها لم تنمرًا» «إذًا أنت تكسب!»
 ق القصر، جميع البستانيين لديهم نباتات جميلة . «أين نبتك؟» سأل الإمبراطور تشنغ، «لقد عملت بجد». يقول تشينج: «كنت أسقيها كل يوم». «لكنها لم تنمرًا» «إذًا أنت تكسب!»

يقول الإمبراطور، «البذور التي أعطيتها للجميع ميتة، البذور لا يمكن أنّ تنمو، أنت فقط جيد وصادق. لذلك ستكون الإمبراطور القادم.»



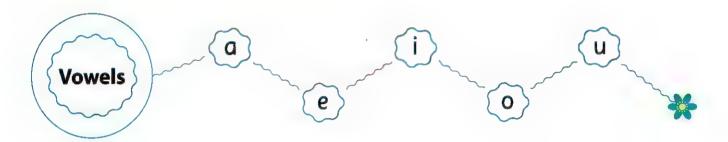
A) Short and long vowels:



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

- There are five vowels in English.



Short vowels

Short vowels are vowel sounds that are pronounced in a short form. When vowels are used alone (with no other vowel) in a syllable, they make a short vowel sound.

الحروف المتحركة القصيرة هي أصوات متحركة يتم نطقها في شكل قصير. عندما يتم استخدام حروف متحركة وحدها (مع عدم وجود حرف متحرك آخر) في مقطع لفظي، فإنها تصدر صوتًا متحركًا قصيرًا.



Long vowels

When a word ends with the letter 'e', the first vowel makes a long sound.

عندما تنتهى الكلمة بالحرف «e»، فإن الحرف المتحرك الأول يصدر صوتًا طويلًا.



B) The prefix "re":



Look, read, and notice:

انظر، اقرأ ولاحظ؛

The prefix "re" means again.

المقطع (البادئة) "re" معناها مجددًا.

re + painted = repainted



- 1 \sqcap He painted his house again.
 - He repainted his house.



- 2 He cleaned his bike again.
 - He recleaned his bike.



- 3 The chef made rice again.
 - The chef remade rice.



- 4 $\ \ \ \$ She did her homework again.
 - She redid her homework.





Comparing large digits: Ascending order

مقارنة الأرقام الكبيرة: ترتيب تصاعدي



Look and say:

انظر وقل:

Large numbers mean numbers more than 1000.

الأرقام الكبيرة هي الأرقام الأكبر من ١٠٠٠

Step (1):

Say 5 hundred

Step (2):

Say the number 44

544,432

Step (4):

Say the number 432

Step (3):

Say thousand

Five hundred, forty-four thousand, and four hundred thirty-two



Ascending order means arranging numbers in a series that begins with the smallest and ends with the greatest.

الترتيب التصاعدي يعنى ترتيب الأرقام في مجموعة بداية من الأصغر إلى الأكبر.

e.g. Rearrange the numbers in ascending order:



I can find it out!

The numerical digits we use today 1, 2, and 3 are based on the Hindu-Arabic numeral system. This system was developed over 1000 years ago.

تستند الأرقام العددية التي نستخدمها اليوم ١ و ٢ و ٣ على نظام الترقيم الهندى العربي. تم تطوير هذا النظام منذ أكثر من ١٠٠٠ عام،

Lesson 3



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

(Listen and write (True) or (False):	استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):
	1 I read a story yesterday.	()
	2 The emperor lived in a small apartme	nt. ()
	3 The emperor said, "There will be a comp	etition to choose the next emperor." (
	4 He gave a flower to each gardener.	()
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, o	or d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:
	1 An emperor is someone who	
	a) is like a king b) grows food c) win	n competitions d) take care of seeds
	2 The emperor lived in a beautiful	A
	a) apartment b) palace c) far	rm d) garden
	3 The seeds I gave to everyone were de	ad. The seeds grow.
	a) can b) cannot c) is	d) are
	4 I worked very hard. I th	e seed every day, but it didn't grow.
	a) water b) watered c) wa	itering d) is watering
(Read and match (A) with (B):	اقرأ وصل العمود (أ) بالعمود (ب):
	A The most important man in	B a. () someone who doesn't lie.
Į	China was	b. () looking after his garden.
	2 "Honest" means	c. () The seeds can't grow.
	3 Cheng was very good at	d. () and give it water to grow.
	4 Put the seed in the sun	a () the emperor

. 1		
l lived – p	alace — The — emperor — a beautiful — in	•

be – nex	t - emperor - You - the - will.	

is – man	- the most - Who - China - important	– in?
	the following:	alia 9 as a s
	the following:	ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:
heng lived	in china.	
		II
<mark>/r</mark> ite a paragra	aph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the fo ر العناصر الآتية:	llowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخداد
<mark>/r</mark> ite a paragra	aph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the fol ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty"	lowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخدا
/ <mark>rite a para</mark> gra	ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty" telling the truth	lowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخدا
/ <mark>rite a para</mark> gra	ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty"	lowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخدا
/rite a paragra	ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty" telling the truth	llowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخدا
/rite a paragra	ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty" telling the truth	llowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخدا
rite a paragra	ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty" telling the truth	lowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخدا
Vrite a paragra	ر العناصر الآتية: "Honesty" telling the truth	lowing guiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 24 کلمة باستخداد



Lessons 4&5



Writing



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Food from Damietta

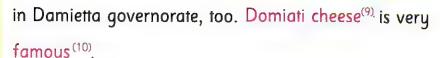
The land (1) in Damietta governorate (2) is rich (3) in nutrients(4).

The farmers can grow rice, tomatoes, potatoes, wheat⁽⁵⁾, lemons, grapes, and guavas⁽⁶⁾.

Fishermen⁽⁷⁾ catch ⁽⁸⁾

thousands of fish in the sea.

Cows, goats, and sheep live



2 What is Damietta famous for?

About one and a half million people live in this part of Egypt.

Life is good in Damietta!



	Ü
(1)	أرض
(2)	محافظة دمياط
(3)	غنی بـ
(4)	مواد غذائيـة
(5)	قمح
(6)	جوافة
(7)	صيادو سمك
(8)	يصطاد سمكًا
(9)	الجبنة الدمياطي
(10)	مشهور

Check point

what can farmers grow in Damiella:

TYTICH IS DUTILLIA TUTIOUS TOT:



Lessons 4&5



Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

In	Listen	and	write	(True)	or ((False)	:
177	Listell	and	AALICE	(IIIde)	O1 1	(1 4134)	•

استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):

The land in Damietta governorate is rich in nutrients.	
--	--

2 The farmers grow only rice.

Fishermen catch thousands of fish in the sea.

4 Life is bad in Damietta!

Read and match (A) with (B):

اقرأ وصل العمود (أ) بالعمود (ب):



Damietta is famous...

2 The animals you see ...

3 The farmers grow...

4 About 1.5 million Egyptians...

- a. () live in Damietta governorate.
 - b. () tomatoes, potatoes, wheat, lemons, and quavas.
 -) for Domiati cheese.
 - d. () rich in nutrients.
 -) in Damietta are quats, cows, and sheep.

Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة:



My name is Ali. Today I have a lesson about Damietta governorate. The land in Damietta governorate is rich in nutrients. The farmers can grow rice, tomatoes, potatoes, wheat, lemons, grapes, and guavas. Fishermen catch thousands of fish in the sea. Cows, goats, and sheep live in Damietta governorate, too. Domiati cheese is very famous. About one and a half million people live in this part of Egypt. Life is good in Damietta!

Choose the correct word from a, b, c, or d:

The general idea of the text is about ".....".

b) Domiati cheese a) Fish in the sea

c) Damietta governorate d) Equpt

2 catch thousands of fish in the sea.

a) Farmers b) Ali

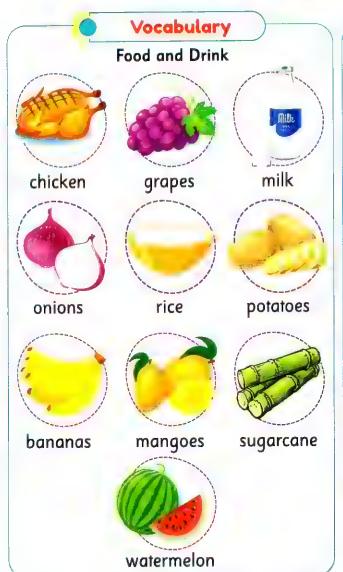
c) Fishermen

d) Teachers

	An	swer the foll	lowing questi	ons:		
	3	How many pe	eople live in this	part of Egypt	?	
	4 .	Summarize th	e passage in tw	o sentences.		********
Re	eord	er the words t	to make correct	sentences:	يّيب الكلمات لتكون جملًا صحيحة:	أعدة
1	cate	ch – fish – of	- Fishermen -	- thousands.		
2	che	ese — famous	s – very – <mark>Dom</mark> i	<u>ati</u> — is.		**********
3	Dai	mietta — good	l — is — in — <u>Life</u>	<u></u>		
Pi	uncl	tuate the foll	lowing:		ملامات الترقيم للآتى:	ضع :
TI	ne fa	irmers can gro	ow rice, tomato	es potatoes, a	nd guavas	
••••		***************************************				
Wı	rite a	paragraph of abo	out TWENTY FOUR (ne following guiding elemer فقرة من (24) كلمة باستخدام	
Wi	rite a	paragraph of abo				
Wi	rite a	. • V	" My g What is your go	العناصر الآتية: "overnorate <mark>vernorate</mark>	فقرة من (24) كلمة باستخدام 	
Wi	rite a	. • V	"Му д	العناصر الآتية: "overnorate <mark>vernorate</mark>	فقرة من (24) كلمة باستخدام 	
Wi	rite a	. • V	" My g What is your go	العناصر الآتية: "overnorate <mark>vernorate</mark>	فقرة من (24) كلمة باستخدام 	

Unit 1

REVIEW



Language Focus

and We use "and" to join two similar ideas together.



I eat vegetables and I exercise.

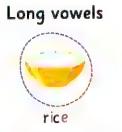
but We use "but" to join two contrasting ideas.



I want to play football, but I hurt my leg.

Short vowels mix







m om



nit 1 CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



Lesson 1			
	لحم دجاج		بطاطس
	عنب		موز
	لبن		مانجو
	بصل		قصب السكر
	وجبة الغداء	·	بطيخ

Lesson 2			
	صحى	***************************************	غير صحى
	حلوی		كولا
	یمشی	***************************************	يلعب
	يشرب		صحراء

Lesson 3			
	قصر	1-111-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	إمبراطور
	مسابقة	***************************************	جئاينى
	قصة شعبية	***************************************	صادق/ أمين
	الصين		وعاء

WRITING TIME



How to write about food in your country:

- I live in + (اسمر بلدك)
- (اسم المحاصيل التي تزرع في بلدك) + We grow
- Farmers produce +

(اسم محاصيل أخرى تقومون بزراعتها)

"Food in your country" (Farmers - produce)

I live in Egypt. We grow many different food in Egypt. We grow rice, potatoes, onions, tomatoes, and many other things. Farmers raise chickens, cows, and goats and many other animals to get eggs and meat.

How to be healthy:

- (فعل صحى تقوم بعمله) + I •
- I eat + أكل صحى
- I don't like + شيء غير صحي

"How to be healthy"

(exercise - cola)

I think I'm healthy. I do a lot of sports. On the weekend, I walk to my grandma's house. I don't eat candy, but I like fruit. My favorite fruits are bananas and watermelon.

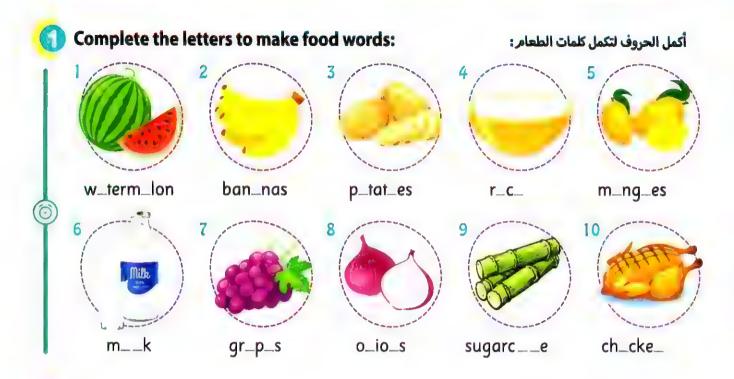
Writing about your governorate:

- اسم المحافظة + I live in
- Farmers + grow + اسمر المحصول
- My governorate is famous
 for + اسم شيء مشهور بالمحافظة

"Damietta governorate" (grow – cheese)

I live in Damietta governorate. The farmers in Damietta can grow rice, tomatoes, potatoes, wheat, lemons, grapes, and guavas. Cows, goats, and sheep live in Damietta governorate, too. Domiati cheese is very famous.

STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER



Circle the correct meaning:

a) win

ضع دائرة حول المعنى الصحيح:

1	An emperor is someone who is like a	
	a) king	b) farmer
2	A palace is where an em	peror
	a) travels	b) lives
3	Someone who is honest	
	a) does not lie	b) lies
4	In a competition someon	e tries to

- اقرأ وأكمل الجمل بـ «و» أو «لكن»: " "Read and complete the sentences with "and" or "but": اقرأ وأكمل الجمل بـ «و»
 - I I don't eat candy, I eat fruit when I want something sweet.

b) lose

- 2 I don't drink cola other unhealthy drinks.
- 3 I play basketball I play football in the park.
- 4 Dad is a scientisthe likes looking at animals and plants.
- 5 It's a very interesting place,it's very hot sometimes!

Test yourselt

UNIT 1





1 Listen and write (True) or (False):	استمع واكتب (صح) أو (خطأ):					
1 Talia is healthy.	()					
2 She plays video games.	()					
3 On the weekend, she walks to her grand	ma's house.					
4 She doesn't like walking. Reading						
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or o	اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:					
1 Farmers in my country chie	ckens and cows.					
a) plant b) grow c) raise	d) drink					
 2 I like chocolatecandy. a) but b) so c) and 3 My favorite fruits are bananas and 	d) because					
a) onions b) chickens c) potat						
4 I watered the seed every day,	it didn't grow. It was dead.					
a) and b) because c) but	d) so					
Read and complete the text with the words in the box: اقرأ وأكمل النص باستخدام الكلمات المساعدة:						
raise - farmers - grow - vegetables						
My name is Omar. I'm nine years old. I live in a	small village in Egypt. The(1)(1)					
in my village grow different kinds of(2)	like potatoes, onions, and carrots.					
They also(3) animals like goats, co	ws, and chickens to get meat or eggs.					
I love my village.						
Read and match (A) with (B):	اقرأ وصل العمود (أ) بالعمود (ب):					
A 1 "Honest" means	a. () grow sugarcane. (Mid-year Exams)					
	b. () someone who doesn't lie.					
2 Domiati cheese is famous	c. () some special food for us.					
	(Mid-year Exams) d. () in Damietta.					
3 My mom made	(Mid-year Exams)					
	e. () I don't eat candy.					
(4 I like healthy food.	(Mid-year Exams)					

Read the text and answer the questions:	اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة:
Alexandria is a big city in Egypt. It is in the north of million people live in this part of Egypt. I visit Alexan summer. We go by bus. When we go to Alexandria, I brothers and sisters. Alexandria is famous for its amazi Library. Tourists like to visit Alexandria governorate.	Egypt on the sea. About 5 odria with my family in the swim on the beach with my
Choose the correct word from a, b, c, or d:	
The text is about	
a) Damietta b) Cairo c) Alexand	
 I visit Alexandria with my family in the a) summer b) winter c) fall 	In .
	d) spring
Answer the following questions: Where is Alexandria?	
4 How many people live in Alexandria?	***************************************
Writing	
No.	أعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكون جملًا ص
raise - Farmers - in - chickens - Egypt.	(Mid-year Exams)
2 next - will - emperor - You - be - the.	
3 do - farmers - What - grow - Damietta - in?	(Mid-year Exams)
Punctuate the following:	ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:
We grow cotton in egypt	(Mid-year Exams)
"My governorate"	he following guiding کتب فقرة من (۲٤) کلمة مستخ
produce – farmers	
	,







6	المحة: Listen and choose the correct answer:	استمع واختر الإجابة الصحي
Į	1 We should a lot of sports. (make – do – eat)	
Î	2 You should drink more	b)
6	Read and complete the dialogue:	اقرأ وأكمل المحادثة:
	water - healthy - sports	
	Ali : Do you think you're, Aser?	
	Aser: Yes, I do. I do a lot of at school.	
	Alí : I think it's important to do sports.	
	Aser: Yes, it's also important to drink a lot of	•
•	3 Rearrange the following sentences:	أعد ترتيب الجمل الآتية:
	1 salads — My — makes — mom.	
	2 Ali — bike — his — recleaned.	
0,	3 produce — in Egypt — What — food — do — we?	
	4 long — in — China — ago — lived — <u>Cheng</u> .	



Desert animals الحيوانات الصحراوية



By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:

- listen, read, research, and write about desert animals.
- practice making comparisons.
- · listen to a short story.
- learn about the difference between the /p/ and /b/ sounds.
- describe two animals.
- write a fact file.
- research and make a poster.

• ينهايه هذه الوحده، سيكون البلميد فادرًا على أن:

- يستمع، يقرأ، يبحث، ويكتب عن حيوانات الصحراء،

- يتدرب على عمل المقاربات،

يستمع إلى فصة قصيرة،

- يتعلم الفرق بين صوتي الـ /p/ و الـ /b/.

ا يصف حواليل.

ىكتب منف حفائق.

- ببحث ويضمم ملصقا,

The Sahara Desert covers large parts of ten countries in Africa. It is very big, but Antarctica is bigger!

The Sahara Desert is a desert on the African continent with an area of 9,200,000 square kilometers,
it is the third-largest desert overall. Penguins, elephant seals, and killer whales are animals that live in
the Antarctica Desert while gazelles, sand foxes, and chameleons live in the Sahara Desert.



Lesson 1 **Animals in Egypt**





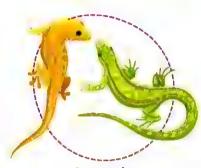
Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



birds طيور



lizards سحالي



insects حشرات



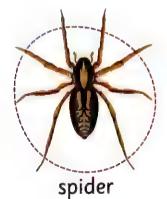
ثعلب الفنك



تمساح



ثعبان



عنكبوت



camel جمل

1-12

Extra vocabulary						
country	بلد	huge (adj.)	هاثل/ضخم	scary (adj.)	مخيف	
helpful (adj.)	مفید (مساعد)	farmers	فلاحون/مزارعون	dangerous (adj.)	خطير	
important (adj.)	هامر	small (adj.)	صغير الحجم	ugly (adj.)	قبيح	
cute (adj.)	لطيف					

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعهال منتظمة	ì
Present	_	Past	Present	***	Past
look	، ينظر	looked	live	يعيش	lived
like	بحي	liked	control	يتحكم	controlled
	Irregular verbs		·	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
think	يعتقد/يفكر	thought	eat	يأكل	ate

Expressions and Phrases

هذا حقیقی that's true ماذا عن ...؟ أنا أعتقد ... that's true



Let's say it right

♦ لاحظ أن حرف الـ (g) في (dangerous)/(huge) ينطق /dʒ/ (دچ).

لاحظ أن حرفى الــ (th) في (think) ينطقان (θ) (ث).

Vocabulary check

أضف المقطع ful لتكوين صفة من الفعل help.

متعاون / مساعد helpful = helpful

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 The (camel dolphin crocodile fish) lives in the desert.
- 2 The birds are very (scary ugly huge cute).
- 3 (Birds Lizards Fish Spiders) has many legs.
- 4 The (crocodiles camels foxes insects) are very small.







Listen, read, and role-play:



Look at all these animals that live in our country.

انظروا إلى كل هذه الحيوانات التي تعيش في بلدنا.



Look at the crocodile, it's huge!

انظروا إلى التمساح، إنه ضخم!





Huge and scary!

ضخم ومخيف!

Sara



I think the spider is scarier.

أنا أعتقد أن العتكبوت مخيف أكثر.





Yeah, but spiders are very helpful. They eat insects. Farmers like spiders.

نعم، ولكن العناكب مفيدة جدًّا؛ فهي تأكل الحشرات، يحب المزارعون العناكب،



OK, what about the snake and the crocodile? They're dangerous, aren't they?

حسنًا، ماذا عن الثعبان والتمساح؟ هما خطران، أليس كذلك؟





Yes, that's true, but they do a very important job. They eat insects, birds, and lizards. This controls the number of these small animals. We sometimes think some animals are scary or ugly, but they are all important.

بلى، هذا صحيح، ولكنهما يقومان بعمل مهم جدًّا. فهما يأكلان الحشرات، والطيور، والسحالى، وهذا يتحكم في أعداد الحيوانات المصغيرة، في بعض الأحيان نعتقد أن بعض الحيوانات مخيفة أو قبيحة، لكن كلها ذات أهمية.





Lesson 1



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

	Listen and write (True) or (False):	(4
	1 There aren't any animals in our country.	()
	2 The crocodile is huge and scary.	()
	3 Spiders are not scary.	()
	4 Farmers like spiders.	()
	Read and complete the text with the words in the box:	(-	3
	eat — important — do — controls		
	There are lots of animals live in our country. Sometimes we think sor	me anim	als
	are scary or ugly, but they are all(1) Snakes and crocodile	es are v	ery
	dangerous, but on the other hand, they do a very important job. They	(2)	
1	insects, birds, and lizards. This(3) the number of these small	ll anima	lc

Read and match (A) with (B):



- A Some animals are scary, ...
 - 2 Spiders are ...
 - 3 Look at the crocodile, ...
 - 4 Farmers like ...

- $\widehat{\mathbf{B}}$ a. () spiders.
 - b. () it's huge.
 - c. () very lazy.
 - d. () very helpful.
 - e. () but they are all important.



0

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



do – important –	Animals – job – a – very.	

2 think -I - the - scarier - is - spider.

3 about - and - What - the crocodile - snake - the?

(6) Punctuate the following:



Sara is researching about animals in egypt

6

Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements:



"Animals in Egypt"

..... spiders – dangerous





Lesson 2





حيوانات المحراء الزالعة معاسما Amazing Desert Animals

7111
ווול
~ "

Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

camel	جمل	horse	حصان
amazing (adj.)	مذهل	beautiful (adj.)	جميل
delicious (adj.)	لذيذ	perfect (adj.)	ممتاز/مثالي
large (adj.)	كبير الحجمر	flat (adj.)	مسطح
feet	أقدام	noisy (adj.)	

surprising (adj.)	مدهش	strong (adj.)	قوى
sand	رمال	special (adj.)	خاص
fresh water	مياه عذبة	grass	حشائش

تصريف الأفعال • Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	
Present	1	Past	Present		Past
carry	يحمل	carried	cross	يعبر	crossed
walk	يمشى	walked	stop	يتوقف	stopped

Expressions and Phrases

perfect for	مثالی لـ	Here's why	إليك السبب
for a long time	لفترة طويلة	Be careful!	کن حذرًا!
get angry	يغضب	look after	یعتیٰ ہے



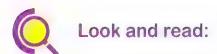
لاحظ أن حرفي الــ (ci) في (delicious) / (special) بنطقان / ʃ / (ش).



I can find it out: There are fats and water in the camel's hump that the camel uses when it is hungry or thirsty.

توجد دهون ومياه في سنام الجمل، يستخدمها عندما يشعر بالجوع أو العطش.





انظر واقرأ:

Camels are amazing! They're beautiful, strong animals. They help us to carry things and people to cross the desert. Their milk is delicious. We can use their fur⁽¹⁾ to make clothes⁽²⁾!

Camels are perfect for the desert. Here's why:

Camels have large, flat feet so they can walk on the sand.

Camels can live without (3) water

for a long time.

Camels have special ways to close

their noses and eyes to stop

the sand from coming in (4).

But be careful! Camels are very noisy and they can get angry.

الجمال حيوانات مذهلة! فهى جميلة وقوية؛ فهى تساعدنا فى حمل الأشياء والأشخاص لنعبر الصحراء، ألبانها لذيذة. يمكن أن نستخدم الفراء الخاصة بها فى صناعة الملابس!

الجمال مثالية للصحراء، وها هى الأسباب؛ أرجلها كبيرة ومسطحة حتى تستطيع السير على الرمال، تستطيع الجمال العيش بدون ماء لمدة طويلة، لدى الجمال طرق خاصة لغلق أنفها وأعينها لمنع الرمال من الوصول لعينها وأنفها، ولكن احذر! الجمال مزعجة جدًّا ويمكن أن تغضب.

	U
(1)	فر و
(2)	ملابس
(3)	يعيش بدون
(4)	الدخول



Check point

1	How	can	camels	help	us?
	FICTOR	Cull	cameis	Help	us:

2 How can we use camels' fur?



Look and read:

Differences between horses and camels

Points of comparison	Horse	Camel
How tall is it? كم يبلغ طوله؟	1.4 – 1.8 m	1.8 – 2.0 m
How heavy is it? کم وزنه؟	380 – 550 kg	400 – 650 kg
How fast is it? کم تبلغ سرعته؟	88 kph	65 kph
How long does it live? كم المدة التي يعيشها؟	25 — 30 years	40 years

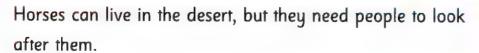
Horses have large, beautiful eyes.

تملك الأحصنة عيونًا كبيرة وجميلة.



Horses eat grass and drink fresh water.

تأكل الأحصنة العشب وتشرب المياه العذبة.



تستطيع الأحصنة العيش في الصحراء، ولكنهم يحتاجون الرعاية من الناس.





m = meter

متر

kg = kilogram

كيلوجرام

لاحظ الاختصارات:



Comparative Adjectives

Adjectives:

الصفات

- * تستخدم الصفة لوصف اسم،
- تأتى الصفة قبل الاسم أو بعد V. to be.

- e.g. She is a beautiful girl.
- e.g. Camels are amazing.

A) Short Adjectives:

الصفات القصيرة (مقطع واحد):

To make comparative adjectives, we add -er to the adjective + than.

لتكوين صفات المقارنة (من الصفات القصيرة)، نضيف er- للصفات + than.

eg: strong ——→ stronger

e.g. old — → older

.... + er) + than ...



The mouse is smaller than the elephant.

الفأر أصغر من الفيل،



Some adjectives have special rules:

a) Adjectives with 1 vowel and 1 consonant at the end, double the consonant when adding (er).

الصفات التي تنتهي بحرف ساكن مسبوق بحرف متحرك، قم بمضاعفة الحرف الساكن عند إضافة الـ (er).

thin ----- thinner

- e.g. The snake is thinner than the elephant.
- b) Adjectives that end in -y, cross out the letter "y" and add "ier".

الصفات التي تنتهي بحرف y -، احذف حرف «y» وضع «ier».

noisy ------- noisier

e.g. Parrots are noisier than spiders.

c) Adjectives that end in -e, add "r".

الصفات التي تنتهي بحرف e-، ضع "r"ـ

nice — → nicer

e.g. Is the new hotel nicer than the old hotel?

B) Long Adjectives (two or more syllables): الصفات الطويلة (مقطعان أو أكثر):

To make comparatives, long adjectives stay as they are, but we add "more" before the adjective.

لتكوين صفات المقارنة تبقى الصفات طويلة المقطع كما هي، لكن نضيف كلمة «أكثر» قبل الصفة.

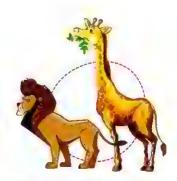
more/ less + long adjective + صفة طويلة + than ...

- eg beautiful -> more beautiful than
- es dangerous less dangerous than



Lions are more dangerous than giraffes.

الأسود أكثر خطرًا من الزرافات.



Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 The elephant is (big a big more bigger) than the ant.
- 2 The lion is (more less than the) dangerous than the giraffe.
- 3 The snake is thinner (than that then the) the monkey.
- 4 Camels are (tall tallest taller a tall) than horses.





Lesson 2



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

	L	isten and wr	ite (True) or (Fa	lse):		4
1	1	Camels are	perfect for the de	esert.		()
I	2	Camels can'	t walk on the sar	nd.		()
٩	3	They can't li	ve without water	for a long time.		()
ı	4	Camels have	e special ways to	close their eyes to sto	p the sand from	m coming in.
						()
(30	hoose the co	orrect answer fr	om a, b, c, or d:		4
Ī	1	The snake is	s thinner	the elephant.		
П		a) than	b) the	c) that	d) then	
1	2	A: How	is a ho	orse? B: It is about 45	9 kg.	
J		a) happy	b) tall	c) heavy	d) long	
7	3	Camels are	tha	n horses. They are a	bout 2 m.	
1		a) slower	b) faster	c) shorter	d) taller	
,	4	The crocodil	e is	. than the ant.		
ı		a) big	b) a big	c) bigger than	d) bigger	
(R	ead and com	plete the text v	vith the words in th	e box:	3
			ears – sr	maller — colors — fast		
	Co	its are nice, c	cute animals. The	ey aret	han horses. Th	ney are very
	fas	st too. Their .	(2) are	not very big. Cats ho	ave different	(3)
	So	me cats are b	lack and some co	ats are brown.		



Read and match (A) with (B):



- 1 Camels are ...
- 2 Horses eat ...
- 3 Camels can live without ...
- 4 A cat is smaller ...

-) grass.
-) small birds.
-) than an elephant.
-) perfect for the desert. d. (
-) water for a long time.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



- 1 large, eyes Horses beautiful have.
- 2 a fox than A snake more is dangerous.
- 3 long a How horse does live?



Punctuate the following:



camels are amazing









Lesson 3





Story



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



pelican بجعة



bear دں



paw قدم الحيوان



claws مخالب

Extra vocabulary

river	نهر	hungry (adj.)	جائع	juicy (adj.)	كثير العصارة
beak	منقار	surprised (adj.)	متفاجئ	angry (adj.)	غاضب
scared (adj.)	خائف	sadly	بحزن		

تصريف الأفعال • Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمة	
Presen	t	Past	Present		Past
look	ينظر	looked	reach	يصل	reached
lift	يرفع	lifted	open	يفتح	opened
turn	يتجه	turned	whisper	يهمس	whispered
1	Irregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	1
Presen	t	Past	Present		Past
see	یری	saw	say	يقول	said

Expressions and Phrases

look at ينظر إلى	فرة. Excuse me.	معا
------------------	-----------------	-----

The Pelican and the Bear



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

The beginning

A pelican and a bear are in the river. They are very hungry. They are both looking at a big, juicy fish. The bear reaches for the fish. It lifts its paw. The pelican opens its beak. It is ready to take the fish out of the water. The bear sees the pelican. The pelican sees the bear. "Excuse me" the pelican says, "that's my fish."



The middle

The bear is surprised and angry. "Pelican, look at my claws. Now look at my teeth."

That's my fish."The pelican looks scared. "I'm sorry, Bear," it says sadly.

The end

The bear is stronger than the pelican. The bear looks at the pelican. "How do you feel, pelican?" he asks. "I feel hungry," says Pelican.

"I'm bigger and stronger than you," says Bear.
"But I think you are hungrier than me. You can have the fish." "Thank you, Bear!" says Pelican.
"You are kinder than all the other bears!"



Check point

1 Which animal is hungrier?

SE

2 Which animal is kinder, the pelican or the bear?

SB

الترجمة:

ه بجعة ودب في النهر. إنهم جاثعون جدًّا، كلاهما ينظر إلى سمكة كبيرة وكثيرة العصارة.

• يصل الدب إلى السمكة. يرفع مخلبه. البجعة نفتح منقارها. إنها جاهزة لإحراج السمكة من الماء. يرى الدب البجعة. ترى البجعة الدب. قالت البجعة: "عفوًا، هذه سمكتى". الدب مندهش وغاضب. "أيتها البجعة، انظرى إلى مخالبي. انظرى الآن إلى أسناني. هذه هي سمكتي، البجعة تبدو خائقة، "أنا آسفة، أيها الدب"، تقولها بحزن.

• الدب أقوى من البجعة، ينظر الدب إلى البجعة، يسأل : "ما هو شعورك أيتها البجعة؟". تقول البجعة: "أُشعر بالجوع". يقول الدب: "أنا أكبر وأقوى منك". "لكنني أعتقد أنك أكثر جوعًا مني. أنت تستطيعين أخذ السمكة، "شكرًا لك، أيها الدب!" تقول البجعة. "أنت الطف من كل الدببة الأخرى!".

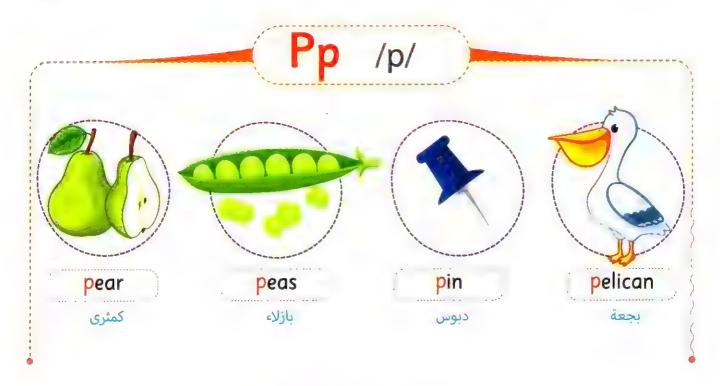


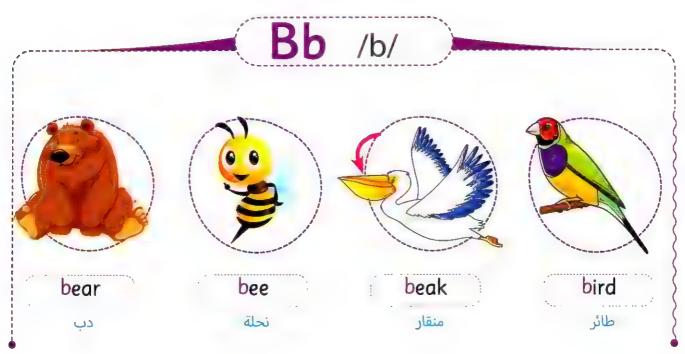




Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:









Look, read, and notice:

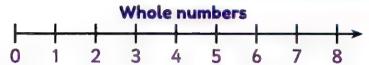
انظر، اقرأ ولاحظ:

Whole numbers:

الأعداد الصحيحة:

They are the set of natural numbers starting from zero.

الأعداد الصحيحة هي مجموعة الأعداد الطبيعية التي تبدأ من الصفر،



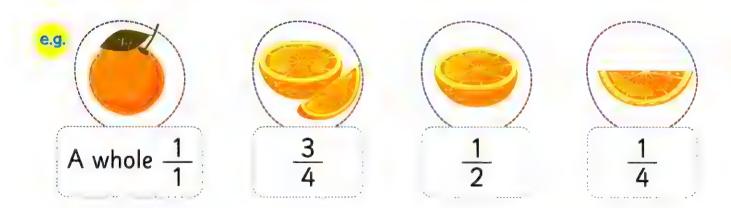
Fraction:

It is a number that describes a relationship between a part (represented by the numerator) and a whole (represented by the denominator).

الكسر يوضح العلاقة بين الجزء (ممثلًا في البسط) والكل (ممثلًا في المقام)،

Numerator
$$\longrightarrow 3$$

Denominator



Did you know?

We use fractions in everyday life. For example, here's a simple milkshake recipe: $\frac{1}{2}$ a glass of milk, $\frac{1}{4}$ cup of banana, $\frac{1}{4}$ cup of vanilla ice cream.



Lesson 3



Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

C	Li	sten and writ	e (True) or (False	e):		(-	4
Ī	1	Yesterday, I	watched a movie.			()
J	2	The story wo	s about camels.			()
Y	3	The pelican	and the bear were	in the river.		()
ı	4 The bear was stronger than the pelican.				()	
9	C	hoose the co	rrect answer fro	m a, b, c, or d:		(-	4
ı	1	The pelican l	nas a long	1408:1300:0000 4			
ı		a) beak	b) paw	c) hair	d) neck		
ı	2	The pelican a	nd the bear are in	the	They are looking at	t a big f	ish.
J.		a) desert	b) zoo	c) park	d) river		
ĩ	3	The pelican i	s th	an the bear.			
ı		a) hungry	b) hungriest	c) hungrier	d) hungrier tha	ın	
ŀ	4	The bear is	stronger	the pelican.			
		a) the	b) that	c) than	d) this		

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



A pelican and a bear are in the river. They are very hungry. They are(1).....(1).....(1).....

at a big, juicy fish. The bearfor the fish. It lifts its paw. The pelican stronger than the pelican.

reaches - looking - beak - paw









1 A pelican and a bear are hungry. ${\sf B}$



b. () it gives the fish to the pelican.



c. () its beak.

3 The bear is kind, ...

d. () They are both looking at a big, juicy fish.

4 The bear has strong...

e. () its paw.

(5) Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



1 surprised – and $\hat{-}$ The – is – bear – angry.



2 is - than - the pelican - bear - stronger - The.

3 a bear - and - are - A pelican - in - the river.



6 Punctuate the following:



where's my fish







Lessons 4 & 5 A) Writing





استمع وقل:

	I-jail voi	Subjection y		
rhim gazelle	غزال الريم	The Sahara Desert	الصحراء الكبرى	
horns	قرون الحيوان	fennec fox	ثعلب الفثك	
North Africa	شمال إفريقيا	really	قًا	

Extra vocabulary			
coat	فراء الحيوان	ears	آذان
insects	حشرات	mice	فئران
heat	حرارة	thick	سميك

تصريف الأفعال - Conjugation of verbs Regular verbs أفعـــال منتظمــة **Past** Present Present **Past** lived protect protected live يعيش يحمى weighed needed need weigh يحتاج يزن

	Expressions	and Phrases	
walk around	يتجول في الأرجاء	look for	يبحث عن

Animal Fact File



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Rhim gazele

Rhim gazelles look very beautiful. They live in the Sahara Desert, and they walk around looking for grass, leaves and plants to eat. They have big ears and long horns. They have yellow-white coats which protect them from the sun. Like camels, they don't need to drink a lot of water.

تبدو غزلان الريم جميلة للغاية، إنها تعيش في الصحراء الكبرى وتتجول في الأرجاء بحثًا عن العشب، وأوراق الشجر والنباتات لتأكلها. لديها آذان كبيرة وقرون طويلة. كما تغطيها طبقات بيضاء مائلة للاصفرار تحميها من أشعة الشمس. لا تحتاج لشرب الكثير من الماء مثل الجمال.



#How long is a rhim gazelle's horn طول قرن غزال الريم؟	20 - 30 cm کم پیلع د	20 - 30 سمر
How heavy is a rhim gazalla?	20 - 30 kg كمر يبلغ وز	20 - 30 كجم
How long does it live?	about 14 years کم المدة	حوالي 14 عامًا
What color is its coat? قات جلده؟	ما لون طب <mark>yellow-white</mark>	أبيض وأصفر

Check point

- I Where does rhim gazelle live?
- 2 What do rhim gazelles eat?







The fennec fox

The fennec fox lives in the deserts of North

Africa. It is smaller than other foxes. It is 20 centimeters high. It weighs around 1 kilogram. It is 30 - 40 centimeters long. Its ears are big, really big!

The fennec fox needs big ears to hear insects and small animals. The fennec fox eats insects, lizards, and small mice.

During the day, it is hot in the desert.

The fennec fox loses heat from its ears. At night, it is cold. The fennec fox's thick fur keeps it warm.



. يعيش ثعلب الفنك في صحراء شمال إفريقيا, إنه أصغر من الثعالب الأخرى، ببلغ ارتفاعه حوالي ٢٠ سم. ووزنه حوالي كبلو جرام. طوله من ٣٠ - ٤٠ سم. أذنه كبيرة، كبيرة حقًا!

- . يحتاج ثعلب الفنك إلى الأذن الكبيرة ليسمع الحشرات والحيوانات الصغيرة.
- . يأكل ثعلب الفنك الحشرات، السحالي والفئران الصغيرة. في خلال النهار يكون الجو حارًا في الصحراء. يفقد ثعلب الفنك الحرارة من أذنه، في المساء يكون الجو باردًا، فرو ثعلب الفنك السميك يبقيه دافئًا.

Check point

1	Where	does	the	fennec	fox	live?
---	-------	------	-----	--------	-----	-------

2 What does it eat?





Lessons 4 & 5



Remembering ◆ Understanding Applying ◆ Analyzing ● Evaluating ● Creating

d) desert

	Listen and write (True) or (False):	4
	1 The fennec fox lives in the river.	(
	2 It is bigger than other foxes.	(
1	3 It has big ears.	(
	4 It eats insects, lizards, and small mice.	. (
	Read and complete the text with the words in the box:	3
	leaves - Desert - paws - horns	
	Rhim gazelles look very beautiful. They live in the Sahara(1) walk around looking for grass,, and plants to eat. They and long	have big ear
	Read the text and answer the questions:	4
ì	The fennec fox is a small animal. It is smaller than other foxes. It live	s in the desert
	Its ears are very big. Those ears are helpful as they help the fe	nnec fox hea
	insects and small animals. During the day, it is hot in the desert. The	fox loses hea
	from its ears. At night, it is cold. The fox's thick fur keeps it warm.	
ı	مليمية 2022	حافظة المحبرة - إدارة رشيد الت
Ì	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	
	1 The underlined pronoun "It" refers to	
	a) fennec fox b) rhim gazelle c) dolphin	d) camel
	2 It lives in the	

b) sky

c) river

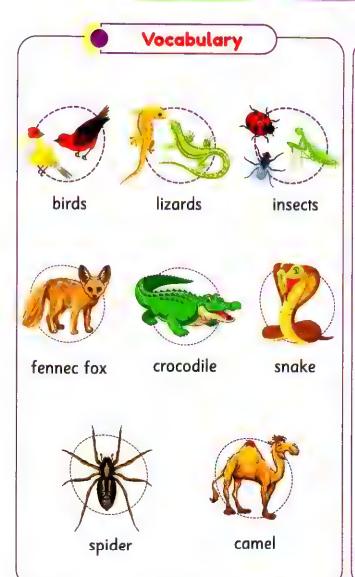


a) sea

	Answer the following questions:	
	3 How are the fennec fox's ears helpful?	
	4 What keeps the fennec fox warm?	,,,,,,,,,
O	Reorder the words to make correct sentences:	6
	1 rhim — is — <u>How</u> — gazelle — a — heavy?	
80	2 fur — warm — it — The fox's — keeps — thick.	
	3 gazelle — very — looks — Rhim — beautiful.	•••
(5)	Punctuate the following:	1
<u></u>	how heavy is rhim gazelle	************
6	Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements:	4
	"Rhim gazelles"	
1	desert - beautiful	
80		
\ \ \		



Mait REVIEW



Language Focus

I. Short adjectives:

To make comparative adjectives, we add – er to

the adjective + than.

short adjective + er + than



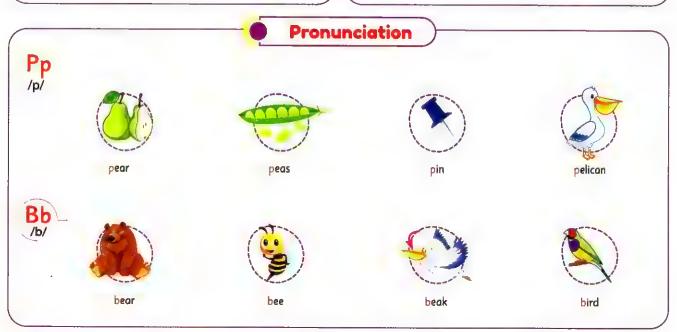
e.g. The mouse is smaller than the elephant.

2. Long adjectives:

To make comparatives, long adjectives stay as they are, but we add "more" before the adjective.



e.g. Lions are more dangerous than giraffes.





Unit 2 CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



Lesson 1		
	طيور	 ثعلب الفنك
	تمساح	 ثعبان
	عنكبوت	 جمل
	حشرات	 قبيح
	سحالي	 مخيف

Lesson 2			
	كبير الحجم	*******************************	مثالی
	لذيذ	***************************************	کن حذرًا
	جميل	***************************************	غاضب
	حصان	***************************************	رمال

Lesson 3			
	نهر		بازلاء
	كمثرى		يطير
	دبوس		نحلة
	دب		طائر
••••••	قدم الحيوان	***************************************	مخلب

WRITING TIME



How to compare between two animals:

- 1 Write one thing common between the two animals.
- 2 one animal + adj.+ er + than + other animal.

The camel and the horse

(perfect - taller)

Camels and horses are perfect for the desert. Camels are taller than horses. They are also slower than horses. Camels are noisier than horses and they can get angry.

How to write about an animal:

Answer these questions:

- 1 Where does it live?
- 2 What does it look like?
- 3 What's special about it?

The fennec fox

(desert - fur)

The fennec fox lives in the desert. Its ears are big to hear insects and small animals. The fox loses heat from its ears. The fox's thick fur keeps it warm.

How to write a fact file about an animal:

- 1 Answer the question about that animal.
- 2 Use your answer to form a paragraph.

Where does a rhim gazelle live? The Sa
What does a rhim gazelle eat? grass a
What color is its coat? yellowwhat does a rhim gazelle have on its feet? hooves

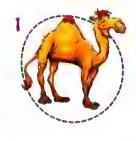
The Sahara Desert grass and leaves yellow-white Rhim gazelles look very beautiful. They live in the Sahara Desert, and they walk around looking for grass, leaves, and plants to eat.

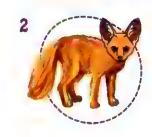
They have big ears and long horns. They have yellow-white coats which protect them from the sun. They have hooves on their feet.



STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

(1) Look and write:















Make comparisons. Use the adjectives to help you:

- 1 cat / mouse (heavy) The cat is heavier than the mouse.
- 2 giraffe / lion (dangerous)
- 3 1/2 / 1/4 (big)
- 4 cell phone / laptop (small)
- 5 bike / car (fast)

Read and write:

- 1 What do pelicans eat?
- 2 Why do rhim gazelles have yellow-white coats?



UNIT 2



(Mid-year Exams)

) than the pelican.

e. (



		***	Listenir	g		
0	Listen and write	e (True) or (Fals	e):			()
,	Phim agralles le	عاد بیمسی ام میشد.	J			(4)
	_	ook very beautifu	JI.			()
	They live near t					()
3	They eat grass,	leaves, and plan	its.			()
4	They have yello	w feathers.				()
			Reading			
0	Choose the cor	rect answer fro	m a, b, c, c	or d:		
		and				4
		b) grass			d) fruit	
		than				
	a) tall	b) tallest			d) taller than	
3	3 The crocodile	is huge and		ı		
	a) cute	b) small	c) scar	J	d) beautiful	
4		smaller	the el	ephant	•	
	a) the	b) that	c) their		d) than	
3 I	Read and comp	ete the text wit	h the word	s in the	e box:	(3)
		smaller -	– big – help	ful – de	sert	
The	fennec fox is a	small animal. It	is(1)	th	an other foxes. It liv	es in the
******	(2) Its ear	s are veru bia.	Those ears	are		help the
fenr	nec fox hear ins	ects and small a	inimals Du	rina th	e day, it is hot in th	neip ine
The	fox loses heat fi	rom its ears.		9		ear Exams)
-					(I*IId=g	ear Exams)
	Read and matc	h (A) with (B):				4
	A The bear	is stronger	B	a. () It has thick for the	l
(The bear	is stronger	9	u. () It has thick fur to	•
				h (إطسا التعليمية 2022 إطسا التعليمية كالمحاد	
	2 The fenne	c fox lives in the d	desert.	b. () look very beautifu	
				c. (ear Exams)
	3 Some ani	male ave seems		C . () but they are all im	•
	J Some and	mals are scary, .	**	d. () look at mu teeth.	ear Exams)



4 Rhim gazelles ...

(3)

Read the text and then answer the questions:



Camels are very helpful. They're beautiful, strong animals. They help us to carry things and people to cross the desert. They can live without water for a long time. Camels have humps to store water and fats for when they need them. Horses can live up to thirty years while camels can live up to forty years. Camels have special ways to close their noses and eyes to stop the sand from coming in.

Choose	the	correct	word	from	a, b,	C, 0	r d:

- 1 The general idea of the text is about
 - a) camels

a) food

- b) horses
- c) rhim gazelle
- d) rats
- 2 Camels can live without for a long time.
 - b) sleep
- c) water

d) fruit

Answer the following questions:

- 3 How do camels help people?
- 4 How long can horses live?



Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



1 water - fresh - Horses - drink.

(Mid-year Exams)

- 2 thick fennec has The fur fox.
- 3 are for Camels perfect the desert.

(Mid-year Exams)

Punctuate the following:



which animal is scary

(Mid-year Exams)

Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements:



"Rhim gazelle"

Where does it live? Sahara Desert
What color is its coat? yellow-white









85:100%



Read and complete the dialog:

than -	stronger	- right
--------	----------	---------

Ola : Which animal is, the crocodile or the giraffe?

Ramy: The crocodile is stronger the giraffe.

Ola : Yes, you are!

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 We use camel's (meat milk fur) to make clothes.
- 2 The snake is (thin thinner thinnest) than the crocodile.
- 3 Rhim gazelles have big ears and long (coats horns legs). (Mid-year Exams)
- 4 The fennec fox has thick (hair fur coat).
- 5 Camels have large, flat (hands feet teeth) so they can walk on the sand.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

1	eat — insects — <u>Spiders</u> .	(Mid-year Exams)
2	ears — has — The — fox — big — fennec.	(Mid-year Exams)
3	strong - A pelican - claws - has.	



OCTOBER MONTHLY TEST







	0 0	Listering						
0	Listen and write (True) or (Fal	se):			4			
1	The land in Damietta governorat	e is rich in nut	rients.	()			
2	2 The farmers can grow rice.							
3	There aren't any fish in the sea.			()			
4	Cows, goats, and sheep live in D	amietta govern	orate, too.	()			
		Reading						
0	Choose the correct answer fro	m a, b, c, or d	:	(4			
	1 I don't eat candy,	I eat fruit wh	en I want something sw	eet.				
	a) and b) but	c) to	d) than					
	2 I think we chicker	J J J						
	a) raiseb) grow3 "Honest" means someone who		d) water					
	a) lie b) play		d) win					
	4 The mouse is the	•						
	a) smallest b) smaller	•	d) smaller than					
3	Read and complete the text wi	ith the words	in the box:		3			
	carry — dang	jerous - perfect	- insects					
The	ere are different animals that live	in the desert.	Camels are(1)(1)	for t	the			
	ert. They are strong and beautiful							
	es are small and they have big e	•						
	mals. Snakes are dangerous and							
9	Read and match (A) with (B):				1			
A	1 A crocodile is	B a. () without water for a lon	g time.				
		b. () but I hurt my leg.					
	2 I am healthy and I eat	c. () vegetables and fruits	l.				
	3 I want to play football,	d. () huge and scary.					
	4 Camels can live	e. () small and cute.					



Read the text and then answer the questions:



The fennec fox lives in the deserts of North Africa. It is smaller than other foxes. Its ears are big, really big! The fennec fox needs big ears to hear insects and small animals. It eats insects, lizards, and small mice. During the day, it is hot in the desert. The fox loses heat from its ears. At night, it is cold. The fox's thick fur keeps it warm.

C	hoose the co	rrect word f	from a, b, c, or d:	
	a) desertc) small anin	nals s heat from it	b) the fenned d) camels	fox
	a) fur	b) ears	c) mouth	d) legs
	nswer the fo			
	Where does What is the i			?
Reor	der the words	to make corr	ect sentences:	
		•	ry – our – from?	
danç	gerous — <u>Croc</u>	odiles – anim	nals — are.	
mad	e – food – <u>I</u>	– special – so	ome – us – for.	
Pun	ctuate the fo	llowing:		
amel	s are very no	isy		
Write auidi	a paragraph ing elements:	of about TW	ENTY FOUR (24) w	ords using the following
,		"Foods t	hat Egypt produ	ıce"
		veg	etables – chicken	
	••••			

	*************************		***************************************	



Unit

Why do we grow plants? لماذا تزرع النياتات؟

Unit Overview

Student's Book Exercises







• بنهاية هذه الوحدة، سبكون التلفيد فادرا على أن:

- By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:
- · listen, read, research, and write about plants and how they help us.
- practice making sentences with the superlative.
- · read, listen to, and understand a short story.
- · learn about and say words with the consonant blends /sl/ and /sw/.
- · write the life cycle of a sunflower.
- · research and write a short report.

للعلمر عن ويقول كيمات تحيول غيل الحراب استشجيا . 👚 💡 🔥 د

- - تكتب دورة اختاء رهولا عبار السينس،

القراء لسلمة إلى قصة قصياه بالتشيف،

تنجب وتكتب تقرارا فصير

Did you know?

· We eat this cacao seed. Chocolate comes from this plant.

I can find it out

· There are many kinds of seeds that we can eat. These seeds are like flaxseeds, chia seeds, pumpkin seeds, sunflower seeds, and sesame seeds.



Lesson 1 Plants and Seeds



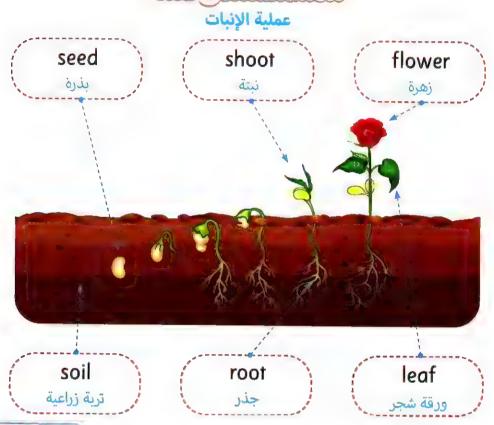


Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary

The germination



Vocabulary check

- هناك بعض الكلمات من الممكن أن تستخدم كأسم أو فعل مثل (water) أو (plant):

Word	Noun (اسم)	Verb (فعل)
water	I drink a lot of water. السرب لكسر من الماء.	Ahmed waters the plant every day.
plant	Plants give us oxygen.	We plant a seed and it grows. نحن نزرع بدرة وهي نيمو.

To form the plural form of a singular noun, we add:

- "s" to most of the nouns.
- "es" to the nouns that end in (ss, sh, ch, o, x).
- "ies" to the nouns that end in (a consonant + y).
- "ves" to the nouns that end in (f).

- لنكوين صبعة الحمع لاسم مفرد، بصف:

- a flower —> flowers
- e.g. a tomato --- tomatoes
- eg a balcony → balconies
- a leaf → leaves

Extra vocabulary					
balcony	شرفة (بلكونة)	new (adj.)	جديد		
inside	بالداخل	germination	عملية الإنبات		
under	تحت/أسفل	tomato fruits	ثمار الطماطم		
awesome (adj.)	رائع	lunch	وجبة الغذاء		

Conjugation of verbs الأفعال: الأفعال:

Re	egular verbs		ă.	أفعسال منتظم	
Present		Past	Present		Past
look	ينظر	looked	water	یروی	watered
die	يموت	died			
Irr	egular verbs			أفعال غير منتظم	
Present		Past	Present		Past
come	يأتى	came	grow	ينمو	grew
see	یری	saw	take	يأخذ	took
become	يصبح	became	find	يجد	found

Expressions and Phrases						
Come and look!	تعال وانظر!	that is called	هذا يسمى			
That's awesome!	إنه أمر راثع!	Let's + (inf.)	هيا بنا			

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 I (play eat sleep water) the plant every day, and it grows flowers.
- 2 The plant has green (roots soil leaves seeds).
- 3 We (plant come take become) a seed, and it grows.
- 4 The roots grow under the (balcony bed soil house).



Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:

Seleen



Dad

Come and look!

تعال وانظر!

What is it, Dad?

ما هذا يا أبي؟





Dad

Our tomato plants are growing on the balcony! Look, can you see the leaves and the flowers?

تنمو نباتات الطماطم الخاصة بنا في الشرفة (البلكونة)! انظر هل تستطيع أن ترى الأوراق والأزهار؟

Oh yes, but why are the tomatoes green?

أوه، نعم، لكن لماذا حبات الطماطم خضراء؟





Dad

Tomatoes are green before they are red.

تكون الطماطم خضراء قبل أن تصبح حمراء.

How do we grow new tomatoes?

كيف نزرع طماطم جديدة؟





Dad

Tomatoes have seeds inside. We can take the seeds and grow new tomatoes! We plant a seed and the plant grows. That is called germination. We water the plant every day, and the roots grow under the soil. The plant grows flowers and the flowers become tomato fruits.

الطماطم لها بذور بالداخل، يمكن أن نأخذ البذور ونزرع طماطم جديدة! نحن نزرع البذرة والنبات ينمو، تلك العملية تسمى بعملية الإنبات، نحن نروى النبات كل يوم فتنمو الجذور تحت التربة. النبات ينبت زهورًا، والزهور تصبح ثمار طماطم.



That's awesome! And I found a red tomato! Let's have it for lunch!

هذا رائع! وأنا وجدت ثمرة طماطم حمراء! هيا نتناولها على الغداء!







Lesson 1



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

(Listen and write (True) or (False):	4	
	1 We put a seed in the soil.	()
	2 The seed doesn't need water.	()
1	3 The seed grows flowers under the soil.	()

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

4 Finally, plants grow flowers and fruits.



brown - leaves - germination - green

Read and match (A) with (B):



- A Tomatoes have ...
 - 2 How do we ...
 - 3 Plants need water ...
 - 4 The roots grow ...

- B a. () to grow.
 - b. () under the soil.
 - c. () flowers and fruits.
 - d. () seeds inside.
 - e. () grow tomatoes?

the - green -	wing - plants - <u>Our</u> - are. - are - <u>Why</u> - tomatoes?	
	- are — <u>Why</u> — tomatoes?	
grow – soil –		
•	- under - The roots - the.	
Punctuate the	following:	·1169+4111•
What is it Dad		
Write a paragra	ph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the follow	ving
guiding elemen	nts: "The germination"	
	· How do we grow new fruits?	
	Do we need to water the plant every day?	****



Lesson 2

A) Plants in Egypt





))) Listen, point, and say:

استمع، اشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



lotus flower زهرة اللوتس



reed القصب



زهرة عباد الشمس



tamarisk شجرة الطرفاء



acacia شجرة الأكاسيا



وردة



bean plant



orange tree شجرة البرتقال



daisy زهرة اللؤلؤ

Extra vocabulary

agricultural	زراعی	habitat	موطن/بيئة	farmers	مزارعون
desert	صحراء	eggplant	باذنجان	maize	ڏرة

Expressions and Phrases

a lot of	کثیر ہ	much rain	الكثير من المطر
----------	--------	-----------	-----------------



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Plant habitats

بيئات النبات



Definition

A habitat: is a place where living things live and grow.

الموطن/ البيئة: هو المكان الذي تعيش وتنمو به الكائنات الحية.



Agricultural habitat

البيئة الزراعية

Farmers work here. They grow food for us to eat.

يعمل المزارعون هنا ، فهم يقومون بزراعة الطعام من أحلنا لنأكله.

...... Rivers and lakes

الأنهار والبحيرات

Plants near rivers and lakes need a lot of water.

النباتات الموجودة بجانب الأنهار والبحيرات تحتاج إلى كمنة كبيره من الماء.



Desert habitat

البيئة الصحراوية

There is not much rain here. Plants that live in the desert do not need a lot of water.

لا يوجد الكثير من الأمطار هنا. النباتات التي تعيش في الصحراء لا تحتاج إلى الكثير من الماء.



انظر واقرأ:

Where do these plants live?

أين تعيش هذه النباتات؟









انظر واقرأ:

Differences between flowers:

الفروق بين الزهور:

Points of comparison







How big is the flower?

ما هو حجم الزهرة؟

2.5 – 5 cm

about 6 cm

7.5 - 15 cm

How tall is it?

كم يبلغ طولها؟

10 cm

60 cm

1 - 3.5 m

How long does it live?

كم المدة التي تعيشها الزهرة؟

around 6 days around 10 days around 2 weeks

How heavy is it?

كم وزنها؟

around 20 g

around 50 g

around 200 g

cm = centimeter q = gram سنتيمتر جرام m = meter

متر

لاحظ الاختصارات:



Superlative adjectives:

صفات التفضل:

To make a superlative adjective, we add -est to the adjective.

لنكون صفة التفضيل، نضع للصفة -est.

تستخدم عند المقارنة بين أكثر من اثنين (تفضيل واحد على مجموعة).

A) Short adjectives:

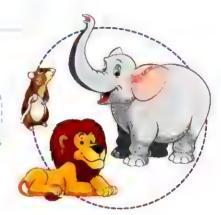
الصفات القصيرة

the + adjective الصفة + est



The elephant is the biggest animal.

الفيل هو أكبر حيوان.



Some adjectives have special rules:

a) Adjectives with 1 vowel and 1 consonant at the end.

الصفات المنتهية بحرف ساكن مسبوق بحرف متحرك

- e.g. big ----- bigger ----- the biggest
- b) Adjectives that end in -e.

الصفات المنتهية يحرف e-

- e.g. nice ----- the nicest
- c) Adjectives that end in -y.

الصفات المنتهبة بحرف y

B) Long adjectives:

الصفات الطويلة (تتكون من أكثر من مقطع)

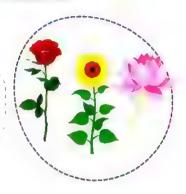
عند المقارنة بين اثنين أو أكثر في الصفات الطويلة نستخدم:

... الصفة الطويلة the most/least + long adjective



I think the red rose is the most colorful flower.

أعتقد أن الوردة الحمراء هي الأكثر زهوًا،



- لاحظ الصفات الآتية:

الصفة adjective	
tall	
big	
heavy	
hagutiful	

taller than
bigger than
heavier than
more beautiful

مفة التفضيل superlative the tallest the biggest the heaviest the most beautiful





· Which flower is the biggest?

ى زهرة هي الأكبر؟

The sunflower is the biggest.

زهرة عباد الشمس هي الأكبر.



Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 The sunflower lives the (long longer longest longer than).
- 2 The red rose is the (most more much worst) beautiful flower.
- 3 The elephant is the (big biggest as big bigger) land animal.
- 4 The snake is the (scary scarier scariest scarier than) animal.



Lesson 2



• Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

0	Li	sten and writ	te (True) or (False):			(-	4		
	1	There is only	one plant habitat.			()		
	2 Farmers work at the agricultural habitat.								
	3 The plants near rivers don't need water.								
	4	The plants the	at live in the desert do	on't need a lot of wo	ater.	()		
2	C	hoose the co	rrect answer from a	, b, c, or d:			4		
ì	1 Acacia tree grows in It doesn't need a lot of water.								
ı					ارشيد التعليمية 2022	البحيرة - إدارة	محافظة		
ı		a) rivers	b) agricultural	c) deserts	d) lakes				
ı	2	The sunflowe							
		a) heavy	b) heavier	c) heaviest	d) heavie	r than			
1	3	water.							
ı		a) deserts	b) schools	c) rivers	d) homes				
ı	4	Crocodiles ar	e dang	erous than fish. The	ey have sharp	teeth.			
ı		a) more	b) most	c) than	d) the mo	st			
					إطسا التعليمية 2022	الفيوم – إدارة	محافظة		

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



food - trees - habitat - desert

My uncle is a farmer. He works at an agricultural
types of(2) for us to eat. He grows bean plants and orange(3)
When I grow up, I want to be a farmer like my uncle.

	T		١
١	-	U,	,

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



flower - Which - heaviest - the - is?



2 us - grow - Farmers - for - food.



3 are - most - Roses - the - flowers - colorful.



Punctuate the following:



the sunflower is the heaviest flower



Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements:



"The differences between flowers"

Points of comparison







How big is the flower?

2.5 - 5 cm

about 6 cm

7.5 - 15 cm

How heavy is it?

around 20 g

around 50 g

around 200 q



Lesson 3





Story



Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

Main vocabulary	M	ain	VOCA	bul	ary
-----------------	---	-----	------	-----	-----

farm	مزرعة	special (adj.)	خاص /مميز	dry (adj.)	جاف
polluted air	هواء ملوث	rainwater	مياه الأمطار	a billion	مليار

Extra vocabulary

the United States	الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية	land	أرض	grandparents	أجداد
noise	ضوضاء	difficult (adj.)	صعب	millions	ملايين
liter	لتو	crops	محاصيل	weather	الطقس

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

R	legular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	T.
Present		Past	Present		Past
live	يعيش	lived	decide	يقرر	decided
work	يعمل	worked	use	يستخدم	used
Ir	regular verbs		'	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
bring	يحضر	brought	make	يصنع	made

Expressions and Phrases

want to + (inf.)	يريد أن	decide to + (inf.)	يقرر أن يفعل شيئًا
at first	في بداية الأمر	buy some land	يشترى قطعة أرض
work hard	يعمل بجد	proud of + noun	فخور بشخص أو شيء ما

Lucas and His Farm



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

The beginning

Lucas lives on a farm in the United States. It is a very special farm. Forty years ago, the land was very dry. There were no farms. No one wanted to live there. Lucas's grandparents lived in the city⁽¹⁾, but they didn't like

it. They didn't like the polluted air

and the noise. They wanted to have a farm. They decided to buy some land.



Û

The middle

At first, life was very difficult. They worked very hard and they planted (2) millions of seeds. They used rainwater to water (3) the seeds. They needed about a billion liters of water a year. They grew many fruits like oranges and lemons. They brought animals to the land. They planted trees and flowers.

(2)	ندع

سقى (3)

The end

Today, Lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad. They are very happy and they have a good life (4). They are very proud of Lucas's grandparents. They used plants to make the land green.

حيا حياة جيدة (4)

Check point

- 1 Why did the grandparents want to have a farm?
- 2 Why do you think Lucas likes the farm?



الترجعة:

- ، يعيش لوكاس في مزرعة في الولايات المتحدة. إنها مزرعة مميزة جدًّا. قبل أربعين عامًا، كانت الأرض جافة جدًّا. لم يكن هناك مزارع. لا أحد يريد العيش هناك. عاش أجداد لوكاس في المدينة، لكنهم لمر يعجبهم الأمر، لمر يحبوا الهواء الملوث والضجيج. أرادوا أن يكون لديهم مزرعة. قرروا شراء قطعة أرض.
 - في البداية، كانت الحياة صعبة للغاية. لقد عملوا بجد وقاموا بزرع ملايين البذور. استخدموا مياه الأمطار لسقى البذور. كانوا بحاجة إلى حوالي مليار لتر من الماء سنويًّا. لقد زرعوا الكثير من الفاكهة مثل البرتقال والليمون. لقد أحضروا الحيوانات إلى الأرض. لقد زرعوا الأشجار والزهور.
 - اليوم، يعيش لوكاس في المزرعة مع والدته ووالده. إنهم سعداء للغاية ويتمتعون بحياة جيدة. إنهم فخورون جدًّا بأجداد لوكاس. لقد استخدموا النباتات لجعل الأرض خضراء.





Read and notice:

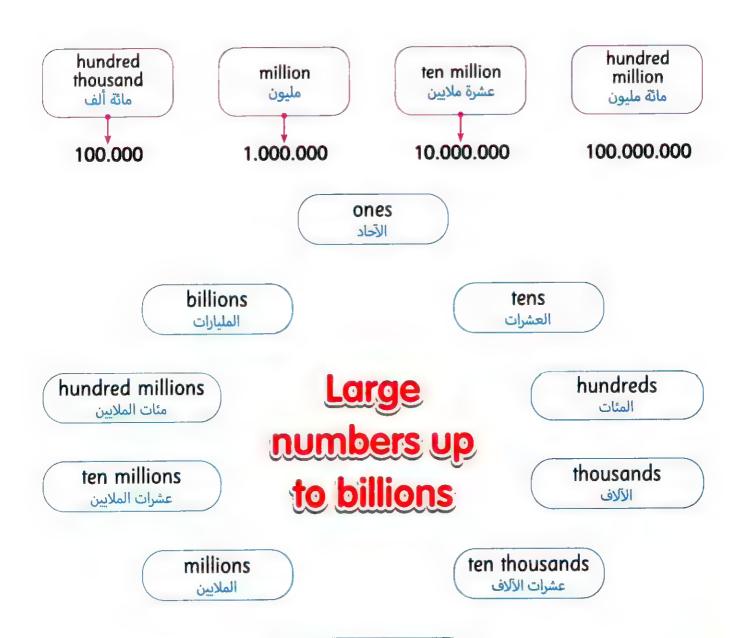
اقرأ ولاحظ:

Egypt wants to plant more than 100 million palm trees across the country. This means we need to plant billions of seeds.

تريد مصر أن تزرع أكثر من ١٠٠ مليون نخلة في البلد. هذا يعني أننا نحتاج أن نزرع مليارات من البذور.

A Billion is a thousand million: 1.000.000.000

المليار عبارة عن ألف مليون.



hundred thousands مئات الآلاف





The suffix "-ful" "-ful" اللاحقة

مفتاح الكهرباء

حلوي

تكنس

بجعة

'We use the suffix "ful" at the end of some words to make adjectives. It means "full of". يستخدم المقطع "ful" في نهاية بعض الكلمات لنحصل على الصفة، تعنى "الكثير من".

Word	الكلمة	Adjective	الصفة
beauty	جمال	beautiful	جميل
care	اهتمام / یعتنی	careful	حريص
color	، لون	colorful	ملون
help	. يساعد / مساعدة	helpful	متعاون / مساعد
use	، يستخدم / استخدام	useful	ــــــمفيد مفيد

يسبح (يعوم)



Lesson 3



Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

🚺 Listen and write (True) or (Fals	e):
------------------------------------	-----



Lama lives in the United States.

(

2 Lama's parents plant lots of food and fruits.

)

3 Lama likes living on the farm.

(

4 She likes the noise.

()

Read and match (A) with (B):



- A
- Farmers used rainwater to ...
- a. () a hundred million.

2 They used plants ...

b. () water the plants.

- 3 100.000.000 is read as ...
- c. () the polluted air and noise.

4 My family didn't like ...

- d. () to make the land green.
- e. () have a good life.

Read the text and answer the questions:



My name is Waleed. I live on a farm with my mom and dad. We plant millions of seeds to keep the farm green. We use the Nile to water the seeds. We grow many fruits like oranges and mangoes. We raise farm animals like goats, cows, chickens, and sheep. I like living on the farm. I don't like the polluted air and the noise in the city.

Choose the correct word from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Waleed lives on a
 - a) mall
- b) school
- c) city
- d) farm
- 2 The underlined word "polluted" means
 - a) clear
- b) good
- c) bad
- d) special

3 What do they use to water the seeds? 4 Summarize the text in two sentences. 1 grow – oranges – Farmers – and – lemons. 2 farmers – How – the seeds – do – water? 3 water – They – the rainwater – used – to – the seeds. 5 Punctuate the following: 1 lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm" rainwater – noise	100	Answer the following questions:	
Reorder the words to make correct sentences: 1 grow – oranges – Farmers – and – lemons. 2 farmers – How – the seeds – do – water? 3 water – They – the rainwater – used – to – the seeds. Punctuate the following: lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	3	What do they use to water the seeds?	
1 grow – oranges – Farmers – and – lemons. 2 farmers – How – the seeds – do – water? 3 water – They – the rainwater – used – to – the seeds. Punctuate the following: lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	4	Summarize the text in two sentences.	******
2 farmers – How – the seeds – do – water? 3 water – They – the rainwater – used – to – the seeds. Punctuate the following: lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	Reo	rder the words to make correct sentences:	
3 water — They — the rainwater — used — to — the seeds. Punctuate the following: lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	1 gi	row — oranges — Farmers — and — lemons. 2022 والمقطم التعليمية 2022 من المخليفة والمقطم التعليمية 2022	القاهر
Punctuate the following: lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	2 fc	armers — How — the seeds — do — water?	\$4b=
lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	3 w	vater — They — the rainwater — used — to — the seeds.	****
Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	Pun	ctuate the following:	
guiding elements: "Living on the farm"	luca:	s lives on the farm with his mom and dad	*******
	Writ guid	e a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following ling elements:	(
rainwater — noise		"Living on the farm"	
>	A second to the second	rainwater – noise	
,	<i>)</i>		
	}		



Lessons 4 & 5





Writing



Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

Main vocabulary							
first	أُولًا	next	التالى	after that	بعد ذلك		
after	نعد	finally	فى النهاية	papyrus	ورق البردى		

Extra vocabulary							
life cycle	دورة حياة	sunlight	ضوء الشمس	process	عملية		
famous (adj.)	مشهور	quickly	بسرعة	Nile Delta	دلتا النيل		
near	بالقرب من						

تمريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

F	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	
Present	•	Past	Present		Past
germinate	ينبت	germinated	face	يواجه	faced
die	يموت	died	drop	یرمی (یلقی)	dropped
le	regular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present	·	Past
put	يضع	put	begin	يبدأ	began

Expressions and Phrases

طقس داق

The life cycle of a plant

حياة النبات



Read and notice:

اقرأ ولاحظ:

I. The life cycle of a sunflower:

١- مراحل نمو نبات عباد الشمس:

1



First, you plant the sunflower seed in soil. You put it in sunlight and water it.

أولًا ازرع بذرة عباد الشمس في التربة. اتركها في ضوء الشمس واروها بالماء.



Next, the seed germinates and it starts to grow roots under the soil.

ثم، تنبت البذرة وتبدأ جذورها بالنمو أسفل التربة.



After that, the shoot grows above the soil. It grows leaves. It gets taller.

بعد ذلك، تنمو النبتة فوق التربة، وتنمو أوراقًا. وتصبح أطول،



After about 4 months, the sunflower opens and faces the sun.

بعد حوالي ٤ أشهر، تتفتح زهره عباد الشمس وتواجه الشمس.

5



Finally, the sunflower dies and drops its seeds. The process begins again.



في النهاية، تموت زهرة عباد الشمس وتتساقط البذور وتبدأ العملية مرة أخرى.

2. The life cycle of a tomato:

دورة حياة الطماطم:

First, you plant the tomato seed in soil. You put it in sunlight and water it.

أولًا، تزرع بذور الطماطم في التربة، تضعها في ضوء الشمس وتسقيها.

Finally, the tomato plant dies and drops its seeds.The process begins again.

> فى النهاية، يموت نبات الطماطم وتتساقط البذور وتبدأ العملية مرة أخرى.



2 Next, the seed germinates and it starts to grow roots under the soil.

ثم، تنت البذرة وتبدأ تنمو الجذور أسفل التربة.

4 After a few weeks, the plant grows leaves, flowers, and tomatoes.

بعد أسابيع قليلة، ينمو النبات أوراقًا وزهورًا وطماطم،

3 After that, the shoot grows above the soil. It grows taller.

بعد ذلك، تنمو النبتة فوق التربة، وتصبح أطول،

I can find it out: Farmers grow sunflowers to reduce toxic in the soil. Sunflowers produce lots of seeds that can be added to different types of bread.

يزرع المزارعون نبات عباد الشمس لتقليل السموم في التربة. ينتج عباد الشمس الكثير من البذور التي يمكن إضافتها لأنواع مختلفة من الخبز.







Look and read:





papyrus نبات البردي

paper ورق

sandals صندل

basket

انظر واقرأ:



Papyrus

Papyrus is a very special plant. It is famous because Ancient Egyptians used papyrus to make paper. They also made sandals and baskets from papyrus. Papyrus needs a lot of water and warm weather to grow quickly. It grows in the Nile Delta near the river.

نبات البردى هو ببات ممنز حدًا. إنه مشهور بسبب أن المصريين العدماء استخدموه في صناعه الورق. وصنعوا أبضًا صنادل وسلالًا من نبات البردي. يحتاج نبات البردي إلى الكثير من الماء وطقس دافئ لينمو سريعًا. إنه ينمو في دلتا النيل بالقرب من النهر.

Check point

What does the papyrus plant need?



2 Where does it grow?





Lessons 4 & 5



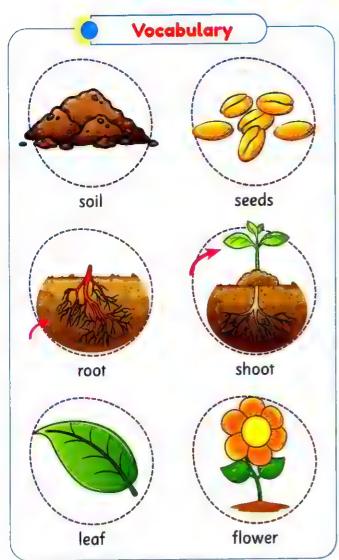
• Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

	1 Listen and write (True) or (False):	(-	4				
ĺ	1 First, you plant the sunflower seed in the soil.	()				
ı	2 You don't need to water it.	()				
ı	3 Next, the seed germinates and it starts to grow roots under the soil.	()				
1	4 The shoot grows under the soil.	()				
(Read and complete the text with the words in the box:	(3				
	sun — water — famous — sandals						
١	Papyrus is a very special plant. It is because Ancient Egyptians used						
	papyrus to make paper. They also made(2) and baskets from	papyı	rus.				
	Papyrus needs a lot of and warm weather to grow quickly.	It gro)WS				
	in the Nile Delta near the river.						
(Read and match (A) with (B):	(-	4				
0	A 1 The seed germinates B a. () from papyrus.						
	b. () Nile Delta.						
	2 The shoot grows c. () desert.						
	3 Ancient Egyptians made sandals d. () and it starts to grunder the soil.	ow ro	ots				
* = * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 Papyrus grows in the e. () above the soil.						

4) R	eorder the words to make correct sentences:	(
I	is - a very - plant - <u>Papyrus</u> - special.	
2	grows - flowers - The plant - and - leaves.	
3	grow - does - Where - plant - the?	•••••
3 P	unctuate the following:	
wh	ny do farmers grow sunflowers	
3 W	rite a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following uiding elements:	9 (
	"Papyrus"	
1	- Why is papyrus an important plant? - What does it need to grow?	
3)		
;		

Unit 3

REVIEW









nit 3 CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



Lesson 1			
	جذور		ية للزراعة
	بذور	••••••	غرة غرة
	نبتة	***************************************	رقة شجر
Lesson 2			
	شجرة الطرفاء	***************************************	عرة اللوتس
	زهرة عباد الشمس	***************************************	جرة البرتقال
	نبات الفول	••••••••	مرة اللؤلؤ
	قصب	***************************************	ۇدة
Lesson 3			
	بجعة		لوی

يسبح (يعوم)

ينامر

WRITING TIME



How to write about a plant:

Answer these questions:

- 1 What is this plant?
- 2 How does it grow?
- 3 What does it need to grow?

Tomato plant

(seeds - water)

Tomatoes have seeds inside. We plant a seed and the plant grows. We water the plant every day and the roots grow under the soil. The plant grows flowers and the flowers become tomato fruits.

Writing about a plant habitat:

- (اسم البيئة) + There is the
 - تحدث عما يميز هذه السئة،
- تحدث عن أسماء النباتات التي تنمو وتعيش في هذه البيئة.

Different plant habitats

(agricultural - desert)

There are many plant habitats. Farmers grow plants in the agricultural habitat. They plant different foods for us to eat. They plant bean plants and orange trees. In the desert habitat, there is not much rain so the plants don't need a lot of water.

Writing about the life cycle of a plant:

- First Next After that (نستخدم کلمات مثل)
- ثمر (خطوات زراعة النبات) •

The life cycle of sunflowers

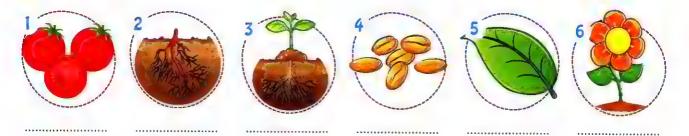
(soil - sunlight)

First, you plant the sunflower seed in soil, you put it in sunlight and water it. Next, the seed germinates and it starts to grow roots under the soil. After that, the shoot grows above the soil, it grows leaves. After about 4 months, the sunflower opens and faces the sun.



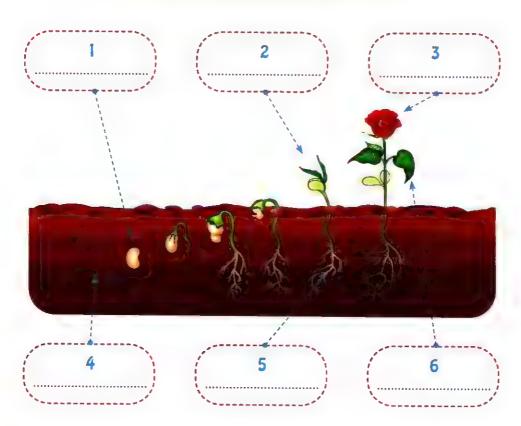
STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

1 Look and write:



- Write sentences to compare these plants and animals:
 - 1 (cat / snake / fox / scary)
 - 2 (maize / bean / eggplant / delicious)
- **3** Look and complete:

leaf - roots - seed - shoot - soil



Test yourselb

UNIT 3





			istening		
0	Listen and write	(True) or (False)):		4
1	Ancient Egyptians	s used papyrus to	make paper.		()
2	They make tents	from papyrus.			()
3	Papyrus doesn't n	need water to grow	w.		()
4	It grows near the	Nile Delta.			()
			Reading		
0	Choose the corre	ect answer from	a, b, c, or d:		(4)
	a) tall	b) taller	c) taller than	d) tallest	
2	The root grows	the s	soil.		
	a) above	b) next to	c) between	d) under	
3	Farmers work in a) desert			d) rivers	
4	The sunflower is			3,111010	
	a) heavier	,	c) heavier than	d) heaviest	
0	Road and comp	lete the text wit	h the words in the b	ox:	
U	Read and Comp				3
		food — agric	ultural — desert — water		
			habitat		
			a lot of water. The		
far	mers work. They gi	rowf	or us to eat. Plants that	live near rivers an	id lakes
ne	ed a lot of water.				

Read and match (A) with (B):



My grandparents used rainwater ...

- 2 The plant roots ...
- 3 The rose is taller than the daisy.
- Tomatoes are green ...



محافظة بورسعيد - إدارة شمال بورسعيد التعليمية 2022

) grow under the soil. b. (

محافظة القلبوبية إدارة غرب شبرا الخيمة التعليمية 2022

) to water the seeds. c. (

محافظة القاهرة - إدارة السلام التعليمية 2022

-) before they are red. d. (
-) in the desert. e. (



Read the text and answer the questions:



My name is Ahmed. I'm in grade four. At school, our teacher told us how to grow grapes. First, you plant the grapes seeds in the soil and water them every day. The plant needs water and sunlight to grow. After that, the seeds grow roots under the soil. Then, the shoot grows above the soil. Finally, the plant grows flowers and the flowers become grapes. My grapes are very delicious.

peco	ome	grapes. My grape	s are very delicio	us.	جافظة لتذهرة - إدرة التسروق التعلمية 2012
	C	hoose the corre	ct word from a,	b, c, or d:	
	1	The general idea a) tomatoes The seeds grow	of the text is abo	c) grapes	d) sugarcane
		_	b) grapes		d) roots
	A	nswer the follow	ving questions:		
	3	What does the p	lant need to grow	<i>i</i> ?	
	4	What do the flow	vers become?		
			Wri	ting	
F	leoi	der the words to	o make correct s	sentences:	6
1 1	oigg	est — the — is — su	nflower - The -	flower.	
2 (agric	cultural — in — <u>Far</u>	mers — the — hab	itat – work.	
3 r	need	l — water — and —	sunlight — <u>Plants</u>		(Mid-year Exams)
P	unc	tuate the follow	ving:		1
Ar	ncier	nt egyptians used	papyrus to make	paper	
) V	Vrite uidi	a paragraph of a ng elements:	bout TWENTY FO	UR (24) words u	sing the following 4
		ec.	The life cycle of	a sunflower"	





first - finally







9	Listen	and	choose	the	correct	answer:
~			4			

1 Papyrus is a very plant.

(bad - special - ugly)

2 Ancient Egyptians used papyrus to make

(food - toys - paper)

Read and complete the dialog:

air - cleaner - farm

Omnia: Do you like living on the?

Alaa : Yes, I don't like the polluted in the city.

Omnia: You're right. The air on the farm is more

(3) Choose the correct answer:

- 1 We need (seeds books fruits) to grow a new plant.
- 2 Plants that live in the (agricultural desert lakes) habitat don't need a lot of water.
- 3 We (read qo water) the plant every day.
- 4 My city is the (nice nicest nicer) place to live in.
- 5 The seed (sleeps eats germinates) and it starts to grow roots.



Myself and others نفست والآخرون











Unit Overview

Student's Book Exercises



Al-Azhar



100%



- By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:
- بنهاية هذه الوحدة، سيكون التلميذ قادرًا على أن:
- · listen, read, research, and write about different houses and places in a town.
 - يستمع، بقرأ، ببحث، وبكنت عن منارل وأماكن مختلفة في المدينة.
- practice making sentences with prepositions.
- سدرب على تكوين الجمل باستخدام حروف الجر.
 عرا ويستمع إلى قصة قصيرة.

read and listen to a short story.

سعيم وتقول كيمات بأ<mark>صوات الـ /f/ و /v/.</mark>

learn about and say words with /f/ and /v/.
write a short article about your village or city.

- اكتب مقالة قصيرة عن قرابيك أو مدينيك.

research and make a poster.

سحت ويضمم ملصفا.

Did you know?

· Canada has some very unusual houses. Some houses look like a cube. Other houses are made of ice.

I can find it out!

• There are many unusual houses in Egypt. In Siwa, there is the pigeon house. There is also Anakato Nubian Guest House in Aswan.



Lesson 1 فى المنزل At home



Main vocabulary



Listen, point, and say:



bedroom غرفة النوم



استمع، أشر وقل:

bathroom حمَّام



kitchen

مطبخ

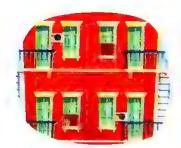
living room غرفة المعيشة



dining room غرفة الطعام



balcony (شرفة/بلكونة)



apartment



houseboat منزل عائم



tent خىمة



house منزل



Let's say it right!

لاحظ أن حرفى الـ (ch) ينطقان /tf/ (تش) كما في (kitchen).

ا لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (th) ينطقان (θ) (ث) كما في (bathroom).

Extra vocabulary						
lovely (adj.)	جميل	fantastic (adj.)	رائع	favorite (adj.)	مفضل	
quietly	بهدوء	whole (adj.)	کل	street	شارع	
cloth	قماش	grandparents	أجدادى	outside	بالخارج	

	Gon	ugation of v	erbs Jisáil	dynt	
	Regular verbs			أفعال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
look	ينظر	looked	relax	يسترخى	relaxed
help	يساعد	helped	organize	ينظم	organized
	Irregular verbs		,	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
do	يفعل/يؤدى	did	can	يستطيع	could
		Expressions	and Phrases		
That sounds	good!	هذا يبدو جيدًا!	move to		ينتقل إلى
live on water		يعيش على المياه	live in		يعيش في
made of		مصنوع من	live with		ىغىش مع

Vocabulary check

Compound nouns are nouns formed by adding (noun + noun).

الأسماء المركبة هي الأسماء التي يتم تشكيلها بإضافة (اسم + اسم).



- bath + room = bathroom
- 2 house + boat = houseboat
- 3 bed + room = bedroom

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 I sleep in a big (bathroom bedroom living room kitchen). It has two big beds.
- 2 I play computer games in the (garden living room bathroom balcony)
 It's very comfortable there.
- 3 Mom cooks delicious meals in the (bedroom kitchen bathroom living room).
- 4 My friend lives on a (tent houseboat garden balcony). She loves living on water.



Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Mom

Look at our lovely new apartment!

انظرى إلى شقتنا الجديدة الجميلة!

It's fantastic!

إنها رائعة!





Mom

Which is your favorite room?

أى غرفة مفضلة لديكِ؟



For me, it's my bedroom. I can relax and do my homework quietly.

بالنسبة لى، إنها غرفة نومى، يمكننى الاسترخاء وأداء واجبى المنزلى بهدوء.







Mom

My favorite is the living room with the balcony.

I can see the whole street! Talia, can you help me organize the kitchen?

المفضلة لدى هى غرفة المعيشة المتصلة بالشرفة (البلكونة). أستطيع أن أرى الشارع بأكمله! تاليا، هـل يمكنك مساعدتي في تنظيم المطبخ؟



That sounds good, let's do it!

هذا يبدو حيدًا، هيا بنا نفعل ذلك!





منازل مختلفة Different houses



Look, read, and notice:

انظر، اقرأ ولاحظ:



My aunt moved to a new apartment with her family⁽¹⁾. They are very happy because they have a big balcony.

(1)



انتقلت عمتى إلى شقة جديدة مع عائلتها. إنهم سعداء للعاية لأن لديهم شرفة (بلكونة) كبيرة.



My friend and her family live on a houseboat. It's small, but she loves living on water.

صديقتي وعائلتها يعيشون في منزل عائم. إنه صغير، ولكنها تحب العيش على الماء.



In the desert, some people live in a tent. This home⁽²⁾ is made of cloth.

(2)



فى الصحراء، بعض الناس يعيشون فى خيمة. هذا المنزل مصنوع من القماش.



I love living in a house because it is a big building. My grandparents live with us. I can play outside with my brother and sister.

أحب العيش في منزل لأنه مبنى كبير. أجدادي يعيشون معنا. أستطيع اللعب في الخارج مع أخى وأختى.



Lesson



Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

1 Listen and write (True) or (False



Hossam moved to a new apartment last week.

Hossam's apartment is fantastic.

His favorite room is the bedroom.

There is no balcony in the apartment.

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



walk - house - garden - live

My name is Talia. I live in a with my family. I love living in a house because it is a big building. My grandparents with us. We have a big living room with a balcony. There are four bedrooms. We have a(3)............ I can play outside with my brother and sister.

Read and match (A) with (B):



I Some people live in a tent.

) in the bedroom.

2 My friend lives in a houseboat.

) I can play outside. b. (

3 A: Which is your favorite room?

) This home is made of cloth.

4 I can relax and do my

) She loves living on water. d. (

homework ...

) B: For me, it's the living room. e. (





1 new - Look - apartment - our - at - lovely!

......

2 you – the kitchen – me – $\frac{\text{Can}}{\text{Can}}$ – help – organize?

3 a new - aunt - to - apartment - moved - My.





they have a big balcony





"Different houses"

		live in an	apartment -	- live in a h	nouseboat	 ,
		.44++44100000000000000000000000000000000	,,			
****		***************************************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		***************************************	 *****
••••		****	*********************		***************************************	 ********
••••	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	************	***************************************	************	



Lesson 2 Where is it?





Language Focus

Prepositions of place

حروف الجر الخاصة بالمكان

We use prepositions of place to say where something is.

نستخدم حروف الجر الخاصة بالمكان لنقول أين يوجد شيء ما.



Listen, point, and say:



on



على



next to بجوار



in





between

بين



under





behind

خلف





above

فوق/ أعلى



in front of أمام

The kitchen is next to the living room.

المطبخ بجانب غرفة المعيشة.



The couch is in the living room.

الأربكة في غرفة المعيشة.



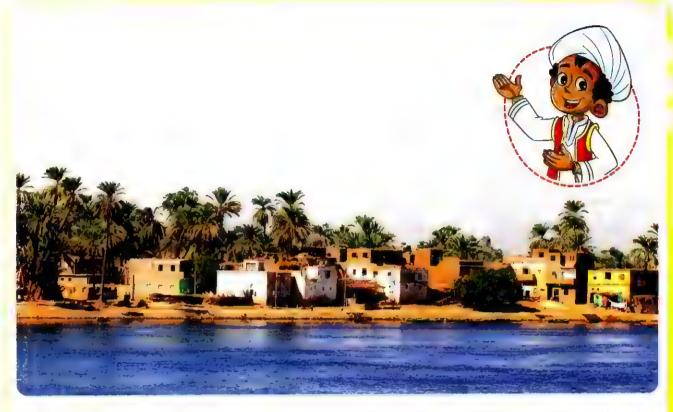
Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 There is a plant (behind next in front between) the couch.
- 2 The trees are (above under in front of in) the apartments.
- My house is (under on between above) the brown house and the yellow house.
- 4 The tent is (above behind next between) to the car.



انظر واقرأ:



My name's Zain. I live in a village next to the Nile. I live in a house with my family. Our house is not the biggest in the village. It is between a yellow house and a brown house. There are tall trees behind the house.

اسمى ربن. أعيش في فرنه بحانب النبل. أعبش في منزل مع عائلتي. منزلنا لنس الأكبر في الفرية. إنه نبن منزل لونه أصفر وآخر لونه نبي. بوحد أشجار طويلة خلف المنزل.

Extra vocabulary				
village	قرية	the Nile	نهر النيل	
the biggest (adj.)	الأكبر	couch	أريكة	
1 Where does Zain live?	Check	point		
2 Where is his house?				
***************************************	*************			





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:



a place where we learn

مكان حيث نتعلم

a place where we buy food

مكان حيث نشترى الطعامر

a place where we buy clothes and shoes

مكان حيث نشترى الملابس والأحذية

a place where we send letters

مكان حيث نرسل الخطابات

a place where my mom and dad work

مكان حيث يعمل أبي وأمي

a place where we go when we are sick

مكان حيث نذهب عندما نمرض



hospital

﴿ لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (ch) ينطقان /ا/ (ك) كما في (school).

Look and write:





Check point



Language Focus

Asking and answering about places:

السؤال والإجابة عن الأماكن:

Question:

للسؤال عن مكان ما نستخدم:

Where + is + place (اسم المكان)?

Answer: الاحالة

The place (المكان) + is + preposition of place (حرف الجر لمكان) + another place (مكان آخر).

e.g.



Where is the supermarket?

أين يوجد السوبر ماركت؟



The supermarket is next to the post office.

السوير ماركت بجانب مكتب البريد.





Where is the office?

أين يوجد المكتب؟



The office is in front of the park.

المكتب أمام الحديقة.



Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- I The hospital is (at next in front between) of my school.
- 2 (What When Where Who) is the museum?
- 3 My house is (under on between above) the brown house and the yellow house.
- 4 The shopping mall is next (in to of from) the supermarket.



Lesson 2



■ Remembering ■ Understanding ■ Applying ■ Analyzing ■ Evaluating ■ Creating

	D	Li	sten and write	(True) or (False)	:			4
		1	Omnia lives in	a village.			()
	2 She lives with her family.							
	3 There is a supermarket next to her house.							
		4	Behind the pos	t office, there is a	school.		()
(3	CI	hoose the corr	ect answer from	a, b, c, or d:			4
ß		I	A:	is the park?	B: It's behind the	office.		
			a) When	b) Why	c) Where	d) Who		
i		2	There is a table	e	the balcony.			
)		a) on	b) in	c) between	d) next		
Name of the last		3	The hospital is		the shopping mal	and the park.		
			a) next	b) in front	c) on	d) between		
ļ		4	The tent is	the	car.			
			a) above	b) under	c) in front	d) next to		
•	3	Re	ead and comp	lete the text with	n the words in the	e box:		3
				school – big – sho	opping mall — betwe	een		
	١	Иy	name is Amira.	I live in a house wit	h my family. The ho	ouse is not very	(1)	



Read and match (A) with (B):





- 1 We live in a village...
- 2 A: Where is the supermarket?
- 3 The pink house is between ...
- 4 The shopping mall ...

- В
- a. () B: It's next to the post office.
- b. () behind the house.
- c. () is the place where we buy clothes.
- d. () next to the Nile.
- e. () the red house and the yellow house.

6

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



- 1 house Zain Which live does in?
- 2 is The couch living room in the.



3 buy - We - can - at the - food - supermarket.



Punctuate the following:





where is it



Lesson 3





إعطاط الاتجاهات Giving directions



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



Go straight ahead.

اتحه للأمام مناشره



Turn right.

انعطف بميثًا.



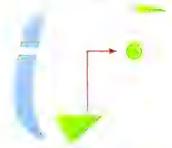
It's on the corner.

إنه في الزاوية (ملتقى شارعين).



Turn left.

العطف بسارًا.



Take the second right.

خُذ المنعطف الثاني على اليمين.

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs			أفع <mark>ـــال منتظمــة</mark>		
Present		Past	Present	Past	
visit	يزور	visited	turn	turned ينعطف	

Expressions and Phrases

Excuse me,	معذرة	Here are	هنا يوجد
See you soon!	أراك لاحقًا!	on the left	على الشمال

(Listening script page 60) SB



استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Excuse me, where's the post office?

معذرة، أبن مكتب البريد؟



Go straight ahead. Turn right. Take the second left. It's on the corner.

امش في خط مستقيم. اتجه يمينًا. خذ المنعطف الثاني على اليسار. إنه في الزاوية.



Thank you!

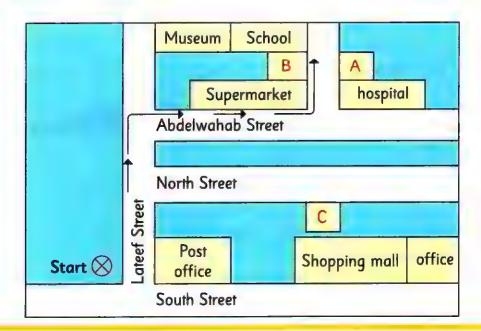
شكرًا لك!

Hi Dina!

I'm so happy you are coming⁽¹⁾ to my house today⁽²⁾. Here are some directions⁽³⁾. From the corner of South Street with Lateef Street, go straight ahead. Take the second right to Abdelwahab Street. Go straight ahead. Turn left at the supermarket. My house is between the supermarket and the school. See you soon⁽⁴⁾!

	0
(1)	يأتي
(2)	اليومر
(3)	اتجاهات
(4)	ق <mark>ریبًا</mark>

Fareeda



الترجعة

[•] مرحبا دینا!





استمع وقل:

Main vocabulary

tourist boat	قارب سیاحی	summer	فصل الصيف
river	نهر	Chinese	اللغة الصينية

Extra vocabulary

friend	صديق	parents	الوالدان
interesting (adj.)	شيق	suddenly	فجأة

تعريف الأمعال Conjugation of verbs

R	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
work	يعمل	worked	stop	يتوقف	stopped
shout	يصيح	shouted	call	يستدعى	called
jump	يقفز	jumped	save	ينقذ	saved
thank	يشكر	thanked	decide	يقرر	decided
lr	regular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
go	يذهب	went	see	یری	saw
meet	يقابل	met	speak	يتحدث	spoke
fall into	يسقط في	fell into	swim	يسبح (يعوم)	swam

Expressions and Phrases

live on	يعيش على	work on	يعمل على
travel up and down	يسافر ذهابًا وإيابًا	from all over the world	من جميع أنحاء العالم
speak with	يتحدث مع	Please help me!	ساعدني رجاء!

Vocabulary check

- 1 Names of people, nationalities, languages, and famous places start with capital letters.
 - تبدأ أسماء الأشخاص والجنسيات واللغات والأماكن الشهيرة بأحرف كبيرة.
 - (Sherif Chinese English the Nile)
- 2 Use the apostrophe with possession.

eg Sherif's dad



استخدم الفاصلة العليا مع الملكية.

العيش على متن قارب Living on a boat



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

The beginning

My friend Sherif lives on a boat in the summer. His parents

work on tourist boats, so he goes with them. They travel up and down the Nile⁽¹⁾. He likes the summer very much. He sees many interesting places and he meets people from all over the world⁽²⁾. He speaks English and Chinese with the tourists.



نهر النيل (1)

صديقى شريف يعيش على قارب فى الصيف. يعمل والداه فى القوارب السياحية ولذلك يذهب معهما. يسافرون ذهابًا وإيابًا فى النيل. يحب شريف الصيف كثيرًا، يرى العديد من الأماكن الممتعة ويلتقى أناسًا من جميع أنحاء العالم، يتحدث الإنجليزية والصينية مع السياح.

The middle

One day, the boat (3) stopped and Sherif saw some children (4) playing. Suddenly a small child fell into the river! The child shouted "Please help me!" Sherif called his dad. Sherif's dad saw the child and jumped into the river. He swam and saved the child (5)!



(3)	قارب
(4)	أطفال
(5)	طفل

The child smiled and said, "Thank you so much!"

دات بوم توقيف القارب ورأى شريف بعيض الأطفال يلعبون. وفجأه سفط طفل صعبر في النهر! صرح الطفل «أرجوك ساعدني!» استدعى شريف أبناه، رأى والند شريف الطفل وقفز في النهر، سبح وأنقذ الطفل! ابتسم الطفل وقال: «شكرًا جريلًا لك!».

The end

Sherif was very happy, but he also decided to learn to swim.

كان شريف سعيدًا جدًّا، لكنه قرر أيضًا تعلم السباحة،

Check point

- Where does Sherif live in the summer?
- 2 How did Sherif's dad help the child?





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Vv

/v/

To pronounce /v/ correctly:

- Touch your neck with your finger.
- Say "van". Your neck moves.

المس رقبتك بإصبعك. قل «van» رقبتك تتحرك.



living room

غرفة المعيشة



van

شاحنة صغيرة



vogoraore

خضراوات

Ff

/f/

To pronounce /f/ correctly:

- Touch your neck with your finger.
- Say "fish". Your neck doesn't move.

المس رقبتك بإصبعك,

قل «fish» رقبتك لا تتحرك.



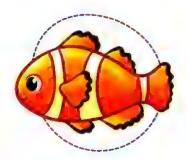
face

وجه



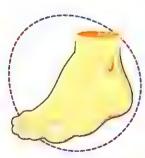
fan

مروحة



fish

سمكة



foot

قدم





Lesson 3



Remembering •Understanding Applying •Analyzing •Evaluating •Creating

Li	sten and wri	te (True) or (Fal	se):		(4
1	Khaled lives	in a big city.			()
2	Khaled goes	to school by bu	S.		()
3	The school is	s next to the pos	t office.		()
4	There's a sup	oermarket in fro	nt of the school.		()
C	hoose the co	rrect answer fro	om a, b, c or d:		(4
1	The hospital	is	the corner.			
	a) at	b) in	c) with	d) on		
2	Go straight o	and	left.			
	a) take	b) turn	c) see	d) come		
3	112111100000000000000000000000000000000	straight ahea	d.			
	a) Have	b) Go	c) Turn	d) Take		
	1 2 3 4 CI 1	1 Khaled lives 2 Khaled goes 3 The school is 4 There's a sup Choose the con 1 The hospital a) at 2 Go straight of a) take 3	1 Khaled lives in a big city. 2 Khaled goes to school by but 3 The school is next to the post 4 There's a supermarket in fro Choose the correct answer from 1 The hospital is	2 Khaled goes to school by bus. 3 The school is next to the post office. 4 There's a supermarket in front of the school. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 The hospital is	1 Khaled lives in a big city. 2 Khaled goes to school by bus. 3 The school is next to the post office. 4 There's a supermarket in front of the school. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 The hospital is	1 Khaled lives in a big city. (2 Khaled goes to school by bus. (3 The school is next to the post office. (4 There's a supermarket in front of the school. (Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1 The hospital is

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

4 The post office is the left.

b) on

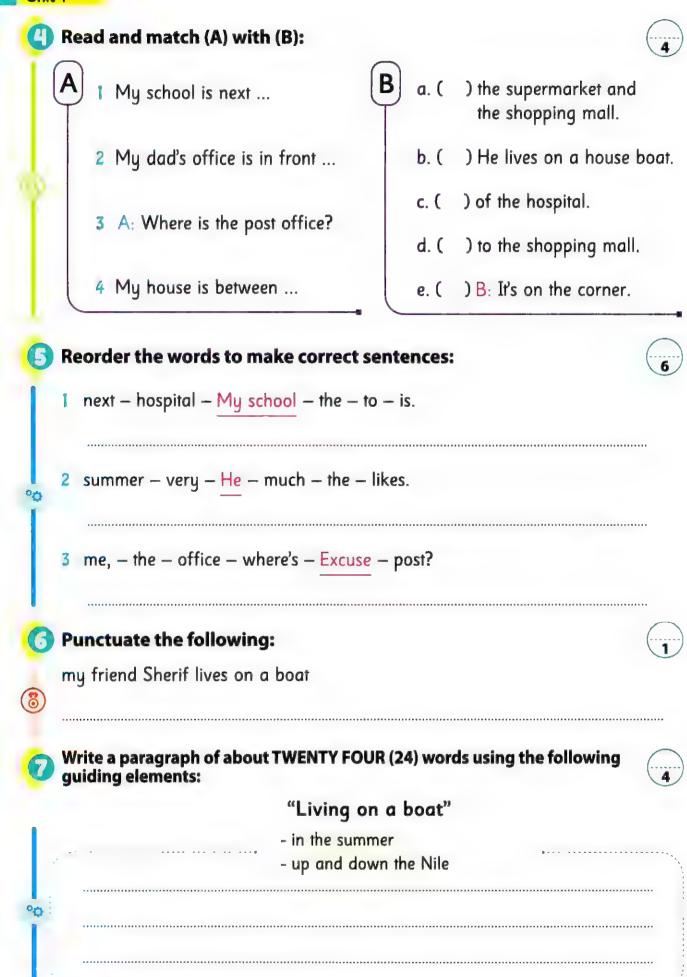
a) in



d) between

places - boats - above - Chinese

c) at





Lessons 4 & 5





Writing

	Main vo	cabulary	
Hurghada	الغردقة	beach	شاطئ
Sahara Desert	الصحراء الكبرى	Sahl Hasheesh	سهل حشیش
bazaar	بازار	interesting (adj.)	ممتع

	Extra vo	cabulary	
called (adj.)	یُدعی/ یُسمی	about	حوالي
east	شرق	safaris	رحلات سفاري
south	جنوب	drawings	رسومات
diagram	رسم بیانی	facts	حقائق
paragraph	فقرة	village	قرية
poster	ملصق	headings	عناوين رئيسية

Expressions and Phrases

on the Red Sea	على البحر الأحمر
lots of interesting things to do	أشياء كثيرة لنفعلها

Vocabulary Check

يتم دائمًا كتابة الأسماء العلم بأحرف كبيرة.

Red Sea - Sahara Desert - Sahl Hasheesh



City المدينة	Hurghada
Where is it? این تقع؟	In the east of Egypt on the Red Sea
How many people live there? كم عدد السكان الذين يعيشون هناك؟	About 190,000 people
Interesting things in Hurghada الأشياء الشيقة بمدينة الغردقة	Sahara Desert - Sahl Hasheesh

Hurghada - My town

Hi, I'm Mariam. I live in a city called Hurghada. It is in the east of Egypt on the Red Sea. It's a big city and about 190,000 people live here. In Hurghada, there is a beach and there are lots of interesting things to do. There is the Sahara Desert where lots of tourists go on safaris. We have Sahl Hasheesh in the south of Hurghada. It has some beautiful houses and interesting bazaars.





Hurghada beach



Sahl Hasheesh, Egypt



Sahara Desert

Check point

- Where does Mariam live?
- 2 Where is Hurghada?

الترجمة:

[•] الغردفة - مدينتي

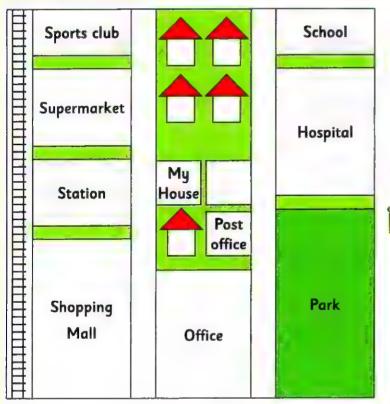




انظر واقرأ:

The people who help us: The supermarket worker

الأشخاص الذين يساعدوننا: عاملة السوبر ماركت،





 (1)
 تعمل فی

 سوبرمارکت
 (2)

 کل آسبوع
 (3)

 نتفحص
 (4)

 طازج
 (5)

This is Mona. She works at (1) the supermarket (2) near my house. My family and I see her every week (3) when we buy food. Mona checks (4) the food is fresh (5). She helps (6) us when we can't find something. She is very kind (7) and happy (8).

(6) يساعد طيب (7) سعيد



Lessons 4 & 5



Remembering
 ●Understanding

Applying

Analyzing

Evaluating

Creating

Listen	and	write	(True)	or (F	alse):
ristell	and	MILLE	(IIIue)	ון וט	aisej.



- Omar lives in Luxor. (
- 2 Hurghada is on the Red sea.
- 3 Hurghada is a small city. ()
- 4 About 190,000 people live in Hurghada. (

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



food - supermarket - fresh - office

Read and match (A) with (B):



- \mathbf{A}
- A: Where is Hurghada?
- 2 I live in a city...
- 3 A: How many people live there?
- 4 Tourists can go on safaris ...

- **B** a. () **B**: About 190,000 people.
 - b. () in the Sahara Desert.
 - c. () The supermarket is near my house.
 - d. () called Hurghada.
 - e. () B : It's in the east of Egypt.

0	Read	the text	and a	nsw	er ti	ne que	stions:
11	Hi, I'm	Mariam.	I live	in a	citu	called	Hurgha



ida. It is in the east of Eqypt on the Red Sea. It's a big city and about 190,000 people live here. In Hurghada, there is a beach and there are lots of interesting things to do. There is the Sahara Desert where lots of tourists go on safaris. We have Sahl Hasheesh in the south of Hurghada. It has some beautiful houses and interesting bazaars.

9	Choose	the	correct	word	from	a, b,	c, or	d:
---	--------	-----	---------	------	------	-------	-------	----

1	The	general	idea	of	the	text	is	about	6300244001v0+642410000000000000000
---	-----	---------	------	----	-----	------	----	-------	------------------------------------

- a) Cairo b) Aswan c) Luxor

- d) Hurghada
- - a) Cairo
- b) Luxor
- c) Sahl Hasheesh
- d) Aswan

Answer the following questions:

- 3 Where is Hurghada?
- Mention two interesting things you can do in Hurghada.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



- a city -I Hurghada live called in.
- 2 many live How in people Hurghada?
- 3 Hasheesh some bazaars interesting has Sahl.

Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements:



"Your city"

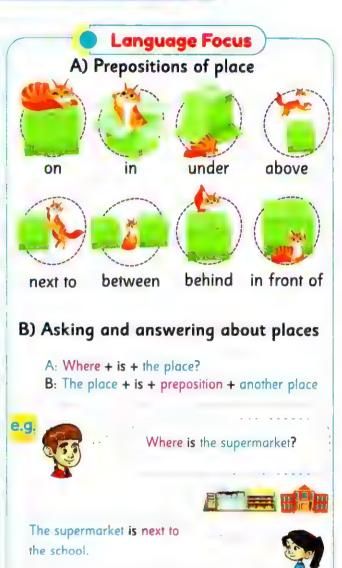
City	Cairo	
teresting things in Cairo	The Nile, Egyptian Museum	





REVIEW











Lesson 1			
	غرفة النومر		مطبخ
	غرفة المعيشة		الحمام
	شرفة (بلكونة)		غرفة الطعام
	خيمة		منزل
	شقة		شارع
	راثع	,	منزل عائم

Lesson 2			
	نهر النيل		قرية
	سوبر مارکت		مدرسة
	مكتب البريد	***************************************	مرکز تجاری
	مستشفى	***************************************	مكتب

Lesson 3			
,	إنه في الزاوية	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	بجانب
	اتجه للأمام مباشرة	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	انعطف يسارًا
	انعطف يمينًا		خذ المنعطف الثاني على اليمين
	خضراوات		قارب سیاحی
(**************************************	مروحة	***************************************	شاحنة صغيرة
	قدم		وجه
	اللغة الصِينية	***************************************	سمكة

WRITING TIME



How to write about your home:

- * I live in a (نوع المنزل) with my family.
- * There is (مكونات المنزل).
- * My favorite is (مكانك المفضل في المنزل).
- * I can (أشياء تفعلها في مكانك المفضل).
- * (باقي أفراد العائلة) likes the (باقي أفراد العائلة).
- * He/She can (أشياء آخر في المكان المفضل).

My home

I live in a house with my family. There is a living room with a big balcony. My favorite is the bedroom. I can relax and do my homework in my bedroom. My mom likes the living room. She can see the whole street.

How to write about different houses:

- * Some people live in + (نوع من أنواع المنازل).
- * It is + (ما يميز هذا المنزل).
- * Other people live in + نوع آخر من المنازل.
- * It is + (ما يميز هذا المنزل).

Different houses

Some people live in tents in the desert. It is made of cloth. Other people live on a houseboat on water. It is small, but some people love living on water. Some people live in a house. It is big. I can play outside.

How to write about your town:

City	اسم مدينتك
Where is it?	مكان المدينة على الخريطة
How many people live there?	عدد سكان المدينة
Interesting things in Hurghada	أماكن شهيرة في المدينة

Your town

I live in a city called Hurghada. It is in the east of Egypt on the Red Sea. It's a big city and about 190,000 people live here. In Hurghada, there are lots of interesting things to do. There is the Sahara Desert where lots of tourists go on safaris. We have Sahl Hasheesh in the south of Hurghada. It has some beautiful houses and interesting bazaars.



STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

0

Look and complete the sentences:



The tent is next to the car.



The pink house is the red house and the yellow house.



There's a plantthe couch.



There are 4 chairs and a table the balcony.

Read and match:



- 1 where we buy food
- 2 where we send letters
- 3 where I learn
- 4 where I buy clothes and shoes
- 5 where my mom and dad work
- where we go when we are sick

- B
- a. () office
- b. () supermarket
- c. () shopping mall
- d. () school
- e. () hospital
- f. () post office

Test yoursell 30







	W W					
Listen and write	e (True) or (False):				(···	
1 Nada works	1 Nada works at school.					
2 The superma	rket is near the hou	ise.			()	
· ·	the food is fresh.				()	
4 Nada is sad.					()	
	F	leading				
Choose the corr	rect answer from a	, b, c, or d:			(<u>A</u>)	
1 The superma	rket is	the corr	ner.		•	
a) in	b) on	c) of		d) at		
2 The hospital i	s	. the shopping	mall and	the park.		
a) next	b) in front			d) above		
3 We watch TV	together in the	045Bb####################################	*** *			
a) bathroom				d) kitchen		
4 The	is the place	e where I buy	clothes an	d shoes.		
a) office	b) school	c) shop	ping mall	d) hospital		
Read and comp	lete the text with	the words in t	the boy:			
nead and comp					3	
	hospital – shopp	ing mall — lett	ers – cloth	es		
There are differen	nt places in my tow	n. We buy fo	od at the s	upermarket. V	Ve send	
	ne post office. I led					
	My mom and dad	work in an o	ffice. We o	go to the	(3)	
when we are sick						
Read and match	n (A) with (B):				4	
A I A: Where	is the post office?	B a. () when w	e feel sick.		
\mathcal{A}		у b. () at the si	upermarket.		
2 I can rela	x and do homework	··· с. () B: It's ne	ext to our hou	se.	
3 We go to	the hospital	d. (ol and the sh	opping	
6 \A/ !-	6 4		mall.			
• vve can b	uy food	(e. () in the b	edroom.		

	rrect word from a		
•	in the		d) couch
a) bed 2 My friend live	b) TV es on a	c) balcony	a) couch
a) tent	b) house	c) apartment	d) houseboo
	lowing question	•	
	nain idea of the tex		
4 Where do pe	ople in the desert li	ve?	
********************	Sort W		
		riting	
eorder the word	to make correct :	sentences:	
favorite - Which	n – is – room – you	ur?	
supermarket – \	Ve — food — buy —	at — the.	
called - I - Hur	 ghada — a city — liv	/e – in.	
-	J		
unctuate the foll	owing:		
rghada is on the	red Sea.		
		FOUR (24)	
/rite a paragraph uiding elements:	or about I WEN I Y	FOUR (24) words usi	ng the followi
	"My h	iouse"	
	living roor	n — balcony	* * * * * * = * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	ilving roor	3	
	iiving roor		***************************************

Solve more exams

Practice more

Different people live in different places. My aunt moved to a new apartment with her

Read the text and answer the questions:

Read and complete the dialog:

live - houseboat - you

Ho	ımza	6	Where	do	*******************************	live?
----	------	---	-------	----	---------------------------------	-------

Hamza: Iin a house.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 The cat is (behind next front) to the box.
- 2 A: (What Where Why) is your school? B: It's behind the park.
- 3 People live in (houseboats apartments tents) in the desert.
- 4 Go straight ahead and then (turn take run) right.
- 5 My parents live in a (cave house tent). This home is made of cloth.

Rearrange the following:

I lives -a - Sherif - city - in.

2 a beach — Hurghada — There — is — in.

.....

- 3 is the Where office post?
- 4 houseboat grandparents My on live a.

NOVEMBER MONTHLY TEST







0	Listen and write (True) or (False):	4
	1 Hazem lives on a farm.	
	2 He lives with his friends.	(
	3 They grow many fruits.	(
	4 He likes to live in the city.	(



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

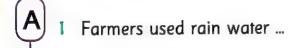
- 1 We have a bigin our new apartment.a) balconyb) tentc) housed) houseboat
- 2 Where the supermarket?
 - a) am b) is c) are d) has
- 3 The elephant is animal.
 - a) bigger b) the biggest c) big d) bigger than
- - a) rivers b) agricultural
- c) deserts
- d) lakes

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



Desert - city - beach - people

Read and match (A) with (B):



- 2 A: Where is the post office?
- 3 I live in a village ...
- 4 Plants that live in the desert ...

- B a. () don't need a lot of water.
 - b. () are dangerous.
 - c. () B: It is in front of the supermarket.
 - d. () to water the plants.
 - e. () next to the Nile.

is	a park. The post	office is on the co	rner of the street. Wh	In front of my house, there en I turn left, I will be next e hospital. My dad's office
is		•	lking in my beautiful	town.
		orrect word fror		
	a) post office2 Hany's dad	is on the cou e b) park works in a/an ket b) school	c) shopping mall	d) supermarketd) hospital
	Answer the f	ollowing question	ons:	
	3 Where is the	e school?Hany like doing?		***************************************
6 R	eorder the wor	ds to make corre	ct sentences:	6
1	work - They -	- tourist – on – bo	at - a.	
2	plants - Which	– in – desert – g	row - the?	
3	eat — for us —	grow — <u>Farmers</u> —	food – to.	
	unctuate the fo	llowing: aves and the flow	vers omar?	1
(8) W	/rite a paragrap uiding element:	h of about TWENT	TY FOUR (24) words	using the following
			partment"	
1		_	are there in your ap	partment?
		Vhat is your favo	rite room?	

Read the text and answer the questions:

Where do you work? أين تعمل؟



Unit Overview

Student's Book Exercises



Al-Azhar



Answers 100%



- By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:
 - listen, read, and write about workers in my community.
 - · learn about electricity.
 - practice using "this, that, these, those".
 - practice word stress.
 - think and write about the pros and cons of different jobs.
 - make a report about workers in my community.

• بنهايه هذه الوحدة، سيكون التلميذ قادرًا على أن:

تستمع، يقن وتكتب عن العمال في المجتمع،

يتعلم عن الكهرباء.

- يتدرب على استحدام "this, that, these, those".

يتدرب على نطق المقاطع المشددة.

لفكر ولكلت عن الحاليات وسينات وطائف محييفة.

- يقوم بعمل تقرير عن العمال في المجتمع،

A broken faucet dripping once per second can waste more than 13.000 liters of water in a year.

Town York (Arme)

• To become a plumber, you get into this job through a college course, an apprenticeship, working towards this role, or applying directly. You'll need the ability to use, repair, and maintain machines and tools.



Lesson 1 I Love My Job





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



electrician کهربائی



plumber سباك



mechanic میکانیکی



mail carrier



garbage collector جامع القمامة



bus driver سائق أتوبيس



Extra vocabulary						
job	وظيفة	wet (adj.)	مبتل	messy (adj.)	فوضوى	
pipes	مواسير المياه	faucet	صنبور المياه	different (adj.)	مختلف	
young (adj.)	صغير السن	well	حسنًا	better (adj.)	أفضل	
parcel	 طر د	trash	قمامة	interesting (adj.)	شيق	
difficult (adj.)	معب	tons	أطنان	garbage	قمامة	

	Conj	ugation of v	الأفعال erbs	تمریف	
	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمة)
Present		Past	Present		Past
fix	يصلح	fixed	happen	يحدث	happened
hope	يأمل	hoped	wait	ينتظر	waited
arrive	يصل	arrived	talk	يتحدث	talked
collect	يجمع	collected			
	Irregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
is/are (be)	يكون	was/were	drive	يقود	drove
forget	ینسی	forgot	take	يأخذ	took

	Expressions	and Phrases —	
have to	يضطر إلى	What happened?	ماذا حدث؟
don't really like	لا أحبه	much better at	أفضل كثيرًا في
What about you?	ماذا عنك؟	make things work	اجعل الأشياء تعمل
here's	ها هو هنا	take out	يتخلص من
lots of	الكثير من	work hard	يعمل بجد

Did you know?

Cairo produces around 20.000.000 tons of garbage every year. Garbage collectors work hard to collect it all.

تنتج القاهرة حوالي ٢٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠ طن من القمامة كل عام. جامعو القمامة يعملون بجد لجمع كل ذلك.



Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 A (mechanic driver plumber electrician) fixed pipes and faucets.
- 2 A garbage collector collects (buses trash parcels cars).
- 3 A/An (mechanic driver plumber electrician) drives to many different places.
- 4 A (garbage collector bus driver mail carrier mechanic) brings us the parcels.



Let's say it right!

- ﴿ لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (ci) ينطقان /ʃ/ (ش) كما في كلمة (electrician).
 - ﴿ لاحظ أن حرف الـ (b) لا يُنطق (silent) في كلمة (plumber).
 - ﴿ لاحظ أن حرف الـ (g) ينطق /dʒ/ (دج) في كلمة (garbage).

Vocabulary Check

The nouns of some jobs come from (verb + er/or):

تأتى بعض أسماء الوظائف من (فعل + er/or):

e.g.	plumb	plumber	collect	collector
	carry	carrier	drive	driver





Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Zeinab

Dad, do you like your job?

ى، هل بعجبك عملك؟

Yes, I love being a plumber. Sometimes it's wet and messy because I have to fix pipes and faucets.

نعم ، أحب أن أكون سباكًا. في بعض الأحيان يكون الأمر مبللًا وفوضويًا لأنني يجب أن أصلح المواسير والحنفيات.





Zeinab

Did you want to do a different job when you were young?

هل أردت القيام بعمل مختلف عندما كنت صغيرًا؟

Yes, I wanted to be a bus driver or a mechanic.

نعم ، أردت أن أصبح سائق أتوبيس أو ميكانيكيًّا.





Zeinab

So what happened?

اذًا ماذا حدث؟

Well, I don't really like driving! I was much better at fixing pipes and faucets than cars!

حسنًا ، أنا لا أحب القيادة حقًّا! كنت أفضل بكثير في إصلاح المواسير والحنفيات عن السيارات!





Zeinab

What about you, Youssef? Do you like being an electrician?

وماذا عنك يا يوسف؟ هل تحب أن تكون كهربائيًّا؟

Yes, I love making things work!

نعم، أحب أن أجعل الأشباء تعمل!





Dad

Oh look, here's the mail carrier! I hope he has my parcel...

أوه ، انظر ، ها هو ساعي البريد! أتمني أن يكون لديه طردي ...

And there's the garbage collector! Oh, I forgot to take out the trash! Wait please ...

وهناك جامع قمامة! أوه، لقد نسيت إخراج القمامة! انتطر من فضلك ...





Language Notes

- Expressing likes:

التعبير عن المفضلات:

e.g. I love being a plumber.

- Expressing necessity:

التعبير عن الضرورة:

eg I have to fix pipes and faucets.





Lesson 1



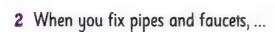
Remembering ● Understanding — Applying ● Analyzing ● Evaluating ● Creating

	D	Li	sten and write	e (True) or (False):			4	
1		1	Amr is an ele	ctrician.		()	
		2	Amr has to fix	()			
j	3,	3	It's never wet	()			
S. Carlot		4	People are alv	ways pleased to see the	plumber.	()	
	3	C	hoose the cor	rect answer from a, b,	, c, or d:		4	
200		1	Noha forgot t	to take out the trash for	the			
i i			a) electrician	b) garbage collector	c) mechanic	d) plumber		
		2	If you have a p	problem with pipes or fauce	ets in your house, you	need a		
Į			a) mail carrie	er b) plumber	c) mechanic	d) bus drive	er	
	ارد	3	I always want	ted to be a/an	I love fixing	cars and buses.		
ļ			a) bus driver	b) mechanic	c) electrician	d) plumber		
		4	A mail carrier	r brings us	e4 4			
200			a) pipes	b) faucets	c) parcels	d) cars		
	3	R	ead and comp	plete the text with the	words in the box		3	
				mechanic — trash — ele	ectrician — faucets			
		Dif	ferent people	have different jobs. A	plumber fixes pipe	s and(1)		
		A r	nechanic fixes	cars. An(2) m	akes things work. A	mail carrier h	as our	
		pai	rcels. A garbag	ge collector takes the	(3) I think	being a bus dr	iver is	
	the most interesting job. You drive to many different places and help lots of people.							









I like being an electrician.

4 I wanted to be a bus driver ...

) I love making things work.

) it's sometimes wet and messy.

) B: Yes, I love being a plumber.

) when I was young. d. (

) I forget to take out the trash.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



1 like – an electrician – Do – you – being?

2 forgot – out – the trash – I – take – to.

3 want – driver – to – bus – be – I - a.

Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements:



"Different jobs"

"Which job is the most interesting? - Whu?"

•	j	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
*****************************	***************************************	***************************************
**************************		***************





Lesson 2 Is It Near or Far?





Demonstrative pronouns

أسماء الإشارة

We use "Demonstrative pronouns" to say how close an object is to the speaker. نستخدم «أسماء الإشارة» لتوضيح مدى قرب الأشياء من المتحدث.

For singular or uncountable nouns

للأسماء المفرد أو الأسماء التي لا تعد

This

تستخدم للإشارة إلى اسم مفرد / غير معدود قريب.

اسم مفرد singular noun This is +

uncountable noun اسم غير معدود

That

تستخدم للإشارة إلى اسم مفرد / غير معدود بعيد.

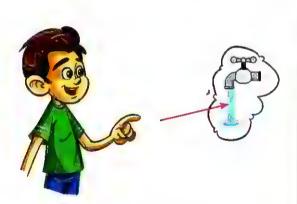
singular noun اسمر مفرد

......uncountable noun اسم غير معدود



This is the faucet the plumber is fixing. (near)

هذا هو الصنبور الذي يقوم السباك بإصلاحه.



That is the water dripping from the faucet. (far)

هذه المياه المتساقطة من الصنبور.

For plural nouns

للأسماء الجمع

These

تستخدم للإشارة إلى اسم جمع قريب،

اسم جمع plural noun اسم جمع



These are the electrician's tools. (near)

هذه هي أدوات عامل الكهرباء.

Those

تستخدم للإشارة إلى اسم جمع بعيد.

اسم جمع plural noun اسم جمع المحالمة phose are +



Those are the mail carrier's parcels. (far)

تلك هي طرود ساعي البريد.

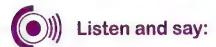
Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 (This That The These) are the plumber's tools.
- 2 The mail carrier delivered (this they these those) parcel.
- 3 That (am do is are) the school bus.
- 4 That is the (mechanics drivers plumber electricians) who came to our house.







استمع وقل:

Mein vocabulary						
storm	عاصفة	lightning	البرق			
electric shock	صدمة كهربائية	socket	مقبس الكهرياء			
plug	فيشة					

	_	Extra ve	eabulary		
electrical (adj.)	کھرہی	interview	مقابلة شخصية	dangerous (adj.)	خطير
safely	بأمان	speed	سرعة	light	ضوء
flash	وميض	dry (adj.)	جاف		

تصريف الأفعال: Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
study	يدرس	studied	practice	يتدرب	practiced
travel	يسافر	traveled	control	يتحكم	controlled
touch	يلمس	touched	use	يستخدم	used
	Irregular verbs		'	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
become	يصبح	became	know	يعرف	knew
aet	يحصل على	got	burn	يحرق	burnt

Expressions and Phrases

know how to	يعرف كيف أن
work safely	يعمل بأمان
close to	قريبة من
for a year	لمدة عامر
How fast?	كم سرعة؟
make sure	يتأكد
put (something) into	يضع (شيئًا ما) في

Vocabulary Check

Adjectives & opposites:

safe مبتل wet خطیر x dangerous مبتل wet



انظر واقرأ:

Amira the electrician

This is Amira, she's an electrician (1). She studied and practiced for three years before (2) she became an electrician. She knows how to work safely with electricity.



Interviewer: Tell us something interesting(3) about

electricity.

Amira : Did you know, electricity travels very fast, close

to the speed of light.

In a storm, we sometimes see a flash of

lightning. That flash has enough electricity for

1,000 families for a year!

(1)كهرباتي (2)

(3)شيق

(4)أجسامنا

(5)مبتل

Interviewer: Is electricity dangerous?

: Yes, very dangerous. If we get an electric shock, we Amira

can't control our bodies (4). It can also burn us.

Interviewer: How can we use electricity safely?

: Never touch anything electrical with Amira

wet (5) hands. Never put anything into

a socket, only use plugs.



Check point

1 How fast can electricity travel?



2 How can we use electricity safely?

🛚 هذه هي أميرة. إنها عاملة كهرياء. درست وتدربت على العمل لمدة ٣ أعوام قبل أن تصبح عاملة كهرياء. هي تعرف كيفية الثعامل بأمان مع الكهرياء.

برعة الضوء، في بعض الأحيان نرى وميضًا من البرق في أثناء العاصفة. هذا الوميض به كهرباء كافية لـ ١٠٠٠ أسرة لمدة عام.



 المذيعة: كيف يمكننا استخدام الكهرباء بأمان؟ أميرة: لا تلمس أبدًا أي شيء كهربي ويدك مبللة. يجب ألا نضع أي شيء في مقبس الكهرباء عدا القيش.



Lesson 2



• Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

0	Li	sten and wi	rite (True) or (Fa	lse):				(-	4
1	ı	Amira is a r	mechanic.					()
g	2 Amira studied and practiced for three years.							()
			touches anything				hands.	()
3		She only us						()
					L	. مالم			_
6	C		orrect answer fr					(4
	1		we see a flash of				1) 1: -L		
		a) water	b) sky				d) lightning		
- C-	2		anything electric						
(C)	_	a) dry	b) wet	C)	two		d) fast		
T	3		are my books.	-)	This		d) The		
	e.		b) Those bird is so near			الميد	a) The		
	4						d) Those		
19		a) Iriai	b) This	C)	They		u) Those		
(3)	R	ead and ma	tch (A) with (B):					(4
0.00	A	1 Electrici	ty travels very fa	st,	B	a. () are driving the	new bu:	ses.
		2 Those of				b. () B: Yes, very da	ngerou	S.
		2 These of				c. () close to the spe	ed of lig	ght.
i i		3 A: Is ele	ectricity dangerous	s? ·		d. () the mechanic's	tools.	
		4 Those of	drivers			e. () No, it's very sa	fe.	
0	R	ead the text	and answer the	quest	tions:			(-	4
8	Mı.	dad is an	electrician. He st	udied	and pr	actice	d for three years	before	he

My dad is an electrician. He studied and practiced for three years before he became an electrician. Electricity is interesting; it can <u>travel</u> very fast, close to the speed of light. Electricity can also be dangerous. If we get an electric shock, we can't control our bodies. It can also burn us. My dad knows how to work safely with electricity. He never touches electrical things with wet hands. He never puts anything into a socket. He uses only plugs.

9	G.	Choose the correct	t word from a, b	, c, or d:	
	1	My dad is a/an			
		a) electrician	b) plumber	c) teacher	d) bus drive
	2	The underlined word	"travel" in the po	assage means	
).)		a) go by plane I	b) go by train	c) move	d) go by bu
	Ų	Answer the following	ing questions:		
	3	How can electricity	be dangerous?		
	4	What does dad do t	to work safely wi	th electricity?	
5		rder the words to m			6
	I C	an — use — safely — <u>H</u>	low – we – electr —	icity?	
3	2 to	ols — <u>These</u> — plumbe	er's — are - the.		
	3 p	ut – socket – a – into	- <u>Never</u> - anyth	ing.	
6	Writ	e a paragraph of abouing elements:	ut TWENTY FOUR	(24) words us	sing the following
		"How	to work safely	with electric	ity"
		e	electric shock — on	y use plugs	*
	****		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		

1	```				
160					



Lesson 3







Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



screwdriver

مفك

learn about

get angry



tape measure

شريط قياس



blocks

مكعبات

		Extra vo	cabulary		
child	طفل	curious (adj.)	فضولي/محب للاستطلاع	radio	راديو
cell phone	هاتف محمول	safety	الأمان	top	قمة
older (adj.)	أكبر سنًّا	little (adj.)	قليل / صغير	patient (adj.)	صبور
adults	بالغون	architect	مهندس معماري	help	مساعدة

تصريف الأفعال - Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verb	s		أفعـــال منتظمــة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
experiment	يجرب	experimented	carry	يحمل	carried
open	يفتح	opened	work	يعمل	worked
start	يبدأ	started	change	يغير	changed
أفعال غير منتظمة lrregular verbs					
Present		Past	Present		Past
put	يضع	put	make	يصنع	made

	and Phrases	Expressions
مساعدة الناس	helping people	يتعلم عن
يتصلون ببعضهم	call each other	يغضب

ثلاثة أبناء عمومة Three cousins



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Lara, Talia, and Amir are cousins (1), but they are all very different (2).



When Lara was a child, she loved to experiment. She was very curious. She always carried a screwdriver and she opened old radios, cell phones, and anything that had electricity. Her

أبناء العم/ الخال (1) مختلف (2)

favorite question was "How does it work?" She learned about safety with electricity.

عندما كانت لارا طفلة، كانت تحب التجربة. كانت فضولية جدًّا. كانت تحمل مفكًّا دائمًا وتفتح أجهزة الراديو القديمة والهواتف المحمولة وأى شىء يعمل بالكهرباء. كان سؤالها المفضل: «كيف يعمل؟» تعلمت عن السلامة مع الكهرباء،



Talia

When Talia was a baby, she played with blocks. She put one block on top of another.
When she was older, she started



making things. She made a little house for her dog and a bed for her sister's doll (3). She always carried a tape measure and a pencil.

عندما كانت تاليا طفلة، كانت تلعب بالمكعبات. كانت تضع قطعة مكعبات فوق الأخرى. عندما كبرت، بدأت فى صنع الأشياء. صنعت منزلاً صغيرًا لكلبها وسريرًا لدمية أختها. كانت تحمل دائمًا شريط قياس وقلم رصاص.





Amir was always very patient and he liked helping people. Sometimes, big brothers can get angry at their little brothers, but Amir was never angry. He played, he helped, and he explained (4) things all the time.

بشرح

Amir

Today, Lara, Talia, and Amir are all adults, but they still call each other when they need some help.

كان أمير دائمًا صبورًا جدًّا وكان يحب مساعدة الناس، في بعض الأحيان، قد يغضب الإخوة الكبار من إخوانهم الصغار، لكن أمير لم يغضب أبدًا. لقد كان يلعب، ويساعد، ويشرح الأمور طوال الوقت، اليوم، لارا وتاليا وأمير جميعهم بالغون، لكنهم ما زالوا يتصلون ببعضهم البعض عندما يحتاجون إلى بعض المساعدة.



We use the comma (,) to: List things:

نستخدم العلامة الفاصلة (,) لك: نضع قائمة بالأشياء:

- e.g.
- She opened old radios, cell phones, and anything that had electricity.
- He played, he helped, and he explained things all the time.

Check point

1	What did Lara always carry when she was a child?
2	What did Talia play with when she was a baby?





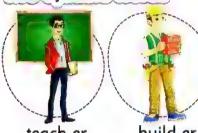
Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

A syllable is a part of a word that contains a single vowel sound.

المقطع اللفظي هو جزء من كلمة، ويحتوي على صوت متحرك واحد.





teach-er <u>build-er</u>



plumb-er ساك



den-tist طبیب أسنان



doc-tor طبیب



كلمات ذات مقطعين:

driv-er سائق

Three-syllable words

me-chan-ic

میکانیکی





ar-chi-tect

كلمات ذات أربعة مقاطع: Four-syllable word





<u>el - ec- tri- cian</u> کهربائی

Stress:

التأكيد/التشديد:

The way in which a part of a word is emphasized more than the other parts while speaking. الطريقة التي يتمر بها التأكيد على نطق جزء من الكلمة أكثر من الأجزاء الأخرى في أثناء التحدث.

Stress on the first syllable		Stress on the second of	
	الشدة على المقطع الأول	٥	الشدة على المقطع الثاني أو الثالب
architect	år-chitect	mechanic —	me-chan-ic
builder	build-er	electrician ——	elec- i ri-cian
teacher	teach-er		
driver	driv-er		
plumber	plumb-er		
doctor	doc-tor		
dentist	dent-ist		

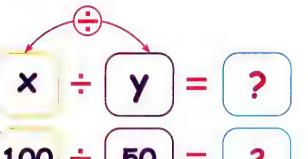






Read and notice:

اقرأ ولاحظ:



100 divided by 50 is 2



100 divided by 2 is 50

e.g. There are 400 children going on a school trip.

Each bus carries 50 students.

How many buses do they need?

Answer: $400 \div 50 = 8$ buses.





I can find it out!

The symbol (÷) used by the Swiss mathematician - Johan Rahnn - is called obelus.





Did you know?

A mathematician works with numbers and math problems.

عالم الرياضيات يعمل مع الأرقام والمسائل الحسابية.







Lesson 3



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

0	Listen and write (True) or (False):	4
7	1 Ola doesn't like blocks.	(
	2 Ola started making things when she was older.	(
	3 She made a toy for her dog.	(
di L	4 She made a bed for her sister's doll.	(

electricity - electrician - teacher - screwdriver

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

(8) Read and match (A) with (B):



Lara, Talia, and Amir are now ...
When Lara was a child, ...
My baby brother likes ...

Amir is very patient, ...

- a. () she loved to experiment.b. () he never gets angry.
- c. () all adults.
- d. () playing with blocks.
- e. () he is always angry.





Read the text and answer the questions:



Omar was always very patient and he liked helping people. Sometimes, big brothers can get angry at their little brothers, but Omar was never angry. He played, he helped and he <u>explained</u> things all the time. Now, Omar is a teacher. He likes his job. He teaches kids lots of important information. All the students love him and tell him their secrets.

0	Choose the	correct word	from	a, b,	C,	or	d:
---	------------	--------------	------	-------	----	----	----

1 Omar was very		,
-----------------	--	---

- Officer was very
 - a) angry b) sad
- sad c) happy
- d) patient
- 2 The underlined word "explained" means he made the things
 - a) bad
- b) hard
- c) clear
- d) long

Answer the following questions:

- 3 Why do all the students love Omar?
- 4 Summarize the main idea of the text.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



1 does – work – How - it?

2 made - a - She - house - little.

3 use - to - things - open - We - screwdriver.

Punctuate the following:



He played he helped, and he explained things all the time







Lessons 4 & 5







Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

	ومنا الله المحالية المحالية المحالية	The same of the sa	The there is the same of the s
pros	إيجابيات	cons	سلبيات
on the one hand	من ناحية	on the other hand	من ناحية أخرى

Extra vocabulary

points	نقاط	outside	بالخارج
great (adj.)	رائع	weather	طقس
fun	ممتع	exercise	تمارين
easy (adj.)	سهل	mail bag	حقيبة البريد
heavy (adj.)	ثقيل	paragraph	فقرة

تمريف الأفعال: Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verb	s		أفعيال منتظمية
Present	j	Past	Present	Past
walk	يمشى	walked	start	started یبدأ
	Irregular verb	s		أفعال غير منتظمة
Present		Past	Present	Past
		got	meet	met يقابل

Expressions and Phrases

all day	طوال اليومر	think about	يفكر في
wake up early	يستيقظ مبكرا		



What are the good and bad things about the job?

ما هب الأشياء الجيدة والسيئة فب الوظيفة؟



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Infroduction

My name is Sherifa. In class this week, we're talking about (1) the good and bad things about different jobs (2). My aunt is a mail carrier in America. I talked to her about her job and she told me some of the pros and cons.



The pros of being a mail currier

What's it like to be a mail carrier?

There are some good and bad points about the job.

On the one hand, mail carriers are outside all day. This is great when the weather is good, but it's not fun when the weather is very hot or cold. Mail carriers walk all day and get a lot of exercise. Everybody likes getting mail, so everyone likes meeting the mail carrier.



The cers of boing a mail currier

On the other hand, there are also some bad things to think about. Being a mail carrier is not an easy job. The mail bag is very heavy. Another bad thing is that they wake up (s) very early. My aunt starts work at 6 o'clock in the morning.



- ريفة. هذا الأسبوع نحن نتحدث في الفصل عن إيجابيات وسلبيات لوظائف مختلفة. تعمل عمتي ساعي بريد في أمريكا. لقد تحدثت إليها بخصوص وظبفتها وأخبرتني ببعض
- هناك العديد من الجوانب الإيجابية والسلبية لهذه الوظيفة. من جانب، يتواجد سعاة البريد بالخارج طوال اليوم. هذا رائع إذا كان الطقس جيدًا ولكنه ليس ممتعًا عندما يكون الجو حارًا جدًّا أو باردًّا. يسير سعاة البريد طوال اليوم، مما يجعلهم يحصلون على الكثير من التمارين يرغب الجميع في تلقى البريد لذلك يحب الجميع لقاء ساعي البريد. على الجانب الآخر يوجد بعض السلبيات التي يجب أخذها في الاعتبار. إنه ليس من السهل العمل كساعي بريد؛ حقيبة البريد ثقيلة جدًّا. واحدة من السلبيات أيضًا، هي الاستيقاظ

Pros and cons of being a mail carrier

إيجابيات وسلبيات وظيفة ساعب البريد

Pros إيجابيات (good things)

- It is great when the weather is good.
 - إنها رائعة عندما يكون الطقس جيدًا.
- Walking and getting a lot of exercise.
 - المشي والحصول على الكثير من التمارين.
- Everybody likes getting mail, so everyone likes meeting the mail carrier.

يحب الجميع الحصول على البريد ، لذلك يحب الجميع مقابلة ساعى البريد.

Cons سلبیات **X** (bad things)

- It's not easy.
- لىس عملًا سهلًا.
- It's not fun when the weather is very hot or cold.
 - ليست ممتعة عندما يكون الطقس حارًّا جدًّا أو باردًا،
- The mail bag is very heavy.
 - حقيبه البريد ثقيلة جدًّا.
- Waking up early.
- الاستيقاظ مبكرًا جدًّا.







Workers who made our school

العمال الذين صنعوا مدرستنا



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:



The plumbers connect the pipes so that we have water.

يقوم السباكون بتوصيل المواسير حتى نحصل على المياه.



The electricians connect electricity so that we can use lights.

يقوم الكهربائيون بتوصيل الكهرباء حتى نتمكن من استخدام الأضواء.



The cleaners keep the school clean.

عمال النظافة يحافظون على نظافة المدرسة.



The bus drivers bring the children to school.

سائقو الأتوبيسات يجلبون الأطفال إلى المدرسة.



The garbage collectors take away our garbage.

يقوم جامعو القمامة بأخذ القمامة بعيدًا.



The mechanics fix the cars and buses that bring the children to school.

الميكانيكيون يصلحون السيارات والحافلات التي تجلب الأطفال إلى المدرسة.



Lessons 4 & 5



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

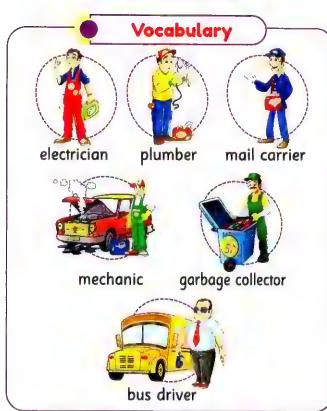
	Listen and write (True) or (False):	(4
	1 My uncle is a cleaner.	()
	2 He works indoors.	()
1	3 He gets a lot of exercise.	()
	4 He starts work at 6 o'clock in the morning.	()
	Read and complete the text with the words in the box:	(-	3
	nice — hot — walk — outside		
	There are some good and bad points about being a mail carrier	. On the	one
	hand, mail carriers are(1) all day. This is great when t	he weathe	r is
	good, but it's not fun when the weather is very(2) or cold.	. Mail carr	iers
	(3) all day and get a lot of exercise.		
	Read and match (A) with (B):	(-	4
The state of the s	A 1 The plumber connects the pipes B a. () and get a lo	t of exerci	se.
	2 Mail carriers walk all day	ıve water.	
	c. () bring childre 3 The electricians connect electricity d. () so that we connect the connect electricity and the connect electricity		

) take away our garbage.

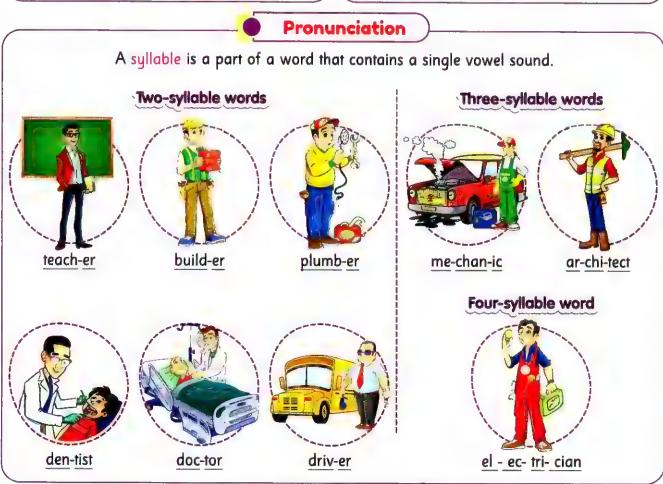
4 The garbage collectors...



Mil REVIEW









Unit 5 CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



Lesson 1		
	میکانیکی	 جامع القمامة
.,.,,	ساعى البريد	 سائق أتوبيس
	ماسورة	 كهربائى
	صنبور	 سباك

Lesson 2		
	صدمة كهربائية	 كهرباء
	مقبس كهرياء	 برق
	وميض	 فْيشة

Lesson 3			
	مدرس	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	مفك
	طبيب		شريط القياس
,	طبيب أسـنان		مكعبات
	مهندس معماري		عامل بناء

WRITING TIME



How to write about different jobs:

- اسم الوظيفة) I'm a/an
- 2 I love being a/an (اسم الوظيفة) because (السبب)
- 3 Sometimes it's (معلومات عن الوظيفة)
- 4 I have to (متطلبات الوظيفة)

My job (plumber - faucet)

I'm a plumber. I love being a plumber because I like being able to help people when they have a big problem. Sometimes, it's wet and messy because I have to fix pipes and faucets.

How to write about electricity:

- 1 Electricity is (من صفات الكهرباء)
- 2 Electricity can (من صفات الكهرباء)
- (تعليمات الأمان) Never
- 4 Use (تعليمات الأمان)

Electricity (dangerous - socket)

Electricity is interesting; it can travel very fast, close to the speed of light.

Electricity can also be dangerous.

You should use electricity safely. Never touch electrical things with wet hands.

Never put anything into a socket. Use only plugs.

How to write about pros and cons of a job:

- 1 "On the one hand" (الحاليات)
- 2 "On the other hand" (سلبيات)

The pros and cons of being a mail carrier (walk - heavy)

On the one hand, mail carriers walk all day and get a lot of exercise. Everybody likes getting mail, so everyone likes meeting the mail carrier. On the other hand, the mail bag is very heavy.

Another bad thing is that they wake up very early.

STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

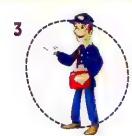
Look and write:

bus driver - electrician - garbage collector - mail carrier - mechanic - plumber



electrician











Look, read, and complete:

That - These - This - Those



1 Can you see?

.....'s the mail carrier. (far)



2children are going to.

school, (near)



.....is my aunt. Her name is Amira. She's a teacher. (near)



4children are watching TV. (far)

Change the sentences into plural:

- 1 This is the faucet in my bathroom.
- 2 That is the mechanic who fixed my car.
- 3 This is the garbage collector who collects our trash.
- That is the plumber who comes to our house.





UNIT 5





0	Listen and write (True) or (False):	4
1	Mail carriers work inside all day.	(
2	Mail carriers don't get any exercise.	(
3	Mail carriers carry heavy mail bags.	(
4	Mail carriers wake up very late.	(

Reading

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:



1	If you have a	a problem with p	ipes in your house,	you need a	
	a) mail carrie	er b) plumber	c) teacher	d) doctor	
2	************************	are the plumber	s screwdrivers.		
	a) This	b) These	c) That	d) The	

- 3 You need a/an to fix the car.
 - a) bus driver b) builder c) mechanic d) electrician
- 4 apples are on the tree. I can't get them.
- a) Those b) This c) That d) these
- Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



collector - pipes - mechanics - electricians

Read and match (A) with (B):



- 1 The plumber connects the pipes ...
- 2 That's the water dripping ...
- 3 My uncle is a mail carrier.
- 4 We can measure objects ...

- a. () with a tape measure.
- b. () He carries heavy mail bags all day.
- c. () from the faucet.
- d. () so that we have water.
- e. () She explains new things all the time. 2022 أحارة غرب القامرة إدارة غرب القامرة على المناطقة القامرة إدارة غرب القامرة إدارة خرب القامرة إدارة إدارة

(5)	Read the text and answer the questions	•	(
	My name is Tamer. I want to be a mail cannot fun when the weather is very hot or collectricity. He likes to connect electricity, s	ld. My brother want adios, cell phones, c	s to be an electrician. Ind anything that has
	wants to be a dentist to help sick people.		
	Choose the correct word from a, b		
	1 Tamer's brother wants to be a/an		
	a) engineer b) electrician		d) teacher
	a) Tamerb) Tamer's father		d) Tamer's mother
	Answer the following questions:		
	3 Why does Tamer want to be a ma	il carrier?	***************************************
	4 Summarize the text in two sentences		\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$
	Writ	ting	
6	Reorder the words to make correct s	entences:	6
	1 use - How - electricity - we - safely	– can?	حافظة القاهرة - إدارة المرج 2022
	2 connects - pipes - A plumber - fauc	ets — and.	
	3 keeps - school - The cleaner - the -	clean.	
7	Punctuate the following:		
	is electricity dangerous		
(8	Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FO	UR (24) words using	the following
	"Different	jobs"	
	electrician –	plumber	
			····









85:100% Well done!



Read and complete the dialog:

collector - school - cleaner

Adam: Who cleans our?

Ali : The keeps the school clean.

Adam : And the garbage takes away our garbage.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 The (mail carrier electricians plumber) delivers mails and parcels.
- 2 (This These That) are the plumbers' screwdrivers.
- 3 The (driver mechanic plumber) connects pipes and faucets to give us water.
- 4 Sara used (this those these) screwdriver to open old cell phones.
- 5 We use (tape measure screwdriver blocks) to open things.

Rearrange the following:

1 an - Amira - is - electrician.

2 can - use - How - safely - we - electricity?

3 buses — The mechanic — fixes — cars — and.

.....

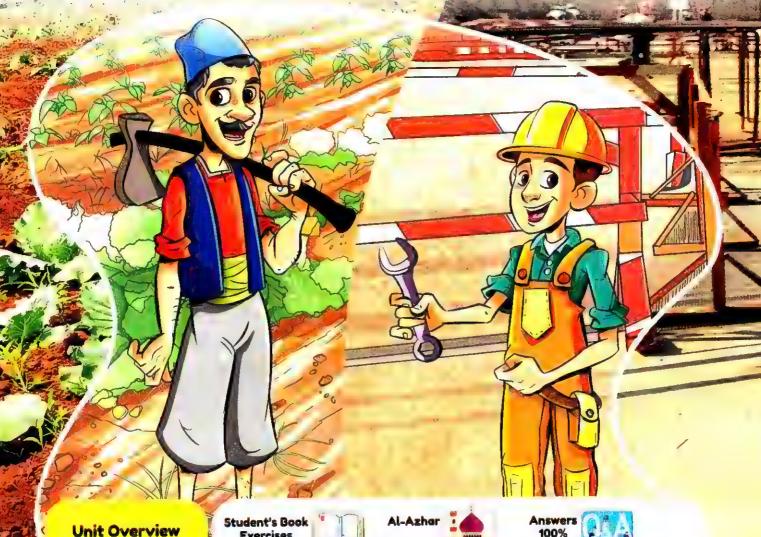
4 can - Electricity - very - dangerous - be.

Unit

What do you do?

ماذا تعمل؟





Exercises







بنهایة هذه الوحدة، سیکون التلمیذ قادرًا علی أن:

- By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:
- read and learn more about jobs.
- explore what an industry is and the names of some common industries.
 - يكتشف ما هي الصباعة وأسماء بعض الصناعات الشائعة.

- know about prime numbers.
- distinguish and pronounce short vowel sounds.
- · learn about words with the prefix "dis-".
- write about a job he/she wants to do.

- - يتعرف على الأرقام الأولية.

- يقرأ ويتعلم أكثر عن الوظائف.

- يميز نطق أصوات الحروف القصيرة.
- يتعلم عن الكلمات التي تحتوى على البادئة "-dis".
 - يكتب عن الوظيفة التي يريد أن يعمل بها.

Did you know!

 In 2019, about 13 million tourists came to Egypt. Tourists can go to different places, including the Pyramids in Giza and the Egyptian Museum in Cairo.

Incanifind it out

• I live in Cairo. People in my city work in different industries. Some of them work in tourism, other people work in education.



Lesson 1 What Do You Do?





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main Versabeiter



fisherman

صباد سمك



farmer

مزارع



quide

مرشد



librarian

أمين المكتبة

Extra vocabulary

early	مبكرا	boat	قارب	market	سوق
restaurant	مطعمر	nutrients	عناصر غذائية	factory	مصنع
tourism industry	٠ مجال السياحة	country	دولة	tourists	سياح
history	تاريخ	children	أطفال	<u>information</u>	معلومات

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
pick	يقطف	picked	explain	يشرح	explained
	Irregular verbs		'	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
wake up	يستيقظ	woke up	catch	يمسك	caught
sell	يبيع	sold	send	يرسل	sent

Expressions and Phrases

catch fish	يصطاد سمكًا	all over the world	في كل أنحاء العالم
give (trees) water	يروى الأشجا <mark>ر</mark>	on the sea	في البحر

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Ahmed is a (farmer librarian quide fisherman). He works in the tourism industry.
- 2 I'm a fisherman, I go on a (car bus boat plane) and catch fish.
- 3 A (farmer librarian guide fisherman) grows oranges.
- 4 A librarian works in a (tourism industry school library school garden house).



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

What jobs do these people do?



I'm a fisherman. I wake up very early every day, I go out⁽¹⁾ on my boat and catch fish. Then, in the afternoon, I come back⁽²⁾ and sell my fish in the market. My fish go to restaurants and homes all over the world.

أنا صياد سمك، أستيقظ مبكرًا جدًّا كل يوم، أخرج على قاربى وأصطاد السمك، ثم بعد الظهر، أعود وأبيع السمك في السوق، أسماكي تذهب إلى المطاعم والمنازل في جميع أنحاء العالم.



يخرج (1)

يعود (2)



I'm a farmer. I grow oranges. All year, I look after (3) the trees and I give them water and nutrients. Then, I pick the fruit (4). I send a lot of the fruit to the factory to make orange juice. I also sell some of my oranges to the supermarket.

أنا مزارع، أنا أزرع البرتقال، طوال العام، أعتنى بالأشجار وأعطيها الماء والغذاء، ثم أقطف الثمار، أرسل الكثير من الفاكهة إلى المصنع لصنع عصير البرتقال، أبيع أيضًا بعضًا من البرتقال الخاص بي إلى السوير ماركت،

(3)	یعتنی بـ
(4)	ثمار - فاكهة



I'm a guide. I work in the tourism industry. People come to my country and it's my job (5) to explain the history and tell (6) the tourists lots of interesting information about the places they visit.

أنا مرشد أعمل في مجال السياحة. يأتي الناس إلى بلدى، وتتمثل وظيفتى في شرح التاريخ وإخبار السياح بالعديد من المعلومات الشيقة حول الأماكن التي يزورونها.

(5)	وظيفة
(6)	يخبر



I'm a librarian. I work in a school library. It's my job to look after all the books. I buy lots of new books and I help children find the information they need.

أنا أمين مكتبة، أعمل في مكتبة مدرسية. وظيفتي هي الاعتناء بكل الكتب. أشترى الكثير من الكتب الجديدة، وأساعد الأطفال في العثور على المعلومات التي يحتاجون إليها،



Read and notice:

اقرأ ولاحظ:

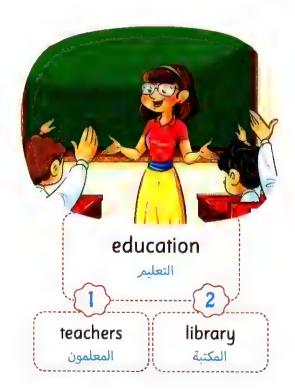
Industries and things connected to them:

الصناعات والأشياء المرتبطة بها:









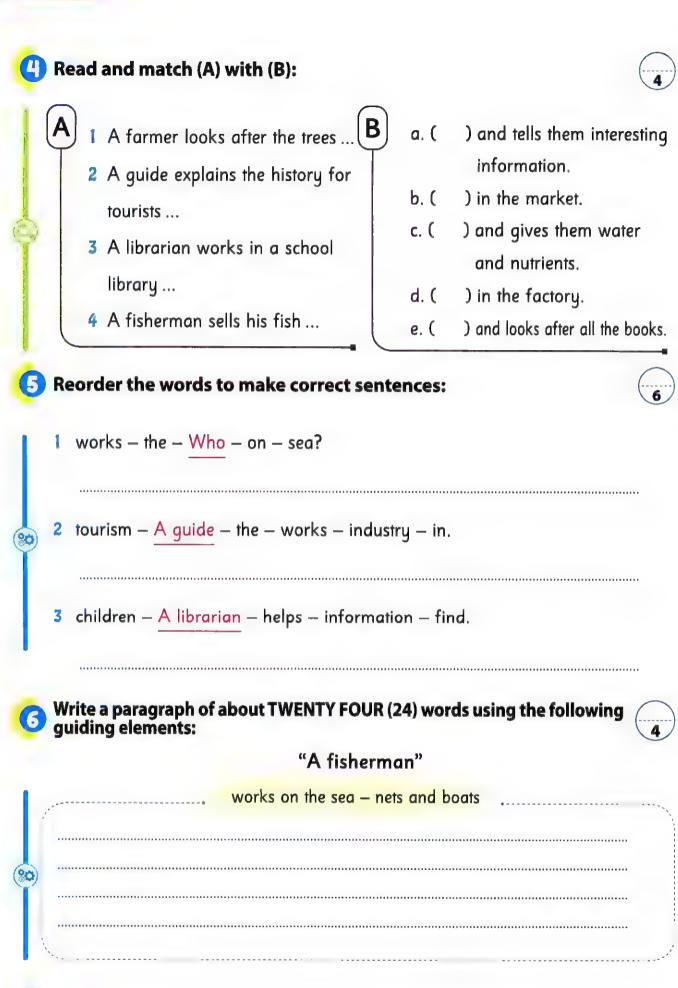


Lesson 1



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

0	Li	sten and write ((True) or (False):			4	
Ī	1 My dad is a farmer.						
	2	2 My dad wakes up very late every day.					
Ī	3 My dad sells the fish at the market.						
,	4 My dad's fish go to restaurants and homes all over the world.						
2	C	hoose the corre	ct answer from a, b, o	c, or d:		4	
es es	1	Fishermen use .	to catch f	ish.			
ı		a) hotels	b) trees	c) nets	d) animals		
ı	2	Tourism industry r	needs				
4		a) teachers	b) transportation	c) libraries	d) factories	S	
Ĭ	3 Teachers work in the industry.						
ı		a) farming	b) tourism	c) education	d) fishing		
ı	4	A farmer sends	the fruit to the	to make ora	nge juice.		
		a) hotel	b) library	c) sea	d) factory		
3	R	ead and comple	ete the text with the v	words in the box:		3	
			for — factory — at	iter — oranges			







Lesson 2 Science





Story



Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

Main vocabulary				
mango tree	شجرة المانجو	renewable	متجدد	
non-renewable	غیر متجدد	beautiful (adj.)	جميل	
next to	بجوار / بجانب	children	أطفال	
money	نقود	wood	خشب	
window	نافذة	seed	بذرة	
electricity	كهرباء	sources	مصادر	

Conjugation of verbs الأمعال

R	legular verbs			أفعــال منتظمــة		
Present		Past	Present		Past	
play	يلعب	played	need	يحتاج	needed	
look	ينظر	looked	plant	يزرع	planted	
ir	regular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة		
Present		Past	Present		Past	
have	يمتلك	had	eat	يأكل	ate	
say	يقول	said	cut	يقطع	cut	
sell	یبع	sold	give	يعطى	gave	

Expressions and Phrases

under the tree	تحت الشجرة	cut down a tree	يقطع شجرة
grow bigger	ينمو ويصبح أكبر	look out of the window	ينظر من الشباك
no more wood	لا مزيد من الخشب	don't worry	لا تقلق
grow into	ينمو ليصبح	run out	ينفد

Two Mango Trees

شجرتا مانجو



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

The beginning

Sara and Malak are sisters. Each (1) sister had a beautiful mango tree next to her house. Every year (2), the sisters ate beautiful mangoes. Their children played under



The middle

the trees.

One day, Malak said, "I don't need mangoes. I need money. Let's cut down my tree. I can sell the wood." She cut the tree and she sold the wood. Malak was happy. Next year, Sara's mango tree grew bigger and bigger. It gave Sara more mangoes.



The end

Malak looked out of the window. There was no mango tree. She had no mangoes and no more wood. "Don't worry," said Sara. "Plant this mango seed and it will grow into a big (3) tree."



Check point

- What did Sara and Malak have?
- Why does Malak cut down the mango tree?



- سارة وملك أختان. كل أخت لديها شجرة مانجو جميلة بجوار منزلها، كل عام، الأختان تأكلان مانجو جميلة، يلعب أطفالهم تحت الأشجار. قالت ملك ذات يوم: «لست بحاجة إلى مانجو. أحتاج للمال. دعونا نقطع شجريّ. يمكنني بيع الخشب». قطعت الشجرة وياعت الخشب، كانت ملك سعيدة. في العامر المقبل، نمت شجرة المانجو الخاصة بسارة بشكل أكبر
 - نظرت ملك من النافذة. لم يكن هناك شجرة مانجو. لم يكن لديها مانجو ولم يعد لديها خشب. قالت سارة: «لا تقلقي»، «ازرعي بذور المانجو هذه، وسوف تنه



Different energy sources

مصادر الطاقة المختلفة



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، اشر وقل:

Energy sources





oil



wave energy



coal



solar energy الطاقة الشمسة

wind er

طاقة الأمواج

wind energy طاقة الرياح

gas

غاز

Renewable energy sources

مصادر الطاقة المتجددة

wave energy solar energy

wind energy

Non-renewable energy sources

مصادر الطاقة غير المتجددة

oil

coal

gas



Definitions

renewable

can grow again or never run out

متجدد؛ يمكن أن ينمو مرة أخرى أو لا ينفد أبدًا



Lesson 2



• Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

1	1 Listen and write (True) or (False):	4		
	1 Sara and Malak are friends.	()		
J	2 Malak cut the tree and she sold the wood.	()		
f	3 Next year, Malak had a new mango tree.	()		
) :	4 She had no mangoes and no more wood.	()		
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	(- <u>4</u>)		
Ī	1 You need to cut down the to get wood.			
	a) seeds b) houses c) trees	d) money		
	2 Coal and oil are energy sources.			
	a) renewable b) non-renewable c) new	d) old		
9	Malak needed, so she sold her tree.			
	a) mangoes b) sisters c) money	d) windows		
	4is a renewable energy source.			
	a) Solar energy b) Coal c) Oil	d) Gas		
	Read and match (A) with (B):	4		
	A 1 Let's cut down the tree B a. () and no	more wood.		
ı	2 Malak had no manages	I the wood.		
c. () non-renewable				
	3 Gas and coal are			
	6 Wind operational solar anarous are	ore wood.		
	e. () renewab	le energy sources.		

Read the text and answer the questions:



Ali and Waleed are brothers. Each brother had a beautiful mango tree next to his house. The brothers ate beautiful mangoes and their children played under the trees. One day, Waleed decided to sell his tree because he needed money. He cut the wood and sold it. Waleed was happy. Next year, Ali's mango tree grew bigger and bigger. It gave Ali more mangoes. Waleed looked out of the window. There was no mango tree. He had no mangoes and no more wood. Ali helped Waleed plant a mango seed to grow into a big tree.

Choose t	the serve	at ward	from a	h a	والم ورم
Choose 1	tne corre	ect word	trom a,	D. C.	or a:

1	Ali and	Waleed	are	***************************************	•
---	---------	--------	-----	---	---

- All dild vvdieed die
 - a) sisters b) friends
- c) classmates d) brothers
- 2 Ali and Waleed each had a beautifultree next to his house.
- a) orange b) banana
- c) mango d) strawberry

Answer the following questions:

- 3 What did Waleed decide to do?
- 4 How did Ali help Waleed?

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



1 the - ate - mangoes - Every year, - sisters - beautiful.

2 next to - my - house - I - had - a mango - tree.

3 energy — Solar energy — source — is — renewable — a.

6 Punctuate the following:



sara's mango tree grew bigger and bigger





Lesson 3





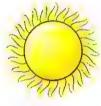
Story



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، اشر وقل:

Main vocabulary









شمس sun

عشرة ten

سمكة fish

شاحنة van

Extra vocabulary

village	قرية	fresh (adj.)	طازج	disappointed (adj.)	محبَط
mechanic	میکانیک	engine	محرك	simple (adj.)	بسيط
problem	مشكلة	surprised (adj.)	مندهش	sound	صوت

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

,	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
shout	يصيح	shouted	start	ايبدا	started
fix	يصلح	fixed	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	Irregular verbs		·	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
drive	يقود	drove	get	يحصل على	got
teach	يُعَلِّم	taught	hear	يسمع	ĥeard

Expressions and Phrases

have fun	يستمتع	come and get	تعالَ واحصل على
start his van	يشغل شاحنته	all about	کل شیء عن

Vocabulary check

معظم الكلمات تجمع بإضافة حرف "ء" لكن هناك بعض الكلمات لا تجمع بإضافة "ء" مثل:

Singular	Plural	Singular	Plural
fish	fish	man	men



Let's say it right!

لاحظ أن حرف الـ (g) ينطق (dʒ) (دج) كما في (village /engine).



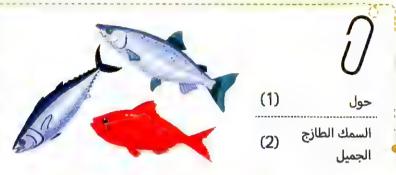
Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

شاحنة السمك الطازج Fresh Fish Van

The beginning

There's an old fisherman in my village. He drives around⁽¹⁾ the village in an old van. He likes his job. He has fun. He shouts, "Fish! Fresh fish! Come and get your lovely fresh fish⁽²⁾."



The middle

One day, he was in front of my house. He couldn't start his van. He was sad and disappointed. My mom saw the man. It was hot in the sun. She wanted to help. Mom's dad (my grandpa⁽³⁾) was



a mechanic. He taught her all about cars. She looked at the old van's engine. "It is a very simple problem. I can fix it," said Mom. The old fisherman was surprised.

The end

Then, we heard the sound of the engine. His van was fixed (4)! "Thank you," the fisherman said. He gave Mom ten fresh fish.



(4)

(3)

تم اصلاحما

Check point

What does the old man sell?

SB

Why was the old man sad and disappointed?

SB

الترجمة:

- ه هناك صياد عجوز في قريتي. يقود سيارته حول القرية في شاحنة قديمة. هو يحب عمله. يستمتع بعمله. يصيح قائلًا: "السمك! السمك الطازج! تعال واحصل على أسماكك الطازجة الرائعة". • ذات يوم، كان أمام منزلي، لمر يستطع تشغيل شاحنته. كان حزينًا ومحبطًا. رأت أمي الرجل. كان الجو حازًا في الشمس. أرادت المساعدة. كان والد أمي (جدي) ميكانيكيًّا، علمها كل شيء
 - عن السيارات. نظرت إلى محرك الشاحنة القديمة. "إنها مشكلة بسيطة للغاية." قالت أمي. كان الصياد العجوز مندهشًا.





Listen and say:

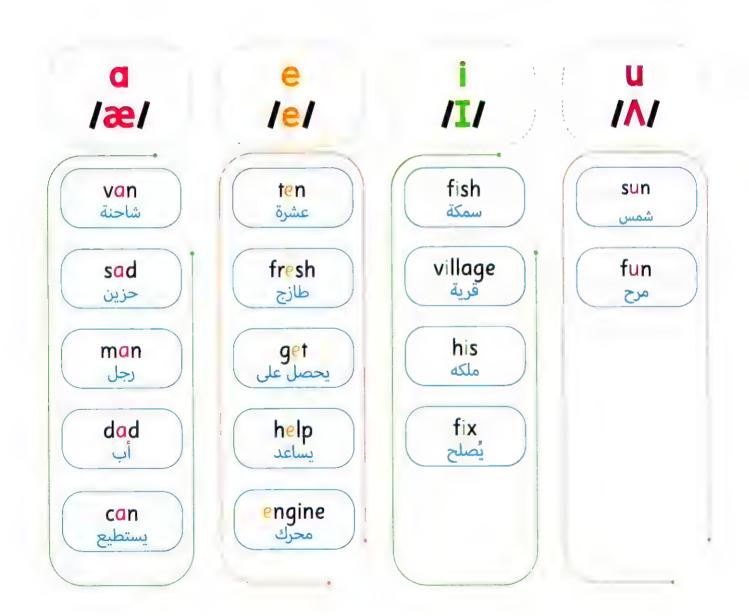
استمع وقل:

Short vowels:

الحروف المتحركة القصيرة:

The vowel sounds are pronounced in short form.

يتم نطق الحروف المتحركة في شكل قصير.





Look, read, and notice:

انظر، اقرأ ولاحظ:

The prefix "dis-" means "not". It's added to the beginning of a word to give it the opposite meaning.

البادئة "-dis" تعني "لا"،

e.g. dis + agree = disagree disagree = not agree



للنفي



disagree لا يتفق

disappear



disappointed

بختفي

مُحبَط



dislike

لايحب



disobey

يعصي



Prime Numbers

الأعداد الأولية



Read and notice:

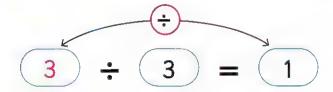
اقرأ ولاحظ:

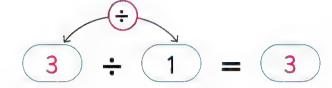
A prime number is a number you can divide only by itself and 1.

الرقم الأولى هو رقم لا يمكنك قسمته إلا على نفسه و ١.

e.g. 2,3,5,etc.

مثل ۲، ۳، ۵





e.g. • 57

$$57 \div 57 = 1 \longrightarrow 57 \div 1 = 57$$

(57) is a prime number.

. 44

$$44 \div 1 = 44 \longrightarrow 44 \div 11 = 4 \longrightarrow 44 \div 2 = 22$$
 (44) is not a prime number.



I can find it out!

- The smallest prime numbers are (2 - 3 - 5 - 7 - 11 - 13 - 17 - 19 - 23 and 29).

- (1) isn't a prime number because it can only be divided by one number which is itself.

(1) ليس عددًا أوليًّا لأنه لا يمكن تقسيمه إلا على رقم واحد وهو نفسه.



Lesson 3



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

0	Listen	and write	(True)	or (Fal:	se):
---	--------	-----------	--------	----------	------

	/		1
(-
1	4	۱	/

I There's an old fisherman in my village.	(
---	---

2 He drives around the village on an old bike.	()
--	---	---

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



help - fresh - engine - fish

Read and match (A) with (B):



- $oldsymbol{A}$ 1 The boy is disappointed.
 - 2 The fisherman couldn't start his van.
 - 3 The fisherman sells ...
 - 4 I'm sorry because ...

- **B** a. () He was sad and disappointed.
 - b. () I disobeyed my mom.



- d. () He didn't pass the test.
- e. () fresh fish.

Read the text and answer the questions:



d) fresh

There was an old fisherman who liked his job. He drove around the village in an old van. One day, he couldn't start his van. He was sad and disappointed. My grandpa saw the man. It was hot in the sun. He wanted to help. He looked at the old van's engine. It was a very simple problem. He fixed the engine. The fisherman was surprised and happy. He gave my grandpa ten fresh fish.

Choose th	he correct	word from	a, b, c,	or d:
-----------	------------	-----------	----------	-------

The fisherman was	because	he	couldn't	start hi	s vo	ın.
-------------------	---------	----	----------	----------	------	-----

- a) sad b) surprised c) happy
- 2 The word "simple" means
 - a) hard b) big c) easy d) young

Answer the following questions:

- 3 Who fixed the van?
- 4 Why was the fisherman happy at the end?

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



- $\frac{1}{1}$ couldn't $\frac{1}{1}$ van $\frac{1}{1}$ his $\frac{1}{1}$ e start.
-
- 2 an old my There's village fisherman in.
- 3 ten gave my mom fish fresh He.

Punctuate the following:



it's a very simple problem



Lessons 4 & 5





Writing

Writing about your job الكتابة عن وظيفتك



Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

Vocabulary						
the best	الأقضل	different (adj.)	مختلف	surprising (adj.)	مفاجئ	
questions	أسئلة	patient (adj.)	صبور	hard (adj.)	صعب	
exciting (adj.)	شيق	quickly	بسرعة	ready (adj.)	مستعيد	

تمريث الأمعال Conjugation of verbs

Re	gular verbs		أفعيال منتظمية
Present	Past	Present	Past
ask	يسأل asked	encourage	encouraged يشجع
Irre	egular verbs	'	أفعال غير منتظمة
Present	Past	Present	Past
teach	taught بدرس	know	knew يعرف

Expressions and Phrases

work for many hours يعمل نساعات طويلة ready to learn



انظر واقرأ:

What are the good and bad things about being a teacher? ما هم الأشياء الجيدة والسيئة فم كونك مدرسًا؟

When people ask me, "What do you want to do?" I answer: "I want to be a teacher.

For me, it's the best job in the world".

For a teacher, every day is different⁽¹⁾.

Students⁽²⁾ always ask surprising questions. A teacher can change⁽³⁾ their students' lives so teachers need to be very patient. They work for many hours every day. It's hard work, but it's exciting.

Teachers need to think quickly. They need to encourage their students.

A good teacher is always ready to learn. Teachers teach their students, but students also teach their teachers. Everyone in the class knows (4) different things.



(1)	مختلف
(2)	طلاب
(3)	يغير
(4)	ىعىڧ

الترجمة

• عندما يسألني الناس،" ماذا تريد أن تعمل؟" فأجيب: " أنا أريد أن أصبح معلمًا، بالنسبة لي، إنها أفضل وظيفة في العالم.".

ه بالنسبة للمعلّم، كل يومر مختلف، يسأل الطلاب دائمًا أسئلة مفاجئة. يمكن للمعلم أن يغير حياة طلابه لذلك يحتاج المعلمون أن يكونوا صبورين للغاية، إنهم يعملون لساعات عديدة كل يومر، إنه عمل شاق، لكنه شيق.

يورة إلى التفكير بسرعة، إنهم بحاجة إلى تشجيع طلابهم، المعلم الجيد مستعد دائمًا للتعلم، يقوم المعلمون بتعليم طلابهم، ولكن الطلاب يقومون أيضًا بتعليم معلميهم كل. فيد في المصل بعدف أشناء مختلفة.

Things a good teacher should do ... Why I want to be a teacher ... أشياء يجب أن يفعلها المعلم الجيد ... الماذا أريد أن أصبح مدرسًا ... 1 Teachers need to be very patient. I Every day is different. يحتاج المعلمون أن يكونوا صبورين للغاية. كل يوم مختلف. 2 Teachers need to think quickly. 2 Students always ask surprising questions. بسأل الطلاب دائمًا أسئلة مفاحئة. يحتاج المعلمون إلى التفكير بسرعة، 3 A teacher can change their students' 3 They need to encourage their students. lives. إنهم بحاجة إلى تشجيع طلابهم. يمكن للمعلم أن يغير حياة طلايه، 4 A good teacher is always ready to learn. 4 It's hard work, but it's exciting. المعلم الجيد مستعد دائمًا للتعلم، إنه عمل شاق ، لكنه شيق 5 Students teach their teachers. Everyone in the class knows different things.

Check point

مختلفة.

الطلاب يقومون بتعليم معلميهم. كل فرد في الفصل يعرف أشياء

1	How is every day different for a teacher?
2	Is being a teacher an important job? Why?



ما هو "الاحترام"؟ ?"ما هو "الاحترام"



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Think. How do we show respect(2) to the people around us?

فكر، كيف نظهر الاحترام لمن حولنا؟



I respect the cleaner⁽³⁾.

I don't throw trash⁽⁴⁾.

أنا أحترم عامل النظافة. أنا لا أرمى القمامة،

How to show respect

I respect the teacher.

I listen to him carefully⁽⁵⁾.

أنا أحترم المعلم، أستمع إليه بعناية،



I respect the bus driver.

I say thank you when I get off the bus(6).

أنا أحترم سائق الأتوبيس. أقول شكرًا لك عندما أنزل من الأتوبيس.



I respect the librarian. I put my books back on the shelf ⁽⁷⁾. أنا أحترم أمين المكتبة، أضع كتبي على الرف.

احترام (1)		يظهر الاحترام ⁽²⁾	++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	عامل النظافة ⁽³⁾	ر قمـامة ⁽⁴⁾
باهتمام ⁽⁵⁾	the production of the same of	ينزل من الأتوبيس ⁽⁶⁾	***************************************	رف ⁽⁷⁾	



Lessons 4 & 5



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

	1 Listen and write (True) or (False):	4
	1 Students always ask surprising questions.	(
	2 Teachers need to be patient.	(
Ĭ	3 Teachers don't need to learn.	(
	4 Everyone in the class knows different things	(

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



change - surprising - hard - patient

Read and match (A) with (B):



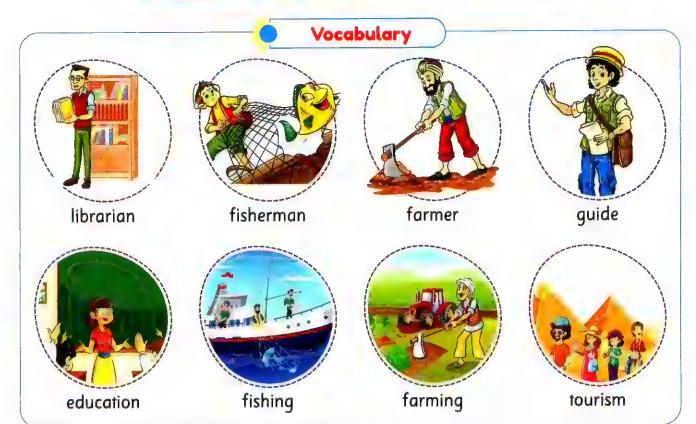
- $oxed{\mathsf{A}}$ 1 I respect the cleaner.
 - 2 A teacher can change ...
 - 3 Teachers work for ...
 - 4 I want to be a teacher ...

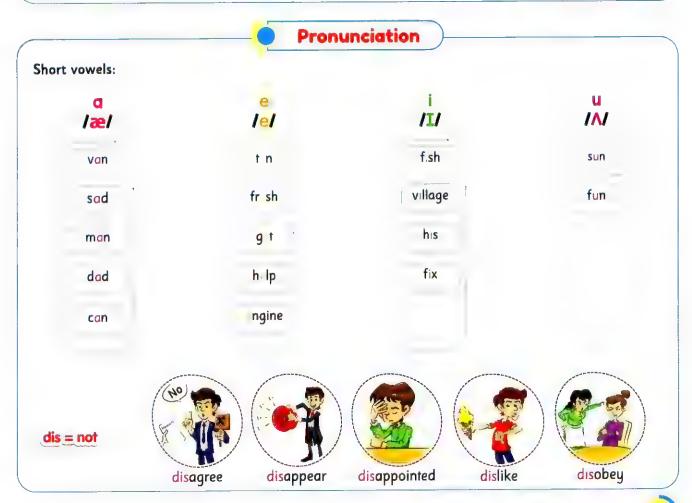
- **3**) a. () because every day is different.
 - b. () two hours a day.
 - c. () their students' lives.
 - d. () I don't throw trash.
 - e. () many hours every day.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences: you - to - What - do - want - do?ask-always-surprising-Students-questions.3 my - the shelf -I - books - back - put - on. Punctuate the following: what should a good teacher do Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following guiding elements: "Being a teacher" Why I want to be a teacher - Things a good teacher should do



REVIEW









Lesson 1			
	التعليم		مزارع
	الصيد	4**************************************	مرشد
	صیاد سمك		الزراعة
	السياحة	***************************************	أمين مكتبة

Lesson 2		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	مصادر الطاقة المتجددة	 مصادر الطاقة غير المتجددة
	الطاقة الشمسية	 الفحمر
	طاقة الرياح	 البترول
	طاقة الأمواج	 الغاز الطبيعي
	جميل	 شجرة مانجو
	خشب	 أطفال

Lesson 3			
	عشرة		سمك
	شاحنة		شمس
	رجل		حزين
	يستطيع		أب
	يحصل على		طازج
	محرك		يساعد
	مرح		يصلح
***************************************	غير موافق	***************************************	يعصى

WRITING TIME



How to write about a job:

Answer these questions:

- 1 What is your job?
- 2 What do you do?
- 3 What are the difficult things in this job?

"A farmer"

(grow - pick)

I'm a farmer. I grow oranges. All year, I look after the trees and I give them water and nutrients. Then, I pick the fruit. I send a lot of the fruit to the factory to make orange juice. I also sell some of my oranges to the supermarket.

How to write about industries and things connected to them:

- 1 مقدمة للموضوع (An industry needs a number of things to work well).
- اسم الصناعة) industry needs
 مكونات الصناعة).
- اسم صناعه أخرى) industry needs
 مكونات الصناعة).

"Different Industries"

(Farming - Tourism)

An industry needs a number of things to work well. Farming industry needs animals and trees. Fishing industry needs nets and boats. Tourism industry needs hotels and transportation.

Education industry needs teachers and libraries.

How to write about a job you want to do:

- [اسم الوظيفة) I want to be
- 2 I want to be (اسم الوظيفة) because
 أسباب العمل بتلك الوظيفة).
- 3 A good (اسم الوظيفة) should (مهام يجب القيام بها).

"A job you want to do" (teacher - patient)

I want to be a teacher. I want to be a teacher because every day is different. Students always ask surprising questions. A teacher can change their students' lives. A good teacher should be very patient. Teachers need to think quickly. A good teacher is always ready to learn.



STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

Look and write:

education - farming - fishing - tourism









Look and write. Which industry are the words connected to?

animals - teachers - hotels - nets - transportation - library - trees - boats

Farming

Fishing

Tourism

Education

Look and write. Complete the sentences:

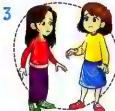
disagree – disappeared – disappointed – dislikes – disobeyed



The boy is He didn't pass the test.



She ice-cream.



These friends

......



I'm sorry because The rabbit

I my mom.



..... from

the hat.



Test yoursell 30





		O O LIS	tening		
0	Listen and write (True) or (False):			4
1	Seleem is a fishern	nan.			()
2	He grows oranges.				()
3	He gives the trees j				()
4	He sends a lot of f	ruit to the factory.			()
		Re	ading		
2	Choose the corre	ct answer from a	b, c, or	d:	
1	The	looks after all the	books.		
	a) guide	b) farmer	c)	librarian	d) fisherman
2	indu	stry needs teachers	and libi	raries.	
	a) Farming			3	d) Tourism
3	is a				12.0
	a) Wave energy			Wind energy	d) Coal
4	Teachers need to b			auick	d) different
	a) disappointed	b) pallerii	C)	quick	u) uniterent
3	Read and comple	te the text with t	he word	ls in the box:	3
		librarian — nutrie	nts — farn	ning – history	
Α	ll jobs are important	. The school	(1) le	ooks after the l	pooks in the library.
					.(2) The guide
ex	cplains(3)	to tourists. The fish	erman go	es out on his b	oat and catches fish.
4	Read and match (, (4)
1	\triangle		B a. ()	
(A 1 Mango seed	is can			e energy source.
	2 Color operation	ie	b. () I grow oran	
	2 Solar energy	13	c. () are non-ren	ewable energy
	3 A guide			sources.	
			d. () grow into a	bigger tree.
	4 Oil and coa	l	e. () works in the	e tourism industru.

Mu name is Hussein Mu unale is a fisherman. He walkes un versu and a second des Mu
My name is Hussein. My uncle is a fisherman. He wakes up very early every day. <u>He</u> catches a lot of lovely fresh fish. In the afternoon, my uncle goes home with a lot of fish.
He sells some fish at the market. He cooks some fish and eats his lunch. My uncle likes his
job because it's fun. I want to be a fisherman when I grow up. 2022 يارة السيسة رسب التعليمية 2022
Choose the correct word from a, b, c, or d:
1 My uncle is a/an
a) fisherman b) engineer c) teacher d) farmer
2 The underlined pronoun "He" refers to
Answer the following questions:
3 What does Hussein want to be when he grows up?
4 Summarize the text in two sentences.
Writing
6 Reorder the words to make correct sentences:
1 a - want - librarian - I - be - to.
2 being $-\underline{Is}$ – job – a teacher – important – an?
3 works — The teacher — in — the — education — industry.
Punctuate the following:
I m a fisherman
Write a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR (24) words using the following
guiding elements:
"A librarian"
Where does he work? a school library What does he do? helps children find information
Triul does he do: helps children tilld illionidilon
Assess your : <50% 50:64% 65:84% 85:100%

Study again

Practice more

Well done!

Read and complete the dialog:

information -	quide -	history

Reem : Do you like being a?

Mr Hany: Yes, I do. I learn a lot about

Reem: Yes, and you can tell the tourists interesting, too.

Read and choose the correct answer:

My father is a fisherman; he works in the fishing industry. He wakes up early and goes out on his boat to catch fish. My uncle is a farmer; he works in the farming industry. He looks after the trees and gives them water and nutrients. My brother is a guide. He works in the tourism industry.

- 1 The (farmer fisherman engineer) works on a boat.
- 2 My (father uncle brother) is a farmer.
- 3 The farmer looks after (trees wood tourists).
- 4 The farmer works in the (education tourism farming) industry.
- 5 The (quide farmer fisherman) tells the tourists lots of interesting information.

Rearrange the following:

- i help find Librarians children information.
- 2 fisherman surprised old The was.
- 3 works The guide the tourism industry in.
-
- 4 source Wave energy a renewable is energy.

DECEMBER MONTHLY TEST







	tening
1 Listen and write (True) or (False):	4
I Sama loved to experiment.	
2 She was very curious.	()
3 She always carried a doll when she w	vas a child. ()
4 Now, she is an electrician.	()
Rec	ading
2 Choose the correct answer from a,	b, c, or d:
1 are my parcels.	
) This d) That
2 A connect pipes and	
a) mechanic b) driver c	
3 My sister doesn't like sweet things.	
a) disobeys b) dislikes c	
4 I respect the cleaner. I don't	
a) throwing b) throws) threw d) throw
Read and complete the text with the second complete the text with the second complete the text with the second complete the second complete the text with the second complete the secon	ne words in the box:
drivers – carriers	— teacher — mechanic
Mail(1) deliver letters and p schools. When the bus breaks, the bus of	veryone in our community helps each other. arcels. Bus(2) drive students to driver needs the(3) to fix the bus be garbage to keep our city clean and nice.
(A) Read and match (A) with (B):	4
Coal, oil, and gas	a. () are non-renewable sources.
2 Don't touch anything electrical	b. () She woks in a school library.
	c. () are fruits and vegetables.
3 My mom is a librarian	d. () with wet hands.
	d. C) will wel flatias.
4 I respect the teacher.	e. () I listen to him carefully.

Rea	d the text and answer the questions	•	4	
exciti I med	name is Hany. I am a tourist guide. I wo ng job and has a lot of fun. I visit lots o et a lot of tourists. I travel a lot and I meet en a lot about history. I walk, stand, and	f amazing places new people fror	s and monuments. m all over the world.	
0	Choose the correct word from a, b,	c, or d:		
1	Hany is a			
	a) guide b) teacher c) doctor	d) mail carrier	
2	A guide learns a lot about) history	d) English	
	a) science b) ground c	nisiory	d) English	
	Answer the following questions:	2		
	Do you think Hany likes his job? Why			
4	Summarize the general idea of the text		S	
	Writing			
6 Rec	order the words to make correct sent	ences:	6	
1 in -	- My aunt — a mail — is — carrier — Amer	rica.		
2 like	– <u>Do</u> – people – you – helping?			
3 the	factory - send - fruits - Farmers - a lo	t of – to.		
Pur	actuate the following:		(
Do you	love to experiment Lara			
(3) Wri	te a paragraph of about TWENTY FOUR ()	24) words using	the following 4	
	"The pros and cons of being	g a mail carrie	r"	
and the second	heavy bag — exe	rcise	,	

,,,,,,,,				
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				

TAPE SCRIPTS



UNIT 1

Practice on Lesson 1

Yesterday, Hana and her mom made lunch in the kitchen. They cooked some special food. They cooked rice, potatoes, and chicken. They had bananas and mangoes after lunch. The food was very delicious. Hana was very happy.

Practice on Lesson 2

My name is Amr. I do a lot of sports at school. On the weekend, I walk to my grandma's house with my family. I don't eat candy, but I like to eat fruits. My favorite fruits are apples and bananas. My mom makes us an awesome banana milkshake.

Practice on Lesson 3

Yesterday, I read a story about an emperor who lived in a nice palace. He said "There will be a competition to choose the next emperor." He gave a seed to each gardener and the one who could grow the most beautiful plant, he would be the next emperor.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

The land in Damietta governorate is rich in nutrients.

The farmers can grow rice, tomatoes, potatoes, wheat,
lemons, grapes, and guavas. Fishermen catch thousands
of fish in the sea. Life is good in Damietta!

Test Yourself

My name is Talia. I think I'm healthy. I do a lot of sports. On the weekend, I walk to my grandma's house with my family. I like walking because I can talk to my mom and dad. We can see the different houses and shops.

Al-Azhar Corner

You should do a lot of sports. You should eat fruits and vegetables. You should drink more water.

UNIT 2

Practice on Lesson 1

There are a lot of animals that live in our country. The crocodile is huge and scary. The spider is scarier, but it is very helpful. Farmers like spiders because they eat insects.

Practice on Lesson 2

Camels are perfect for the desert as they have large, flat feet so they can walk on the sand. They can also live without water for a long time. Camels have special ways to close their noses and eyes to stop the sand from coming in.

Practice on Lesson 3

Yesterday, I read a story about a pelican and a bear. They were very hungry. They were in the river and they saw a big, juicy fish. The bear was stronger than the pelican, but it was kinder than all other bears. it gave the fish to the pelican.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

The fennec fox lives in the deserts of North Africa. It is smaller than other foxes. Its ears are really big! The fennec fox needs big ears to hear insects and small animals. It eats insects, lizards, and small mice.

Test Yourself

Rhim gazelles look very beautiful. They live in the Sahara Desert, and they walk around looking for grass, leaves, and plants to eat. They have big ears and long horns. They have yellow-white coats which protect them from the sun.

October Monthly Test

The land in Damietta governorate is rich in nutrients. The farmers can grow rice, tomatoes, potatoes, wheat, lemons, grapes, and guavas. Fishermen catch thousands of fish in the sea. Cows, goats, and sheep live in Damietta governorate, too.

UNIT 3

Practice on Lesson 1

Today, I read about the germination process. We put a seed in the soil. The seed needs water to grow. The seed grows roots under the soil. Then it grows a shoot. A shoot grows taller to have leaves. Finally, the plant grows flowers and fruits.

Practice on Lesson 2

There are different plant habitats. The framers work at the agriculture habitats. They grow food for us. There are some plants that grow near rivers or lakes. These plants need a lot of water. The plants that live in the desert don't need a lot of water.

Practice on Lesson 3

Lama lives on a farm in Egypt. It is a very special farm. Her parents work hard and they plant lots of foods and fruits. Lama likes living on the farm. She doesn't like the city. She doesn't like the polluted air and the noise.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

To plant a sunflower, first, you plant the sunflower seed in the soil. You put it in sunlight and water it. Next, the seed germinates and it starts to grow roots under the soil. After that, the shoot grows above the soil. After about 4 months, it opens and faces the sun.

Test Yourself

Papyrus is a very special plant. It is famous because

Ancient Egyptians used papyrus to make paper.

They also made sandals and baskets from papyrus.

Papyrus needs a lot of water and warm weather to grow quickly. It grows in the Nile Delta near the river.

Al-Azhar Corner

Papyrus is a very special plant. It is famous because

Ancient Egyptians used papyrus to make paper.

They also made sandals and baskets from papyrus.

UNIT 4

Practice on Lesson 1

My name is Hossam. I moved to a new apartment last month. It is fantastic. My favorite room is my bedroom. I can relax and do my homework quietly. We have a big balcony, too. I can see the whole street.

Practice on Lesson 2

My name is Omnia. I live in a town next to the Nile. I live in a house with my family. I live in a big house. There is a post office next to my house. Behind the post office, there is a school where I learn.

Practice on Lesson 3

I'm Khaled. I live in a small town. It's a good place to live in. I walk to school every day. My school is next to the post office. There's a hospital in front of my school. I really love my town.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

Hi, I'm Omar. I live in a city called Hurghada. It is in the east of Egypt on the Red Sea. It's a big city and about 190,000 people live here. In Hurghada, there is a beach and there are lots of interesting things to do.

Test Yourself

This is Nada. She works at the supermarket near my house. My family and I see her every week when we buy food. Nada checks the food is fresh. She helps us when we can't find something. She is very kind and happy.

November Monthly Test

My name is Hazem. I live on a farm in Egypt. I live with my family. We plant millions of seeds. We grow many fruits like oranges and lemons. We grow also many vegetables like potatoes and onions. I don't like to live in the city. I don't like the polluted air.

UNIT 5

Practice on Lesson 1

I'm Amr. I'm a plumber. Sometimes, it's wet and messy because I have to fix pipes and faucets. I love being a plumber because I like being able to help people when they have a big problem. People are always pleased to see the plumber.

Practice on Lesson 2

Amira is an electrician. She studied and practiced for three years before she became an electrician. She knows how to work safely with electricity. She never touches anything electrical with wet hands. She never puts anything into a socket; she only uses plugs.

Practice on Lesson 3

My name is Ola. When I was a baby, I played with blocks. I put one block on the top of another. When I was older. I started making things. I made a little house for my dog and a bed for my sister's doll.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

My uncle is a mail carrier in Egypt. He is outside all day. It's not fun when the weather is very hot or cold. He walks all day and gets a lot of exercise. He wakes up very early. He starts work at 6 o'clock in the morning.

Test Yourself

There are some pros and cons of being a mail carrier. Mail carriers work outside all day. It's true that mail carriers walk all day and get a lot of exercise. But they carry heavy mail bags as well. They wake up very early.

UNIT 6

Practice on Lesson 1

My dad is a fisherman. He wakes up very early every day. He goes out on his boat and catches fish. He comes back in the afternoon and sells the fish at the market. My dad's fish go to restaurants and homes all over the world.

Practice on Lesson 2

Sara and Malak are sisters. Each sister had a beautiful mango tree. One day, Malak cut the tree and she sold the wood. Malak was happy. Next year, Malak looked out of the window. There was no mango tree. She had no mangoes and no more wood.

Practice on Lesson 3

There's an old fisherman in my village. He drives around the village in an old van. He likes his job. He has fun. He

shouts, "Fish! Fresh fish! Come and get your lovely fresh fish." Everyone in the village likes his fresh fish.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

There are good and bad things about being a teacher. Students always ask surprising questions. A good teacher is always ready to learn. A teacher needs to be very patient. Teachers teach their students, but students also teach their teachers. Everyone in the class knows different things.

Test Yourself

Seleem is a farmer. He grows oranges. All year, he looks after the trees and he gives them water and nutrients. Then, he picks the fruit. H sends a lot of the fruit to the factory to make orange juice.

December Monthly test

My name is Sama. When I was a child I loved to experiment. I was very curious. I always carried a screwdriver and I opened old radios, cell phones, and anything that had electricity. Now I work as an electrician.